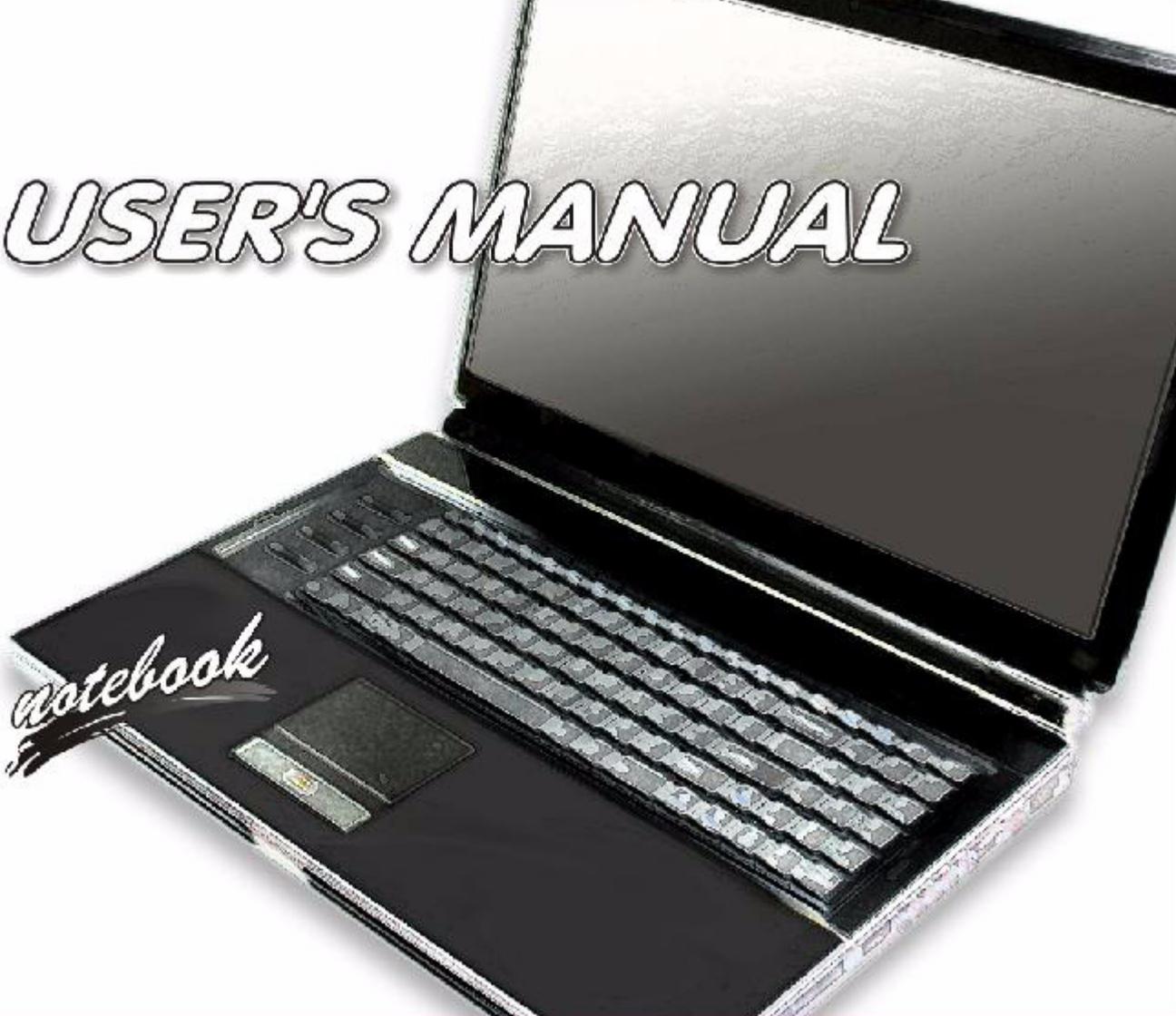


USER'S MANUAL

notebook



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FCC Statement (Federal Communications Commission)

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Re orient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the service representative or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause interference.

And

2. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.



Warning

Use only shielded cables to connect I/O devices to this equipment. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer for compliance with the above standards could void your authority to operate the equipment.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Follow basic safety precautions, including those listed below, to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, and injury to persons when using any electrical equipment:

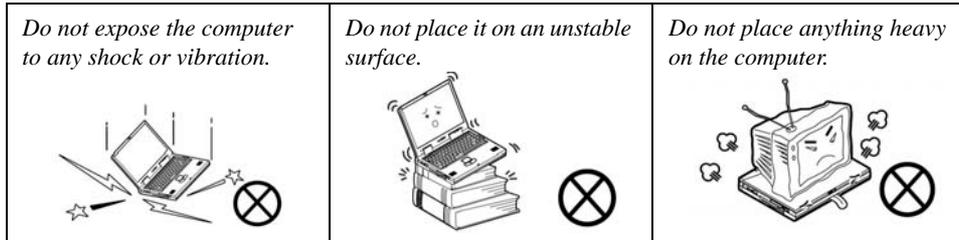
1. Do not use this product near water, for example near a bath tub, wash bowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
2. Avoid using this equipment with a telephone line (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electrical shock from lightning.
3. Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
4. Use only the power cord and batteries indicated in this manual. Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. They may explode. Check with local codes for possible special disposal instructions.
5. This product is intended to be supplied by a Listed Power Unit (Full Range AC/DC Adapter - AC Input 100 - 240V, 50 - 60Hz/ DC Output 19V, 11.6A or 19V, 12.2A (**220W**) minimum).

This Computer's Optical Device is a Laser Class 1 Product

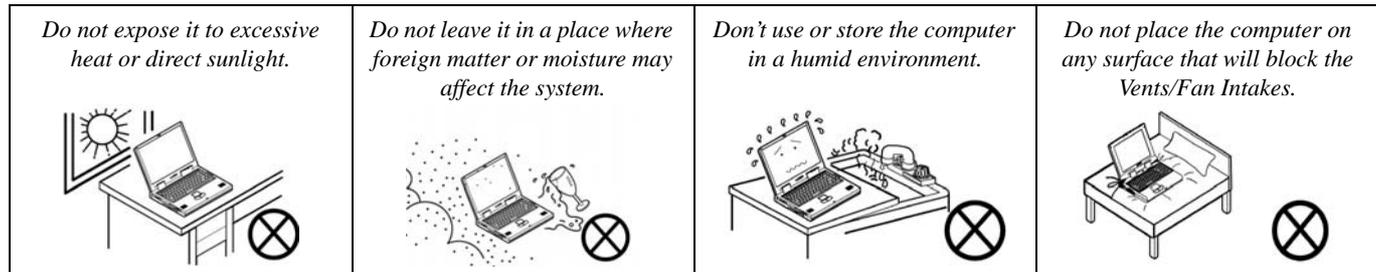
Instructions for Care and Operation

The notebook computer is quite rugged, but it can be damaged. To prevent this, follow these suggestions:

1. **Don't drop it, or expose it to shock.** If the computer falls, the case and the components could be damaged.



2. **Keep it dry, and don't overheat it.** Keep the computer and power supply away from any kind of heating element. This is an electrical appliance. If water or any other liquid gets into it, the computer could be badly damaged.

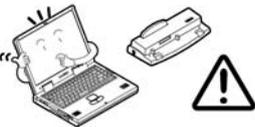
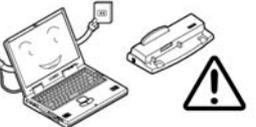


Preface

- Avoid interference.** Keep the computer away from high capacity transformers, electric motors, and other strong magnetic fields. These can hinder proper performance and damage your data.
- Follow the proper working procedures for the computer.** Shut the computer down properly and don't forget to save your work. Remember to periodically save your data as data may be lost if the battery is depleted.

<p><i>Do not turn off the power until you properly shut down all programs.</i></p> 	<p><i>Do not turn off any peripheral devices when the computer is on.</i></p> 	<p><i>Do not disassemble the computer by yourself.</i></p> 	<p><i>Perform routine maintenance on your computer.</i></p> 
--	---	---	---

- Take care when using peripheral devices.**

<p><i>Use only approved brands of peripherals.</i></p> 	<p><i>Unplug the power cord before attaching peripheral devices.</i></p> 
--	---

Power Safety

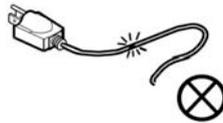
The computer has specific power requirements:

- Only use a power adapter approved for use with this computer.
- Your AC/DC adapter may be designed for international travel but it still requires a steady, uninterrupted power supply. If you are unsure of your local power specifications, consult your service representative or local power company.
- The power adapter may have either a 2-prong or a 3-prong grounded plug. The third prong is an important safety feature; do not defeat its purpose. If you do not have access to a compatible outlet, have a qualified electrician install one.
- When you want to unplug the power cord, be sure to disconnect it by the plug head, not by its wire.
- Make sure the socket and any extension cord(s) you use can support the total current load of all the connected devices.
- Before cleaning the computer, make sure it is disconnected from any external power supplies (i.e. AC/DC adapter or car adapter).

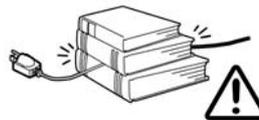
Do not plug in the power cord if you are wet.



Do not use the power cord if it is broken.



Do not place heavy objects on the power cord.



Power Safety Warning

Before you undertake any upgrade procedures, make sure that you have turned off the power, and disconnected all peripherals and cables (including telephone lines). It is advisable to also remove your battery in order to prevent accidentally turning the machine on.

Battery Precautions

- Only use batteries designed for this computer. The wrong battery type may explode, leak or damage the computer.
- Do not remove any batteries from the computer while it is powered on.
- Do not continue to use a battery that has been dropped, or that appears damaged (e.g. bent or twisted) in any way. Even if the computer continues to work with a damaged battery in place, it may cause circuit damage, which may possibly result in fire.
- Recharge the batteries using the notebook's system. Incorrect recharging may make the battery explode.
- Do not try to repair a battery pack. Refer any battery pack repair or replacement to your service representative or qualified service personnel.
- Keep children away from, and promptly dispose of a damaged battery. Always dispose of batteries carefully. Batteries may explode or leak if exposed to fire, or improperly handled or discarded.
- Keep the battery away from metal appliances.
- Affix tape to the battery contacts before disposing of the battery.
- Do not touch the battery contacts with your hands or metal objects.



Battery Disposal & Caution

The product that you have purchased contains a rechargeable battery. The battery is recyclable. At the end of its useful life, under various state and local laws, it may be illegal to dispose of this battery into the municipal waste stream. Check with your local solid waste officials for details in your area for recycling options or proper disposal.

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used battery according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Cleaning

Do not apply cleaner directly to the computer; use a soft clean cloth.

Do not use volatile (petroleum distillates) or abrasive cleaners on any part of the computer.

Servicing

Do not attempt to service the computer yourself. Doing so may violate your warranty and expose you and the computer to electric shock. Refer all servicing to authorized service personnel. Unplug the computer from the power supply. Then refer servicing to qualified service personnel under any of the following conditions:

- When the power cord or AC/DC adapter is damaged or frayed.
- If the computer has been exposed to rain or other liquids.
- If the computer does not work normally when you follow the operating instructions.
- If the computer has been dropped or damaged (do not touch the poisonous liquid if the LCD panel breaks).
- If there is an unusual odor, heat or smoke coming from your computer.



Removal Warning

When removing any cover(s) and screw(s) for the purposes of device upgrade, remember to replace the cover(s) and screw(s) before turning the computer on.

Travel Considerations

Packing

As you get ready for your trip, run through this list to make sure the system is ready to go:

1. Check that the battery pack and any spares are fully charged.
2. Power off the computer and peripherals.
3. Close the display panel and make sure it's latched.
4. Disconnect the AC/DC adapter and cables. Stow them in the carrying bag.
5. The AC/DC adapter uses voltages from 100 to 240 volts so you won't need a second voltage adapter. However, check with your travel agent to see if you need any socket adapters.
6. Put the notebook in its carrying bag and secure it with the bag's straps.
7. If you're taking any peripherals (e.g. a printer, mouse or digital camera), pack them and those devices' adapters and/or cables.
8. Anticipate customs - Some jurisdictions may have import restrictions or require proof of ownership for both hardware and software. Make sure your "papers" are handy.



Power Off Before Traveling

Make sure that your notebook is completely powered off before putting it into a travel bag (or any such container). Putting a notebook which is powered on in a travel bag may cause the Vents/Fan Intakes to be blocked. To prevent your computer from overheating make sure nothing blocks the Vent/Fan Intakes while the computer is in use.

On the Road

In addition to the general safety and maintenance suggestions in this preface, and Chapter 8: Troubleshooting, keep these points in mind:

Hand-carry the notebook - For security, don't let it out of your sight. In some areas, computer theft is very common. Don't check it with "normal" luggage. Baggage handlers may not be sufficiently careful. Avoid knocking the computer against hard objects.

Beware of Electromagnetic fields - Devices such as metal detectors & X-ray machines can damage the computer, hard disk, floppy disks, and other media. They may also destroy any stored data - Pass your computer and disks around the devices. Ask security officials to hand-inspect them (you may be asked to turn it on). **Note:** Some airports also scan luggage with these devices.

Fly safely - Most airlines have regulations about the use of computers and other electronic devices in flight. These restrictions are for your safety, follow them. If you stow the notebook in an overhead compartment, make sure it's secure. Contents may shift and/or fall out when the compartment is opened.

Get power where you can - If an electrical outlet is available, use the AC/DC adapter and keep your battery(ies) charged.

Keep it dry - If you move quickly from a cold to a warm location, water vapor can condense inside the computer. Wait a few minutes before turning it on so that any moisture can evaporate.

Developing Good Work Habits

Developing good work habits is important if you need to work in front of the computer for long periods of time. Improper work habits can result in discomfort or serious injury from repetitive strain to your hands, wrists or other joints. The following are some tips to reduce the strain:



- Adjust the height of the chair and/or desk so that the keyboard is at or slightly below the level of your elbow. Keep your forearms, wrists, and hands in a relaxed position.
- Your knees should be slightly higher than your hips. Place your feet flat on the floor or on a footrest if necessary.
- Use a chair with a back and adjust it to support your lower back comfortably.
- Sit straight so that your knees, hips and elbows form approximately 90-degree angles when you are working.
- Take periodic breaks if you are using the computer for long periods of time.



Remember to:

- Alter your posture frequently.
- Stretch and exercise your body several times a day.
- Take periodic breaks when you work at the computer for long periods of time. Frequent and short breaks are better than fewer and longer breaks.

Lighting

Proper lighting and a comfortable viewing angle can reduce eye strain and shoulder and neck muscle fatigue.

- Position the display to avoid glare or reflections from overhead lighting or outside sources of light.
- Keep the display screen clean and set the brightness and contrast to levels that allow you to see the screen clearly.
- Position the display directly in front of you at a comfortable viewing distance.
- Adjust the display-viewing angle to find the best position.

LCD Screen Care

To prevent **image persistence** on LCD monitors (caused by the continuous display of graphics on the screen for an extended period of time) take the following precautions:

- Set the *Windows* **Power Plans** to turn the screen off after a few minutes of screen idle time.
- Use a rotating, moving or blank screen saver (this prevents an image from being displayed too long).
- Rotate desktop background images every few days.
- Turn the monitor off when the system is not in use.

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Chapter 1: Quick Start Guide

Overview

This Quick Start Guide is a brief introduction to the basic features of your computer, to navigating around the computer and to getting your system started. The remainder of the manual covers the following:

- **Chapter 2** A guide to using some of the main features of the computer e.g. the **storage devices (hard disk, optical device, 7-in-1 card reader, ExpressCard/34/54), Game Keys, TouchPad & Mouse, Audio Features & Printer.**
- **Chapter 3** The computer's **power** management options.
- **Chapter 4** The installation of the **drivers** and utilities essential to the operation or improvement of some of the computer's subsystems.
- **Chapter 5** An outline of the computer's built-in software or **BIOS** (Basic Input Output System).
- **Chapter 6** Instructions for **upgrading** your computer.
- **Chapter 7** A quick guide to the computer's **RAID, Bluetooth, Wireless LAN, PC Camera, TV Tuner** and **Fingerprint** modules (some of which may be **optional** depending on your purchase configuration).
- **Chapter 8** A **troubleshooting** guide.
- **Appendix A** Definitions of the **interface, ports/jacks** which allow your computer to communicate with external devices.
- **Appendix B** Information on the **NVIDIA** Video driver controls.
- **Appendix C** The computer's **specification.**

Advanced Users

If you are an advanced user you may skip over most of this Quick Start Guide. However you may find it useful to refer to *“Drivers & Utilities” on page 4 - 1*, *“BIOS Utilities” on page 5 - 1* and *“Upgrading The Computer” on page 6 - 1* in the User’s Manual. You may also find the notes marked with a  of interest to you.



Notes

Check the light colored boxes with the mark above to find detailed information about the computer’s features.

Beginners and Not-So-Advanced Users

If you are new to computers (or do not have an advanced knowledge of them) then the information contained in this Quick Start Guide should be enough to get you up and running. Eventually you should try to look through all the documentation (more detailed descriptions of the functions, setup and system controls are covered in the remainder of the User’s Manual), but do not worry if you do not understand everything the first time. Keep this manual nearby and refer to it to learn as you go. You may find it useful to refer to the notes marked with a  as indicated in the margin. For a more detailed description of any of the interface ports and jacks see *“Interface (Ports & Jacks)” on page A - 1*.

Warning Boxes

No matter what your level please pay careful attention to the warning and safety information indicated by the  symbol. Also please note the safety and handling instructions as indicated in the *Preface*.

Not Included

Operating Systems (e.g. *Windows Vista etc.*) and applications (e.g. word processing, spreadsheet and database programs) have their own manuals, so please consult the appropriate manuals.



Drivers

If you are installing new system software, or are re-configuring your computer for a different system, you will need to install the appropriate drivers. Drivers are programs which act as an interface between the computer and a hardware component e.g. a wireless network module. It is very important that you install the drivers in the order listed in [Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3](#). You will be unable to use most advanced controls until the necessary drivers and utilities are properly installed. If your system hasn't been properly configured (your service representative may have already done that for you), refer to [“Drivers & Utilities” on page 4 - 1](#) for installation instructions.

Ports and Jacks

See [“Ports and Jacks” on page A - 2](#) for a description of the interface (ports & jacks) which allow your computer to communicate with external devices, connect to the internet etc.



TV Tuner Module Support

Note that the TV Tuner module (factory) option in *Windows Vista* is supported by the **Windows Media Center** software which comes built-in to the *Windows Vista Home Premium* and *Ultimate* Editions only.

If your purchase includes a TV Tuner option, and you are re-configuring your system for a different system, you should install either *Windows Home Premium* or *Ultimate* Editions only.

System Software

Your computer may already come with system software pre-installed. Where this is not the case, or where you are re-configuring your computer for a different system, you will find the *Windows Vista* (with *Service Pack 1*) operating system is supported.

Note: In order to run *Windows Vista* without limitations or decreased performance, your computer requires a minimum **1GB** of system memory (RAM).



Windows Vista Service Pack 1

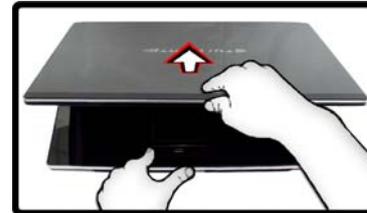
Make sure you install *Windows Vista Service Pack 1* (or a *Windows Vista* version which includes *Service Pack 1*) **before installing any drivers**. Go to the Microsoft website for download details, or contact your service center.

RAID & AHCI Setup

Note that setting up a RAID, or AHCI mode, needs to be done prior to installing the *Windows OS* (see *“Setting Up SATA RAID or AHCI Modes”* on page 7 - 2).

System Startup

1. Remove all packing materials, and place the computer on a stable surface.
2. Securely attach any peripherals you want to use with the notebook (e.g. keyboard and mouse) to their ports.
3. Attach the AC/DC adapter to the DC-In jack at the rear of the computer, then plug the AC power cord into an outlet, and connect the AC power cord to the AC/DC adapter.
4. Use one hand to raise the lid/LCD to a comfortable viewing angle (it is preferable not to exceed 130 degrees); use the other hand (as illustrated in *Figure 1 - 1* below) to support the base of the computer (**Note: Never** lift the computer by the lid/LCD).
5. Raise the lid/LCD to a comfortable viewing angle, and press the power button.



Shutdown

Note that you should always shut your computer down by choosing the **Shut Down** command from the **Lock Button Menu** in *Windows Vista*. This will help prevent hard disk or system problems.

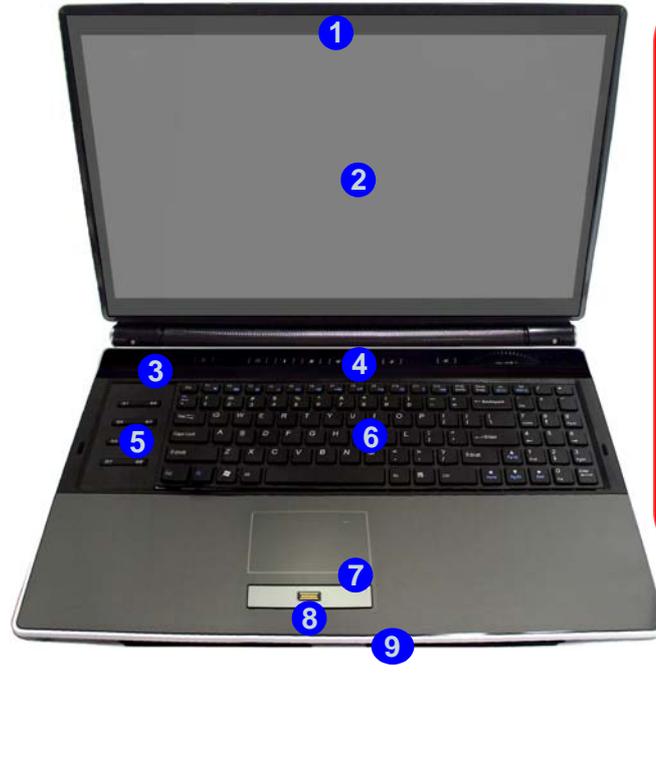
Figure 1 - 1 - Computer with AC/DC Adapter Plugged-In/Opening the Lid/LCD

Figure 1 - 2
LCD Panel Open & Top View

1. Optional Built-In PC Camera
2. LCD
3. LED Status Indicators
4. Touch Sensor Instant Keys
5. 8 * Gaming Keys
6. Keyboard
7. TouchPad and Buttons
8. Fingerprint Reader Module (optional)
9. LED Power Indicators
10. LCD Panel Color LED

See [Appendix A](#) for a more detailed description of the ports & jacks etc.

System Map: LCD Panel Open & Top View



Wireless Device Operation Aboard Aircraft

The use of any portable electronic transmission devices (e.g. WLAN or Bluetooth) aboard aircraft is usually prohibited. Make sure any wireless modules are OFF if you are using the computer aboard aircraft.

Use the appropriate function key combination/Touch Sensor Key to toggle power to any wireless modules, and check the indicators to see if any modules are powered on or not (see [Table 1 - 2, on page 1 - 8](#)).



LED Indicators

The two sets of LED indicators (**LED Status Indicators** and **LED Power Indicators**) display helpful information about the current status of the computer.

Icon	Color	Description
	Blinking Blue	Hard Disk Activity
	Blue	Number Lock is Activated
	Blue	Caps Lock is Activated
	Blue	Scroll Lock is Activated
	Green	The Computer is On
	Blinking Green	The Computer is In Sleep Mode
	Orange	The Battery is Charging
	Blinking Orange	The Battery has Reached Critically Low Power Status
	Green	The Battery is Fully Charged

Table 1 - 1 - LED Status Indicators

Game Keys

The eight **Game Keys** on the left of the computer allow macros to be configured for common keystrokes used in applications, as long as the driver is installed.

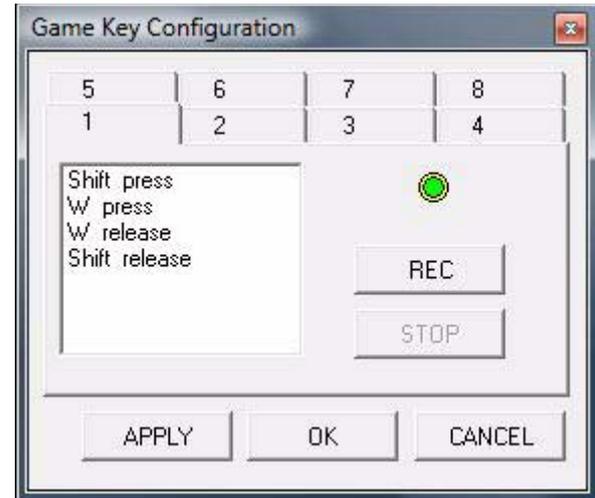


Figure 1 - 3 - Game Key Configuration

Touch Sensor Instant Keys

Press the Touch Sensor Instant Keys on the computer to toggle the appropriate function on/off. When a module is powered on the appropriate icon will be highlighted.

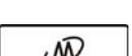
Icon	Description	Icon	Description
	LED Color Toggle (press to toggle flashing colors or single color)		Wireless LAN Module Power Toggle
	PC Camera Module Power Toggle		Activate the Default Internet Browser
	Bluetooth Module Power Toggle		Sound Effects Equalizer Mode Toggle (see page 2 - 14)
	Toggle *Silent Mode (for power saving) Visual Indicator  		Mute Toggle
		Volume Control Slider (move your finger slowly along the slider to adjust the system volume)	

Table 1 - 2 - Touch Sensor Instant Keys

*When enabled, **Silent Mode** will reduce fan noise and save power consumption. Note this may reduce computer performance.

Keyboard

The keyboard has an embedded numerical keypad for easy numeric data input, and features function keys to allow you to change operational features instantly. See [Table 1 - 3, on page 1 - 10](#) for full function key combination details.



Figure 1 - 4 - Keyboard

Special Characters

Some software applications allow the number-keys to be used with **Alt** to produce special characters. These special characters can only be produced by using the numeric keypad. Regular number keys (in the upper row of the keyboard) will not work. Make sure that **NumLk** is on.



Other Keyboards

If your keyboard is damaged or you just want to make a change, you can use any standard USB keyboard. The system will detect and enable it automatically. However special functions/hot-keys unique to the system's regular keyboard may not work.

Num Lk & Scr Lk

Hold down the **Fn Key** and **Scr Lk/Num Lk** to enable scroll lock/number lock, and check the LED indicator for status.

Function Keys & Visual Indicators

The **function keys** (F1 - F12 etc.) will act as **hot keys** when pressed while the **Fn** key is held down. In addition to the basic function key combinations; visual indicators (see the table below) are available when the Hot Key driver is installed (see *“Hot Key” on page 4 - 7*). After installing the driver an icon  will appear in the taskbar.

Keys	Function/Visual Indicators	Keys	Function/Visual Indicators
Fn + ~	Play/Pause (in Audio/Video Programs)	Fn +F8/F9	Brightness Decrease/Increase  
Fn + F1	Touchpad Toggle  	Fn + F10	PC Camera Power Toggle  
Fn + F2	Turn LCD Backlight Off (Press a key to or use Touchpad to turn on)	Fn + F11	WLAN Module Power Toggle  
Fn + F3	Mute Toggle  	Fn + F12	Bluetooth Module Power Toggle  
Fn + F4	Sleep Toggle	Fn + NumLk	Number Lock Toggle
Fn +F5/F6	Volume Decrease/ Increase  	Fn + ScrLk	Scroll Lock Toggle
Fn + F7	Display Toggle	Note: DO NOT use the Fn + F7 key combination to toggle through display options when SLI is enabled (see <i>“SLI Multi GPU Configuration” on page B - 13</i>).	

Table 1 - 3 - Function Keys & Visual Indicators

System Map: Front & Rear Views

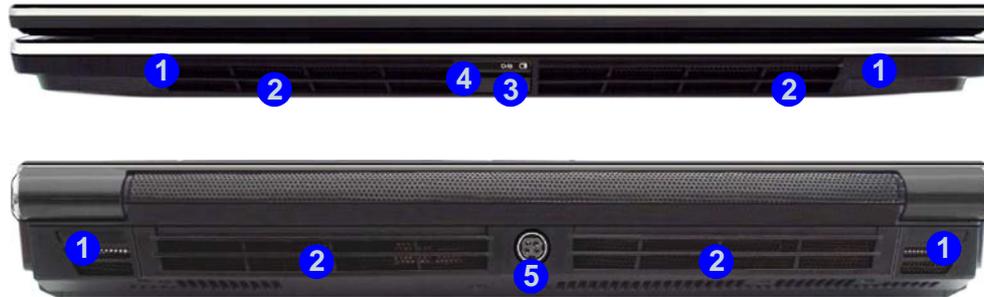


Figure 1 - 5
Front View

1. Color LEDs
2. Speakers
3. LED Power Indicators
4. Consumer Infrared Transceiver (enabled with optional TV Tuner only)
5. DC-In Jack



TV Tuner Module Support

Note that the TV Tuner module options in *Windows Vista* is supported by the **Windows Media Center** software which comes built-in to the *Windows Vista Home Premium* and *Ultimate Editions* only.

If your purchase includes a TV Tuner option, and you are re-configuring your system for a different system, you should install either *Windows Home Premium* or *Ultimate Editions* only.

See [Appendix A](#) for a more detailed description of the ports & jacks etc.

Figure 1 - 6
Right View

System Map: Right View

1. Headphone-In Jack
2. Microphone-In Jack
3. Line-In Jack
4. S/PDIF-Out Jack
5. Cable (CATV) Antenna Jack*
6. Combined eSATA/USB Port
7. USB 2.0 Port
8. Security Lock Slot
9. Power Button

*Enabled with **Optional** Mini-PCI TV Tuner Only

See [Appendix A](#) for a more detailed description of the ports & jacks etc.



TV Tuner Module Support

Note that the TV Tuner module options in *Windows Vista* is supported by the **Windows Media Center** software which comes built-in to the *Windows Vista Home Premium* and *Ultimate Editions* only.

If your purchase includes a TV Tuner option, and you are re-configuring your system for a different system, you should install either *Windows Home Premium* or *Ultimate Editions* only.

USB Ports

Note that the connections to the USB ports only fit one way, do not force them.

System Map: Left View



Figure 1 - 7
Left View

1. DVI-Out Port
2. 2 * USB 2.0 Ports
3. RJ-45 LAN Jack
4. HDMI-Out Port
5. 7-in-1 Card Reader
6. ExpressCard Slot
7. Mini-IEEE 1394 Port
8. Optional Device Drive Bay



Mini-IEEE 1394 Port

The Mini-IEEE 1394 port only supports **SELF POWERED** IEEE 1394 devices. Make sure you install the IEEE 1394 filter driver (see page [4 - 7](#)).

7-in-1 Card Reader

The card reader allows you to use the most popular digital storage card formats:

MMC (MultiMedia Card) / SD (Secure Digital) / MS (Memory Stick)
MS Pro (Memory Stick Pro) / MS Duo (requires PC adapter)
Mini SD (requires PC adapter) / RS MMC (requires PC adapter)

HDMI-Out Port

Note that **the** HDMI-Out Port supports video and audio signals to attached external displays (also see [“HDMI Audio Configuration” on page B - 8](#)).

See [Appendix A](#) for a more detailed description of the ports & jacks etc.



USB Ports

Note that the connections to the USB ports only fit one way, do not force them.



Disk Eject Warning

Don't try to eject a CD/DVD while the system is accessing it. This may cause the system to "crash". Stop the disk first then eject it, or press the stop button twice.

CD/DVD Emergency Eject

If you need to manually eject a CD/DVD (e.g. due to an unexpected power interruption) you may push the end of a straightened paper clip into the emergency eject hole. Do not use a sharpened pencil or any object that may break and become lodged in the hole. Don't try to remove a floppy disk/CD/DVD while the system is accessing it. This may cause the system to "crash".



Changing DVD Regional Codes

Go to the **Control Panel** and double-click **Device Manager (Hardware and Sound)**, then click the **+** next to **DVD/CD-ROM drives**. Double-click on the DVD-ROM device to bring up the **Properties** dialog box, and select the **DVD Region** (tab) to bring up the control panel to allow you to adjust the regional code.

DVD region detection is device dependent, not OS-dependent. You can select your module's region code **5** times. The fifth selection is permanent. This cannot be altered even if you change your operating system or you use the module in another computer.

System Map: Bottom View



Figure 1 - 8
Bottom View

1. Sub Woofer
2. Fan Outlet/Intake
3. Component Bay Cover
4. Battery
(Secondary HDD Bay - HDD3)
5. Primary HDD Bay
(HDD1 & 2)

See [Appendix A](#) for a more detailed description of the ports & jacks etc.



Battery Information

Always completely discharge, then fully charge, a new battery before using it. Completely discharge and charge the battery at least once every 30 days or after about 20 partial discharges. See ["Battery Information" on page 3 - 10](#) for full instructions.



Overheating

To prevent your computer from overheating make sure nothing blocks the vent(s)/fan intake(s) while the computer is in use.

Windows Vista Start Menu & Control Panel

Most of the control panels, utilities and programs within *Windows Vista* (and most other *Windows* versions) are accessed from the **Start** menu. When you install programs and utilities they will be installed on your hard disk drive, and a shortcut will usually be placed in the **Start** menu and/or the desktop. Right-click the **Start** menu icon , and then select **Properties** if you want to customize the appearance of the **Start** menu.



Figure 1 - 9 - Start Menu & Control Panel

In many instances throughout this manual you will see an instruction to open the **Control Panel**. The **Control Panel** is accessed from the **Start** menu, and it allows you to configure the settings for most of the key features in *Windows* (e.g. power, video, network, audio etc.). *Windows Vista* provides basic controls for many of the features, however many new controls are added (or existing ones are enhanced) when you install the drivers listed in *Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3*. To see all controls it may be necessary to toggle off Category View.

Video Features

You can configure display options, from the **Display Settings** control panel in *Windows* as long as the appropriate **video driver** is installed. For more detailed video information see “*NVIDIA Video Driver Controls*” on *page B - 1*. To access **Display Settings** in *Windows*:

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Click **Adjust screen resolution** under the **Appearance and Personalization** menu (or double-click **Personalization > Display Settings**).
3. Move the slider to the preferred setting in **Resolution**: ① (*Figure 1 - 10 on page 1 - 18*).
4. Click the arrow, and scroll to the preferred setting in **Colors**: ② (*Figure 1 - 10 on page 1 - 18*).
5. Click **Advanced Settings** (button) ③ (*Figure 1 - 10 on page 1 - 18*).
6. Click **GeForce.....** (tab).
7. Click **Start the NVIDIA Control Panel** ④ (*Figure 1 - 10 on page 1 - 18*) to access the control panel.
8. The **NVIDIA Control Panel** can also be accessed by right-clicking the desktop, and then clicking **NVIDIA Control Panel** (or from the **NVIDIA Control Panel** in the *Windows* control panel).



Video Card Options

Note that card types, specifications and drivers are subject to continual updates and changes. This computer features an **NVIDIA Scalable Link Interface (SLI)** that improves graphic quality and performance by combining dual NVIDIA GPUs in a single system for some of the video card options. **SLI Configuration** needs to be **enabled** from the **NVIDIA Control Panel (3D Settings > Set SLI Configuration)**; see “*SLI Multi GPU Configuration*” on *page B - 13*. Check with your service center for the latest details on video cards supported (see “*Video Adapter*” on *page C - 2* for details). **SLI Configuration** should not be enabled under battery power (see *page B - 14*).

Quick Start Guide

Display Devices & Options

Besides the built-in LCD, you can also use an **external VGA monitor (CRT)/external Flat Panel Display** or **TV** (connected to the DVI-Out port/HDMI-Out port) as your display device.

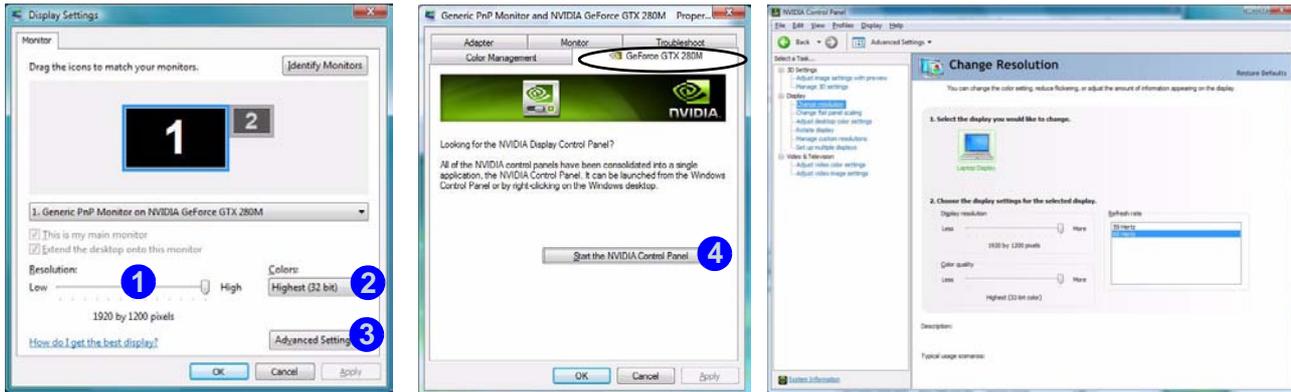


Figure 1 - 10 - Display Settings & NVIDIA Control Panel

NVIDIA Display Mode	Description	Note
Single	One display device is used.	Note that SLI configuration supports only Single display.
Clone	Both connected displays output the same view	
Dualview	Both connected displays are treated as separate devices, and act as a virtual desktop	

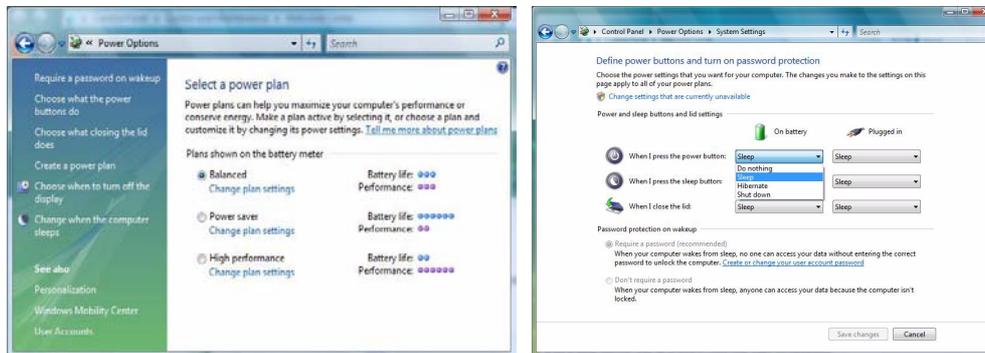
Table 1 - 4 - Display Modes Available

Power Options

The **Power Options** (**Hardware and Sound** menu) control panel icon in *Windows* (see page *1 - 16*) allows you to configure power management features for your computer. You can conserve power by means of **power plans** and configure the options for the **power button**, **sleep button**, **computer lid (when closed)**, **display** and **sleep mode** from the left menu. Note that the **Power saver** plan may have an affect on computer performance.

Click to select one of the existing plans, or click *Create a power plan* in the left menu and select the options to create a new plan. Click *Change Plan Settings* and click *Change advanced power settings* to access further configuration options.

Pay attention to the instructions on battery care in *“Battery Information” on page 3 - 10*.



Note: Sleep is the default power saving state in *Windows Vista*

Figure 1 - 11 - Power Options

Chapter 2: Storage Devices, Mouse, Audio & Printer

Overview

Read this chapter to learn more about the following main features and components of the computer:

- Hard Disk Drive
- Optical Device
- 7-in-1 Card Reader
- ExpressCard Slot
- Game Keys
- Audio Features
- Adding a Printer



Power Safety

Before attempting to access any of the internal components of your computer please ensure that the machine is not connected to the AC power, and that the machine is turned off. Also ensure that all peripheral cables, including phone lines, are disconnected from the computer.

Hard Disk Drive

The hard disk drive(s) is(are) used to store your data in the computer. The hard disk(s) can be taken out to accommodate other 2.5" serial (SATA) hard disk drives with a height of 9.5 mm. The primary hard disk bay **1** is accessible from the bottom of your computer as seen below, and the secondary hard disk bay **2** is located under the battery compartment.

The computer can accommodate up to three hard disks (two in the primary bay, and one in the secondary bay), and these may be configured in **RAID** or **AHCI** modes. Further details on removing and inserting the hard disk are available in *“Upgrading the Hard Disk Drive” on page 6 - 4.*



Figure 2 - 1
Hard Disk Location

Optical Device

There is a bay for a 5.25" optical (CD/DVD) device (12.7mm height). The actual device will depend on the model you purchased (see *“Storage” on page C - 3*). The optical device is usually labeled **“Drive D:”** and may be used as a boot device if properly set in the **BIOS** (see *“Boot Menu” on page 5 - 12*).

Loading Discs

To insert a CD/DVD, press the open button ❶ and carefully place a CD/DVD onto the disc tray with label-side facing up (use just enough force for the disc to click onto the tray’s spindle). Gently push the CD/DVD tray in until its lock “clicks” and you are ready to start. The busy indicator ❷ will light up while data is being accessed, or while an audio/video CD, or DVD, is playing. If power is unexpectedly interrupted, insert an object such as a straightened paper clip into the emergency eject hole ❸ to open the tray.



Figure 2 - 2
Optical Device



Sound Volume Adjustment

How high the sound volume can be set depends on the setting of the volume control within **Windows**. Click the **Volume** icon on the taskbar to check the setting.

Peripherals must be connected before you turn on the system.



CD Emergency Eject

If you need to manually eject a CD (e.g. due to an unexpected power interruption) you may push the end of a straightened paper clip into the emergency eject hole. However please do NOT use a sharpened pencil or similar object that may break and become lodged in the hole.

Disk Eject Warning

Don't try to remove a CD/DVD while the system is accessing it. This may cause the system to "crash".

Handling CDs or DVDs

Proper handling of your CDs/DVDs will prevent them from being damaged. Please follow the advice below to make sure that the data stored on your CDs/DVDs can be accessed.

Note the following:

- Hold the CD or DVD by the edges; do not touch the surface of the disc.
- Use a clean, soft, dry cloth to remove dust or fingerprints.
- Do not write on the surface with a pen.
- Do not attach paper or other materials to the surface of the disc.
- Do not store or place the CD or DVD in high-temperature areas.
- Do not use benzene, thinner, or other cleaners to clean the CD or DVD.
- Do not bend the CD or DVD.
- Do not drop or subject the CD or DVD to shock.

DVD Regional Codes

To change the DVD regional codes see *“Changing DVD Regional Codes”* on page 1 - 14.

DVD Regional Coding	
Region	Geographical Location
1	USA, Canada
2	Western Europe, Japan, South Africa, Middle East & Egypt
3	South-East Asia, Taiwan, South Korea, The Philippines, Indonesia, Hong Kong
4	South & Central America, Mexico, Australia, New Zealand
5	N Korea, Russia, Eastern Europe, India & Most of Africa
6	China

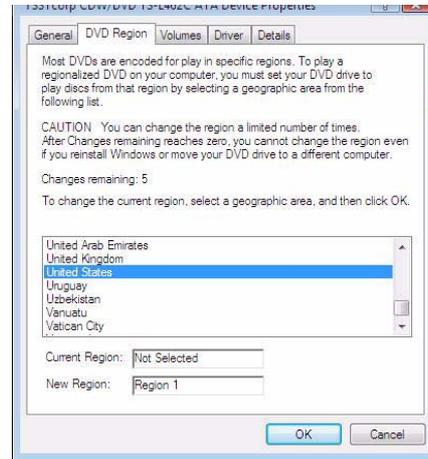


Table 2 - 1
DVD Regional Coding



Card Reader Cover

Make sure you keep the cover in the card reader when not in use. This will help prevent foreign objects and/or dust getting in to the card reader.

7-in-1 Card Reader

The card reader allows you to use some of the latest digital storage cards. Push the card into the slot and it will appear as a removable device, and can be accessed in the same way as your hard disk (s). Make sure you install the Card Reader driver (see *“Card Reader/ExpressCard” on page 4 - 6*).

- MMC (MultiMedia Card)
- SD (Secure Digital)
- MS (Memory Stick)
- MS (Memory Stick Pro)
- MS Duo (requires PC adapter*)
- Mini SD (requires PC adapter*)
- RS MMC (requires PC adapter*)

***Note:** The PC adapters are usually supplied with these cards.

Figure 2 - 3
Right View

1. Card Reader



ExpressCard Slot

The computer is equipped with an **ExpressCard/34/54** slot that reads Express Card/34 and ExpressCard/54 formats. ExpressCards are the successors to PCMCIA (PC Cards).

ExpressCard/54 is used for applications which require a larger interface slot, e.g. CompactFlash card reader. The number denotes the card width; 54mm for the Express Card/54 and 34mm for the ExpressCard/34. Make sure you install the ExpressCard driver (see *“Card Reader/ExpressCard” on page 4 - 6*).



Inserting and Removing ExpressCards

- Align the ExpressCard with the slot and push it in until it locks into place (as pictured in the **generic** figure below).
- To remove an ExpressCard, simply press the card to eject it.



ExpressCard Slot Cover

Make sure you keep the cover in the ExpressCard slot when not in use. This will help prevent foreign objects and/or dust getting in to the ExpressCard Slot.

Figure 2 - 4
ExpressCard Slot

1. Express Card Slot

Game Keys

The eight game hot keys on the left of the computer allow macros to be configured for common keystrokes used in applications (the keys can assigned macros for any program, not only games). To configure the keys follow the instructions below (make sure you have installed the **GameKey** Utility driver - see “*GameKey Utility*” on page 4 - 6).

1. Run the **Game Key Configuration** program from the desktop icon  (or from C:\Program Files (x86)\Chicony\GameKey\GmKeyCfgUtl.exe).
2. Double-click the button  for the appropriate key (it will turn red .
3. When the button is red  you may then record the keystrokes to be assigned to the Game Key.

Figure 2 - 5
Game Key Configuration



4. Click **OK**.
5. Repeat the procedure for the other Game Key if required.
6. Close the **Game Key Configuration** window.
7. The keystroke order will be repeated with the appropriate button press in any application program.

TouchPad and Buttons/Mouse

The TouchPad is an alternative to the mouse; however, you can also add a mouse to your computer through one of the USB ports. The TouchPad buttons function in much the same way as a two-button mouse.

Install the TouchPad driver (see page 4 - 6) and then double-click the TouchPad driver icon  in the taskbar to configure the functions. You may then configure the TouchPad tapping, buttons, scrolling, pointer motion and sensitivity options to your preferences. The TouchPad may be toggled on/off by means of the **Fn + F1** key combination.

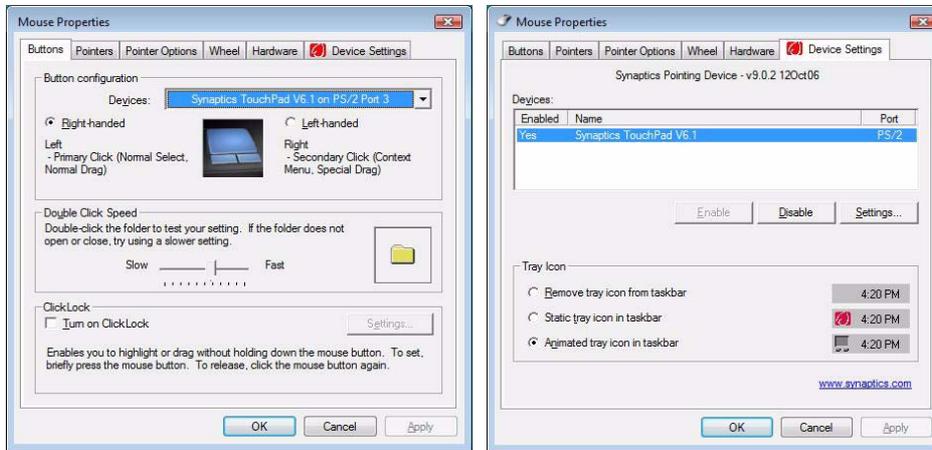


Figure 2 - 6
Mouse Properties



Mouse Driver

If you are using an external mouse your operating system may be able to auto-configure your mouse during its installation or only enable its basic functions. Be sure to check the device's user documentation for details.

Sound Volume Adjustment

The sound volume level is set using the volume control within **Windows** (and the volume function keys on the computer). Click the volume icon in the taskbar to check the setting.

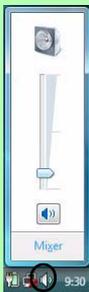


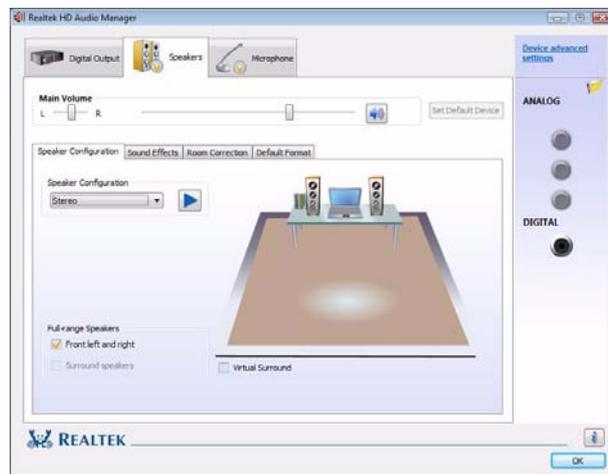
Figure 2 - 7
Realtek Audio Manager

Audio Features

You can configure the audio options on your computer from the **Sound** control panel in **Windows**, or from the **Realtek HD Audio Manager** icon in the taskbar/control panel (right-click the taskbar icon to bring up an audio menu). The volume may also be adjusted by means of the **Fn + F5/F6** key combination or by moving your finger slowly along the Touch Sensor volume control slider (see [Table 1 - 2, on page 1 - 8](#)).



Right-click the icon to access the menu above.



See [“HDMI Audio Configuration” on page B - 8](#) for a description of the audio configuration when connecting an HDMI supported display device.

Setup for Audio Recording

To record audio sources on your computer at optimum quality follow the instructions below:

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**) and make sure you are in **Classic View**.
2. Click **Realtek HD Audio Manager** (or right-click the taskbar icon  and select **Sound Manager**).
3. Click **Microphone Effects** (tab) in **Microphone** (tab), and then click to select **Noise Suppression** (button), or adjust the **Recording Volume** level to around **60**, to obtain the optimum recording quality.
4. Click **OK** to close the control panel and save the settings.



Beam Forming

If your stereo microphone supports Beam Forming (Directional Recording), then click the button to calibrate the stereo microphone before recording.

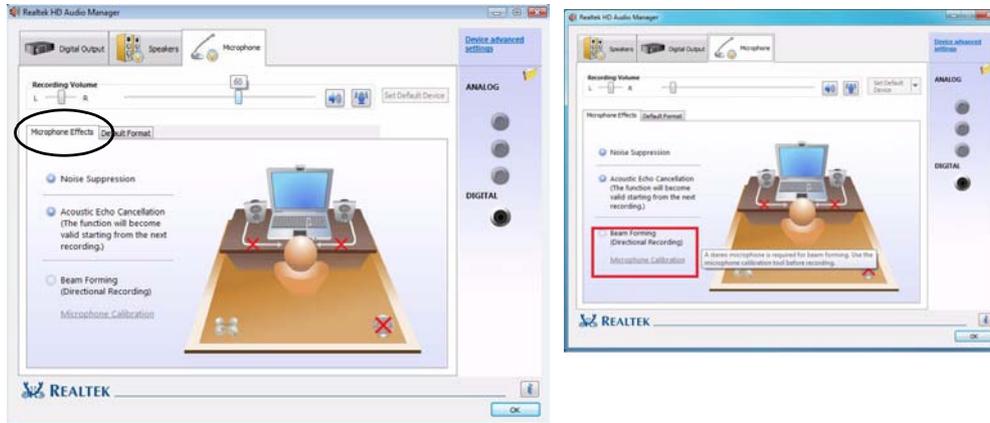


Figure 2 - 8
Realtek Audio
Manager -
Recording Setup

Setup for 5.1 Surround Sound

To setup your system for 5.1 surround sound you will need to connect the audio cables to the Line-In and Microphone-In jacks.

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**) and make sure you are in **Classic View**.
2. Click **Realtek HD Audio Manager** (or right-click the taskbar icon  and select **Sound Manager**).
3. Click **Speakers** (tab) and click **Speaker Configuration** (tab).
4. Select **5.1 Speaker** from the **Speaker Configuration** pull-down menu.



Figure 2 - 9
Speaker
Configuration

Auto Popup Dialog

You should enable the auto popup dialog to automatically detect when a device has been plugged-in. If disabled, double-click **connector settings**  and click the box to enable the auto popup detection of plugged-n devices.

5. Plug the **front speaker** cables into the **Headphone-Out Jack**.
6. Plug in the other cables (you may require an adapter to connect each cable to the appropriate jack e.g a stereo mini to dual RCA adapter) from your speakers as follows:
 - Line-In Jack = Rear Speaker Out
 - Microphone-In Jack = Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out
7. As you plug in each cable a dialog box will pop up (see **“Auto Popup Dialog” on page 2 - 12**).
8. Click to put a tick in the appropriate box according to the speaker plugged-in (e.g. Rear Speaker Out), and then click **OK** to save the setting.
9. Click **OK** to exit **Realtek HD Audio Manager**.



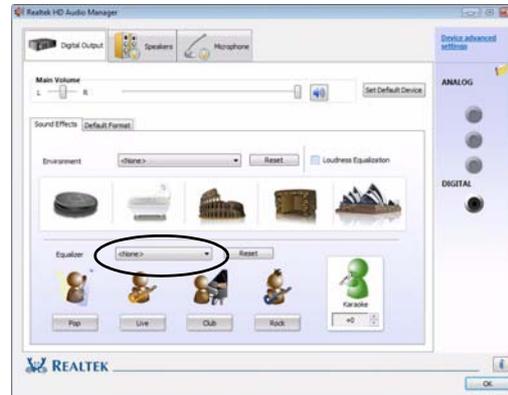
Figure 2 - 10
**Connected Device
Auto Popup**

Sound Effects Equalizer

Press the  **Sound Effects Equalizer Mode Toggle** button to toggle through some of the equalizer options (an on-screen icon will appear to show the selected mode). A more comprehensive list of options is available from the **Equalizer** drop-down list.

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**) and make sure you are in **Classic View**.
2. Click **Realtek HD Audio Manager** (or right-click the taskbar icon  and select **Sound Manager**).
3. Click **Digital Output** (tab), click **Sound Effects** (tab) and then click to select an option in the **Equalizer** drop-box.
4. Click **OK** to close the control panel and save the settings.

Figure 2 - 11
Realtek Audio Manager - Recording Setup



Adding a Printer

The most commonly used peripheral is a printer. The following conventions will help you to add a printer; however it is always best to refer to the printer manual for specific instructions and configuration options.

USB Printer

Most new printers have a USB interface connection. You may use any one of the ports to connect the printer.

Install Instructions:

1. Set up the printer according to its instructions (unpacking, paper tray, toner/ink cartridge etc.).
2. Turn ON the computer.
3. Turn ON the printer.
4. Connect the printer's USB cable to one of the USB ports on the computer.
5. **Windows** will identify the printer and either load one of its own drivers or ask you to supply one. Follow the on-screen instructions.

Parallel Printer

This is still a very common type of printer. The install instructions are in the sidebar (you will need to purchase a parallel to USB converter).



Parallel Printer

After setting up the printer attach the parallel cable to the printer.

Connect the printer's parallel cable to the Parallel to USB converter, and then plug the converter into the USB port.

Turn ON the printer, then turn ON the computer.

Windows will identify the printer and either load one of its own drivers or ask you to supply one. Follow the on-screen instructions.

Chapter 3: Power Management

Overview

To conserve power, especially when using the battery, your computer power management conserves power by controlling individual components of the computer (the monitor and hard disk drive) or the whole system.

This chapter covers:

- The Power Sources
- Turning on the Computer
- Power Plans
- Power-Saving States
- Configuring the Power Buttons
- Battery Information

The computer uses enhanced power saving techniques to give the operating system (OS) direct control over the power and thermal states of devices and processors. For example, this enables the OS to set devices into low-power states based on user settings and information from applications.



OS Note

Power management functions will vary slightly depending on your operating system. For more information it is best to refer to the user's manual of your operating system.

(**Note:** All pictures used on the following pages are from the *Windows Vista* OS.)

Hibernate Mode In Windows Vista SP1

If you are using *Windows Vista SP1* with **4GB RAM** installed, see page **8 - 13** for information on **Hibernate**.

The Power Sources

The computer can be powered by either an AC/DC adapter or a battery pack.

AC/DC Adapter

Use only the AC/DC adapter that comes with your computer. The wrong type of AC/DC adapter will damage the computer and its components (see page [C - 4](#)).

1. Attach the AC/DC adapter to the DC-In jack at the rear of the computer.
2. Plug the AC power cord into an outlet, and then connect the AC power cord to the AC/DC adapter.
3. Raise the lid/LCD to a comfortable viewing angle.
4. Press the power button to turn “On”.

Battery

The battery allows you to use your computer while you are on the road or when an electrical outlet is unavailable. Battery life varies depending on the applications and the configuration you're using. **To increase battery life, let the battery discharge completely before recharging** (see *“How do I completely discharge the battery?” on page 3 - 14*).

We recommend that you do not remove the battery. For more information on the battery, please refer to *“Battery Information” on page 3 - 10*.

Turning on the Computer

Now you are ready to begin using your computer. To turn it on simply press the power button on the front panel.

When the computer is on, you can use the power button as a Sleep/Hibernate hot-key button when it is pressed for less than **4 seconds** (pressing and holding the power button for longer than this will force the computer to shut down). Use **Power Options (Hardware and Sound menu)** control panel in *Windows Vista* to configure this feature.



Forced Off

If the system “hangs”, and the **Ctrl + Alt + Del** key combination doesn’t work, press the power button for **4 seconds**, or longer, to force the system to turn itself off.

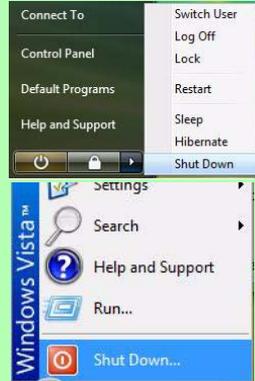
Power Button Sleep

Sleep is the default power mode when the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds. You may configure the options for the power button from the **Power Options (Hardware and Sound menu)** control panel in *Windows Vista* (see your OS’s documentation, or “*Configuring the Power Buttons*” on page 3 - 8 for details).



Shut Down

Note that you should always shut your computer down by choosing the **Shut Down** command from the **Lock Button Menu** in *Windows Vista*. This will help prevent hard disk or system problems.





Resuming Operation

See [Table 3 - 1](#), on [page 3 - 9](#) for information on how to resume from a power-saving state.

Password

It is recommended that you enable a password on system resume in order to protect your data.

Power Plans

The computer can be configured to conserve power by means of **power plans**. You can use (or modify) an existing **power plan**, or create a new one.

The settings may be adjusted to set the **display** to turn off after a specified time, and to send the computer into **Sleep** after a period of inactivity.

Click *Change plan settings* and then click *Change advanced power settings* to access further configuration options in **Advanced Settings**.

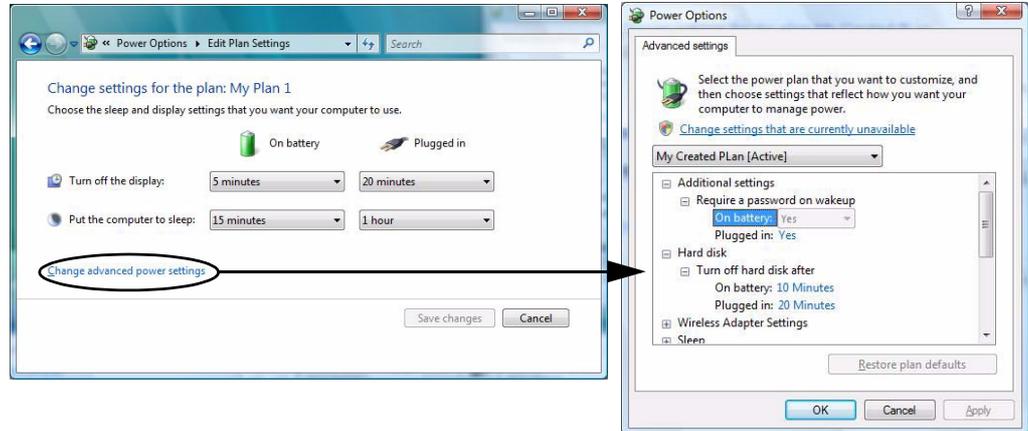


Figure 3 - 1

Power Plan Advanced Settings

Each **Windows Power Plan** will also adjust the processor performance of your machine in order to save power. This is worth bearing in mind if you are experiencing any reduced performance (especially under DC/battery power).

Choose **High performance** for maximum performance when the computer is powered from an AC power source. Choose the **Power saver** (bear in mind that this scheme may slow down the overall performance of the computer in order to save power) for maximum power saving when the computer is battery (DC power) powered.

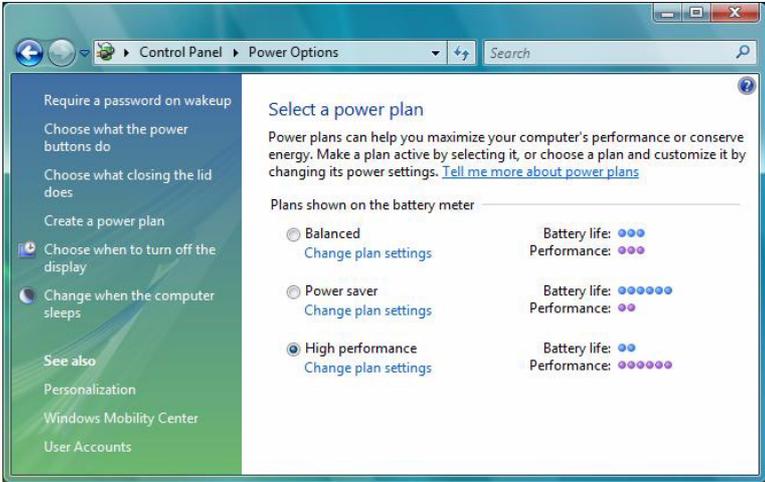


Figure 3 - 2
Power Plans



Power Button

The **Power Button**  in the Start Menu (in Classic View use the Shut Down button ) can be used to send the computer into a power-saving state.

Sleep Mode & Mobile PC Battery

A mobile PC in **Sleep** uses very little battery power.

After an extended period of time the computer will save any open documents and applications to hard disk.

Power-Saving States

You can use power-saving states to stop the computer's operation and restart where you left off. **Sleep** is the default power-saving state in *Windows Vista*.

Earlier versions of *Windows* used Stand By and Hibernate as system power-saving states. *Windows Vista* combines the features of Stand By and Hibernate into the default **Sleep** power-saving state.

Sleep

In **Sleep** all of your work, settings and preferences are saved to memory before the system sleeps. When you are not using your computer for a certain length of time, which you specify in the operating system, it will enter **Sleep** to save power.

The PC wakes from **Sleep within seconds** and will return you to where you last left off (what was on your desktop) without reopening the application(s) and file(s) you last used.

If your mobile PC in **Sleep** is running on battery power the system will use only a minimum amount of power. After an extended period the system will save all the information to the hard disk and shut the computer down before the battery becomes depleted.

Hibernate

Hibernate uses the least amount of power of all the power-saving states and saves all of your information on a part of the hard disk before it turns the system off. If a power failure occurs the system can restore your work from the hard disk; if a power failure occurs when work is saved only to memory, then the work will be lost. **Hibernate** will also return you to where you last left off within seconds. You should put your mobile PC into **Hibernate** if you will not use the computer for a period of time, and will not have the chance to charge the battery.

Shut Down

You should **shut down** the computer if you plan to install new hardware (don't forget to remove the battery and follow all the safety instructions in **Chapter 6**), plan to be away from the computer for several days, or you do not need it to wake up and run a scheduled task. Returning to full operation from **shut down** takes longer than from **Sleep** or **Hibernate**.





Silent Mode

You can use **Silent Mode** to reduce power consumption and fan noise. Use the **Silent Mode** Touch Sensor Instant Key  to toggle this mode on/off.

On screen visual indicators     and the Touch Sensor Instant Key  will display the **Silent Mode** status (see [Table 1 - 2, on page 1 - 8](#)).

Note **Silent Mode** may reduce computer performance.

Figure 3 - 3
Lock Button menu



Password Protection

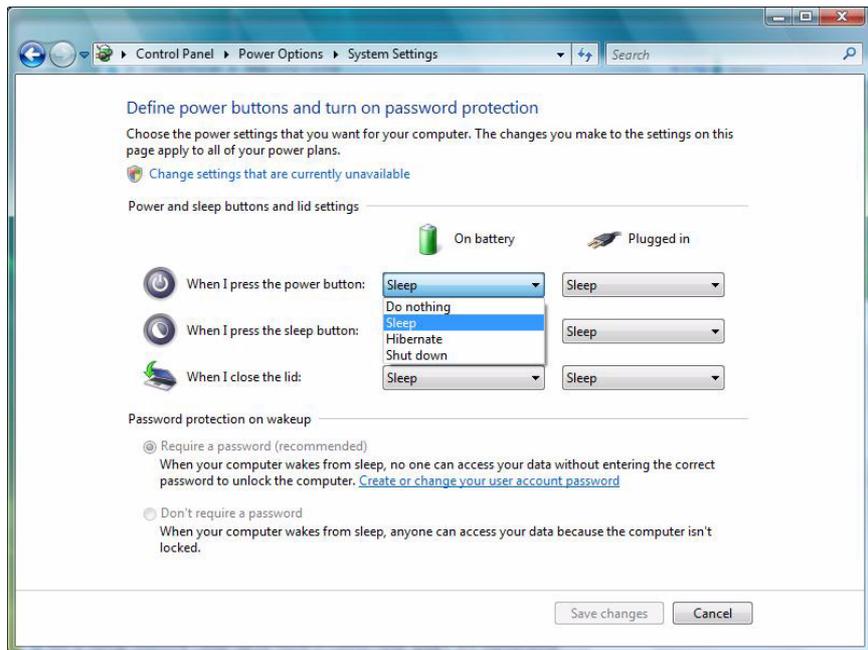
It is recommended that you enable a password on wake up in order to protect your data.

However you can disable this setting from the **Power Options** menu by clicking **Require a password on wakeup** in the left menu, and selecting the options (click **Change settings that are currently unavailable**).

Figure 3 - 4
Power Options
Define Power Buttons

Configuring the Power Buttons

The power/sleep button (**Fn + F4** key combo) and closed lid may be set to send the computer in to a power-saving state.



Resuming Operation

You can resume operation from power-saving states by pressing the power button, or in some cases pressing the sleep button (**Fn + F4** key combo).



Closing the Lid

If you have chosen to send the computer to **Sleep** when the lid is closed, raising the lid will wake the system up.

Power Status	Icon  Color	To Resume
Power Off	Off	Press the Power Button
Sleep	Blinking Green	Press the Power Button Press the Sleep Button (Fn + F4 Key Combo)
Hibernate	Off (battery) Orange (AC/DC adapter)	Press the Power Button
Display Turned Off	Green	Press a Key or Move the Mouse/Touchpad

Table 3 - 1 Resuming Operation



Power Button

When the computer is on, you can use the power button as a Sleep/Hibernate hot-key button when it is pressed for less than **4 seconds** (pressing and holding the power button for longer than this will force shut the computer to shut down).



Low Battery Warning

When the battery is critically low, immediately connect the AC/DC adapter to the computer or save your work, otherwise, the unsaved data will be lost when the power is depleted.

Figure 3 - 5
Battery Icon (Taskbar) & Battery Advanced Settings

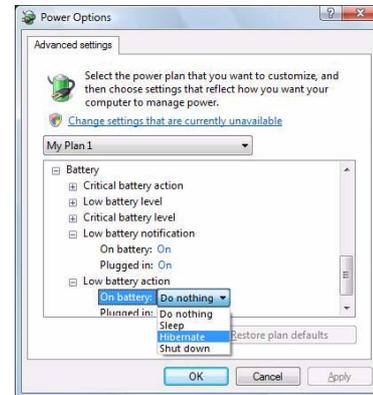
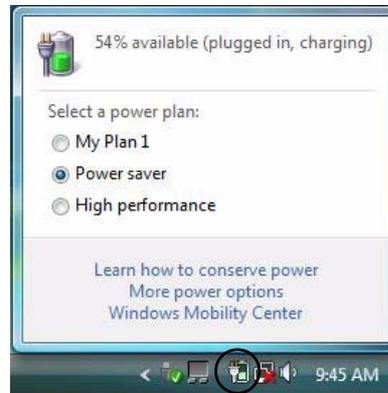
Battery Information

Please follow these simple guidelines to get the best use out of your battery.

Battery Power

Your computer's battery power is dependent upon many factors, including the programs you are running, and peripheral devices attached. You can set actions to be taken (e.g. Shut down, Hibernate etc.), and set critical and low battery levels from **power plan Advanced Settings** (see *Figure 3 - 1 on page 3 - 4*).

Click the battery icon   in the taskbar to see the current battery level and charge status.



Conserving Battery Power

- Use a **power plan** that conserves power (e.g **Power saver**), however note that this may have an affect on computer performance.
- Lower the brightness level of the LCD display. The system will decrease LCD brightness slightly to save power when it is not powered by the AC/DC adapter.
- Reduce the amount of time before the display is turned off.
- Close wireless, Bluetooth, modem or communication applications when they are not being used.
- Disconnect/remove any unnecessary external devices e.g. USB devices, ExpressCards etc.


Windows Mobility Center

The Windows Mobility Center control panel provides an easy point of access for information on battery status, power plans used etc.



Figure 3 - 6
Windows Mobility Center

Battery Life

Battery life may be shortened through improper maintenance. **To optimize the life and improve its performance, fully discharge and recharge the battery at least once every 30 days.**

We recommend that you do not remove the battery yourself. If you do need to remove the battery for any reason see *“Removing the Battery” on page 6 - 3.*

New Battery

Always completely discharge, then fully charge, a new battery (see *“Battery FAQ” on page 3 - 14* for instructions on how to do this).

Recharging the Battery with the AC/DC Adapter

The battery pack automatically recharges when the AC/DC adapter is attached and plugged into an electrical outlet. If the computer is powered on, and in use, it will take several hours to fully recharge the battery. When the computer is turned off but plugged into an electrical outlet, battery charge time is less. (Refer to *“LED Indicators” on page 1 - 7* for information on the battery charge status, and to *“Battery Information” on page 3 - 10* for more information on how to maintain and properly recharge the battery pack.)

Proper handling of the Battery Pack

- DO NOT disassemble the battery pack under any circumstances.
- DO NOT expose the battery to fire or high temperatures, it may explode.
- DO NOT connect the metal terminals (+, -) to each other.



Damaged Battery Warning

Should you notice any physical defects (e.g. the battery is bent out of shape after being dropped), or any unusual smells emanating from the notebook battery, shut your computer down immediately and contact your service center. If the battery has been dropped we do not recommend using it any further, as even if the computer continues to work with a damaged battery in place, it may cause circuit damage, which may possibly result in fire. It is recommended that you replace your computer battery every two years.



Caution

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly re-placed.

Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used battery according to the manufacturer's instructions.

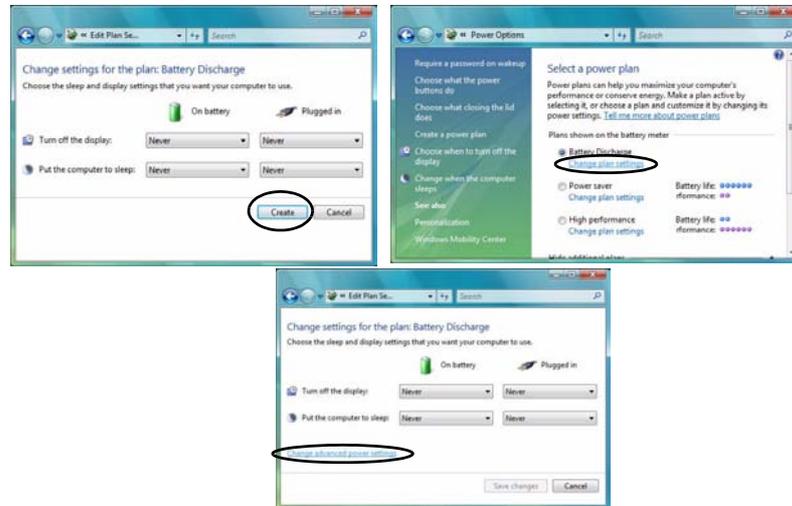
Battery FAQ

How do I completely discharge the battery?

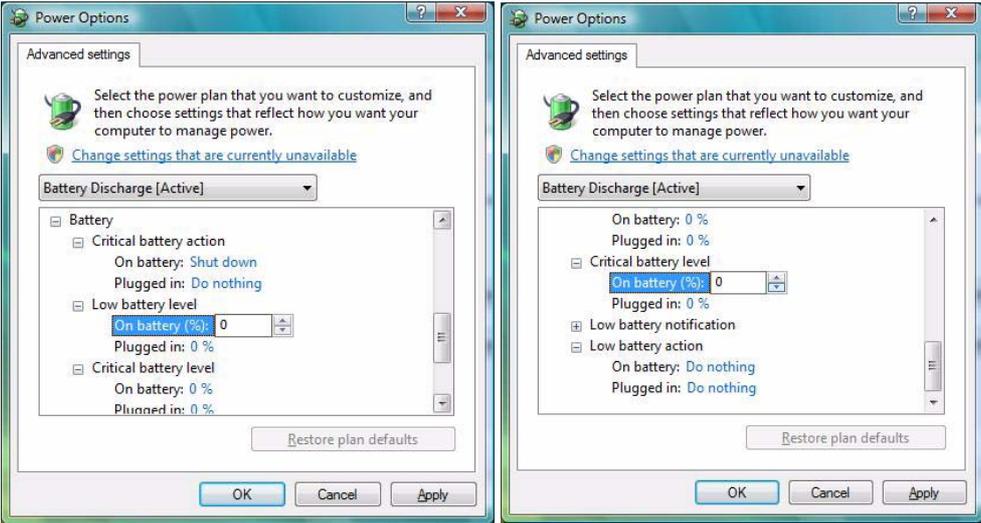
Use the computer with battery power until it shuts down due to a low battery. Don't turn off the computer even if a message indicates the battery is critically low, just let the computer use up all of the battery power and shut down on its own.

1. Save and close all files and applications.
2. **Create a power plan** for discharging the battery and set all the options to **Never**.
3. Click **Change plan settings** (after saving it) and click **Change advanced power settings**.

Figure 3 - 7
Power Plan Create



- 4. Scroll down to **Battery** and click **+** to expand the battery options.
- 5. Choose the options below (click **Yes** if a warning appears):



3

Figure 3 - 8
Power Options
Advanced Settings -
Battery

- Low battery levels = 0%
- Critical battery Levels = 0%
- Low battery action = Do Nothing
- Critical battery action (On battery) = Shut Down
- Critical battery action (Plugged in) = Do Nothing

How do I fully charge the battery?

When charging the battery, don't stop until the LED charging indicator light changes from orange to green.

How do I maintain the battery?

Completely discharge and charge the battery at least once every 30 days or after about 20 partial discharges.



SLI Multi GPU Configuration & Battery Power

Note that due to the high power and system demands created by enabling SLI Configuration, **you should not enable SLI configuration if your computer is powered by battery only**. If you attempt to run an SLI configuration when the computer is powered by the battery only, then system problems may occur.

If the computer is currently powered by battery only **do not enable SLI configuration**.

If you have currently enabled SLI configuration, and the computer is powered by the AC/DC adapter, **do not switch to battery power only** (or go to the NVIDIA Control Panel and disable SLI configuration before switching to battery power only).

Chapter 4: Drivers & Utilities

This chapter deals with installing the drivers and utilities essential to the operation or improvement of some of the computer's subsystems. The system takes advantage of some newer hardware components for which the latest versions of most available operating systems haven't built in drivers and utilities. Thus, some of the system components won't be auto-configured with an appropriate driver or utility during operating system installation. Instead, you need to manually install some system-required drivers and utilities.

RAID & AHCI Setup

Note that setting up a RAID, or AHCI mode, needs to be done prior to installing the Windows OS, and therefore before installing the other drivers listed here (see *“Setting Up SATA RAID or AHCI Modes” on page 7 - 35*).

What to Install

The *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc contains the drivers and utilities necessary for the proper operation of the computer.

Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3 lists what you need to install and **it is very important that the drivers are installed in the order indicated.**

Module Driver Installation

The procedures for installing drivers for the **WLAN**, **PC Camera**, **Consumer Infrared** (for TV tuner remote), and **Fingerprint** modules are provided in *“Modules” on page 7 - 1*.

Driver Installation

Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc and click **Install Drivers** (button), or **Option Drivers** (button) to access the **Optional** driver menu.

4



Figure 4 - 1 - Drivers Installer Screen 1

1. Check the driver installation order from [Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3](#) (the drivers must be installed in **this order**) which is the same as that listed in the **Drivers Installer** menu below.
2. Click to select the driver you wish to install, after installing each driver it will become grayed out. If you need to reinstall any driver, click the **Unlock** button (you should uninstall the driver first).
3. Follow the instructions for each individual driver installation procedure as listed on the following pages.



Figure 4 - 2 - Drivers Installer Screen 2

Driver	Page
<i>Chipset</i>	<i>Page 4 - 5</i>
<i>Video</i>	<i>Page 4 - 5</i>
<i>Audio (Drivers Installer Version)</i>	<i>Page 4 - 6</i>
<i>TouchPad</i>	<i>Page 4 - 6</i>
<i>Card Reader/ExpressCard</i>	<i>Page 4 - 6</i>
<i>GameKey Utility</i>	<i>Page 4 - 6</i>
<i>Hot Key</i>	<i>Page 4 - 7</i>
<i>IEEE 1394 Filter Driver</i>	<i>Page 4 - 7</i>
<i>Wireless LAN Module</i>	<i>Page 7 - 21</i>
<i>PC Camera Module</i>	<i>Page 7 - 38</i>
<i>TV Tuner Module</i>	<i>Page 7 - 46</i>
<i>Fingerprint Reader Module</i>	<i>Page 7 - 49</i>

Table 4 - 1 - Driver Installation

Manual Driver Installation

Click the **Browse CD/DVD** button in the *Drivers Installer* application and browse to the executable file in the appropriate driver folder.

Windows Update

After installing all the drivers make sure you enable **Windows Update** in order to get all the latest security updates etc. (all updates will include the latest **hotfixes** from Microsoft). See *“Windows Update” on page 4 - 8* for instructions.



Windows Vista Service Pack 1

Make sure you install **Windows Vista Service Pack 1** (or a Windows Vista version which includes Service Pack 1) **before installing any drivers**. Go to the Microsoft website for download details, or contact your service center.

Updating/Reinstalling Individual Drivers

If you wish to update/reinstall individual drivers it may be necessary to uninstall the original driver. To do this go to the **Control Panel** in the *Windows OS* and double-click the **Programs and Features** icon (**Programs > Uninstall a program**). Click to select the driver (if it is not listed see below) and click **Uninstall**, and then follow the on screen prompts (it may be necessary to restart the computer). Reinstall the driver as outlined in this chapter.

If the driver is not listed in the **Programs and Features** menu:

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Double-click **Device Manager (Hardware and Sound > Device Manager)**.
3. Double-click the **device** you wish to update/reinstall the driver for (you may need to click “+” to expand the selection).
4. Click **Driver** (tab) and click the **Update Driver** or **Uninstall** button and follow the on screen prompts.

User Account Control (Win Vista)

If a **User Account Control** prompt appears as part of the driver installation procedure, click **Continue/Allow**, and follow the installation procedure as directed.

Windows Security Message

If you receive a *Windows* security message as part of the driver installation process. Just click “**Install this driver software anyway**” or **Install** to continue the installation procedure.

You will receive this message in cases where the driver has been released after the version of *Windows* you are currently using. All the drivers provided will have already received certification for *Windows*.

New Hardware Found

If you see the message “**New Hardware Found**” during the installation procedure (**other than when outlined in the driver install procedure**), click **Cancel** to close the window, and follow the installation procedure.

Driver Installation Procedure

Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc and click **Install Drivers** (button), or **Option Drivers** (button) to access the **Optional** driver menu.



Driver Installation General Guidelines

The driver installation procedure outlined in this Chapter (and in **Chapter 7 Options & Modules**), are accurate at the time of going to press.

Drivers are always subject to upgrade and revision so the exact procedure for certain drivers may differ slightly. As a general guide follow the default on screen instructions for each driver (e.g. **Next > Next > Finish**) unless you are an advanced user. In many cases a restart is required to install the driver.

RAID Note: Setting up a **RAID**, or **AHCI** mode, needs to be done prior to installing the *Windows OS*, and therefore before installing the other drivers listed here.

Chipset

1. Click **1.Install Chipset Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next > Next > Next**.
3. Click **> Yes**.
4. Click **Next > Next**.
5. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.
6. Click **Restart Now** to apply the changes to the computer.

Video

1. Click **2.Install Video Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next > Next**.
3. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.



Audio Drivers

Note that two drivers are provided on the disc for the Audio system. The driver included in the **Drivers Installer** menu has already received certification for **Windows**. A second driver is included (which may resolve some known issues with the original driver), which at time of going to press, has not yet received certification for **Windows**. Install **one** of the drivers as per your preference.

Audio (Beta Version)

1. If you are in the **Drivers Installer** list click **Back** to return to the top level of the disc.
2. Click **Browse CD**.
3. Browse to the following location on the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc (note that D: is the CD/DVD device drive letter, however your system may have designated a different device drive letter): **D:\Drivers\Beta\Audio\setup.exe**.

Audio (Drivers Installer Version)

1. Click **3. Install Audio Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next**.
3. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.

TouchPad

1. Click **4. Install Touchpad Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next > Finish**.
3. Click **Restart Now** to restart the computer.

Card Reader/ExpressCard

1. Click **5. Install Cardreader Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Install > Finish**.

GameKey Utility

1. Click **6. Install Gamekey Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next**.
3. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.
4. See *“Game Keys” on page 2 - 9* for configuration instructions.



Hot Key Drivers

Note that two drivers are provided on the disc for the Hot Key utility. The driver included in the **Drivers Installer** menu has already received certification for **Windows**. A second driver is included (which may resolve some known issues with the original driver), which at time of going to press, has not yet received certification for **Windows**. Install **one** of the drivers as per your preference.

Hot Key (Beta Version)

1. If you are in the **Drivers Installer** list click **Back** to return to the top level of the disc.
2. Click **Browse CD**.
3. Browse to the following location on the **Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual** disc (note that D: is the CD/DVD device drive letter, however your system may have designated a different device drive letter):
D:\Drivers\Beta\Hotkey\setup.exe.

Hot Key

1. Click **7.Install Hotkey Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next > Install**.
3. Click **Finish** to restart your computer.

IEEE 1394 Filter Driver

1. Click **8.Install 1394 Filter Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Install > Finish**.



Windows Update

After installing all the drivers make sure you enable **Windows Update** in order to get all the latest security updates etc. (all updates will include the latest **hotfixes** from Microsoft).

To enable **Windows Update** make sure you are **connected to the internet**:

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Click **Check for updates (Security)**, or double-click **Security Center** and click **Windows Update**.
3. Double-click **Check for updates (button)**.
4. The computer will now check for updates (you need to be connected to the internet).
5. Click **Install now** (button) to install the updates.

Optional Drivers

See the pages indicated for the driver installation procedures for any modules included in your purchase option.



Figure 4 - 3 - Optional Drivers Installer Screen

RAID Setup

Note: Prior to setting up the RAID you will need to use an operable computer to copy the RAID driver to a USB flash drive before installing the *Windows Vista* operating system. See *“Setting Up SATA RAID or AHCI Modes” on page 7 - 2* for configuration instructions.

Bluetooth Module

Note: The operating system is the default setting for **Bluetooth** control in *Windows Vista*, and does not require a driver. See *“Bluetooth Module” on page 7 - 16* for configuration instructions.

Wireless LAN

See the appropriate install procedure for your WLAN module in *“Wireless LAN Module” on page 7 - 20*.

PC Camera

See the install procedure in *“PC Camera Module” on page 7 - 38*.

Consumer Infrared (for TV Tuner Remote)

See the install procedure in *“TV Tuner Module” on page 7 - 45*.

Fingerprint Reader Module

See the install procedure in *“Fingerprint Reader Module” on page 7 - 48*.

Chapter 5: BIOS Utilities

Overview

This chapter gives a brief introduction to the computer's built-in software:

Diagnostics: The **POST** (Power-On Self Test)

Configuration: The *Setup* utility

If your computer has never been set up, or you are making important changes to the system (e.g. hard disk setup), then you should review this chapter first and note the original settings found in *Setup*. Even if you are a beginner, keep a record of the settings you find and any changes you make. This information could be useful if your system ever needs servicing.

There is one general rule: *Don't make any changes unless you are sure of what you are doing*. Many of the settings are required by the system, and changing them could cause it to become unstable or worse. If you have any doubts, consult your service representative.



BIOS Settings Warning

Incorrect settings can cause your system to malfunction. To correct mistakes, return to *Setup* and restore the *Setup Defaults* with <F9>.



POST Screen

1. BIOS information
2. CPU type
3. Memory status
4. Enter **Setup** prompt appears only during **POST**

Note: The **POST** screen as pictured is for guideline purposes only.

Figure 5 - 1
POST Screen

The Power-On Self Test (POST)

Each time you turn on the computer, the system takes a few seconds to conduct a **POST**, including a quick test of the on-board RAM (memory).

As the **POST** proceeds, the computer will tell you if there is anything wrong. If there is a problem that prevents the system from booting, it will display a system summary and prompt you to run **Setup**.

If there are no problems, the **Setup** prompt will disappear and the system will load the operating system. Once that starts, you can't get into **Setup** without rebooting.

```

Phoenix SecureCore(tm) Desktop
Copyright 1985-2007 Phoenix Technologies Ltd.
All Rights Reserved
BIOS Revision: ***** 1
KBC/EC Firmware Revision: *****
CPU = 1 Processors Detected, Cores per Processor = 2 2
Intel(R) Core(TM)2 CPU P8700 @ 2.53GHz
600K System RAM Passed
1022M Extended RAM Passed 3
3072 KB L2 Cache
System BIOS shadowed
Video BIOS shadowed
Fixed Disk 0: FUJITSU MHZ2250BH G2
ATAPI CD-ROM: TSSTcorp CDDVDW TS-L633A
Mouse intialized

Press <F2> to enter SETUP 4
    
```

Failing the POST

Errors can be detected during the **POST**. There are two categories, “fatal” and “non-fatal”.

Fatal Errors

These stop the boot process and usually indicate there is something seriously wrong with your system. Take the computer to your service representative or authorized service center as soon as possible.

Non-Fatal Errors

This kind of error still allows you to boot. You will get a message identifying the problem (make a note of this message!) followed by the prompt:

- Press <F1> to resume
- <F2> to enter Setup

Press **F1** to see if the boot process can continue. It may work, without the correct configuration.

Press **F2** to run the **Setup** program and try to correct the problem. If you still get an error message after you change the setting, or if the “cure” seems even worse, call for help.

The Setup Utility

The **Phoenix Setup** utility tells the system how to configure itself and manage basic features and subsystems (e.g. port configuration).

Entering Setup

To enter *Setup*, turn on the computer and press **F2** during the **POST**. The prompt (*Press F2 to Enter Setup*) seen in **Figure 5 - 1** on page **5 - 2** is usually present for a few seconds after you turn on the system. If you get a “Keyboard Error”, (usually because you pressed **F2** too quickly) just press **F2** again.

If the computer is already on, reboot using the **Ctrl + Alt + Delete** combination and then hold down **F2** when prompted. The *Setup* main menu will appear.

Setup Screens

The following pages contain additional advice on **portions** of the *Setup*.

Along the top of the screen is a menu bar with menu headings. When you select a heading, a new screen appears. Scroll through the features listed on each screen to make changes to *Setup*.

Instructions on how to navigate each screen are in the box along the bottom of the screen. If these tools are confusing, press **F1** to call up a **General Help** screen, and then use the arrow keys to scroll up or down the page.

The **Item Specific Help** on the right side of each screen explains the highlighted item and has useful messages about its options.

If you see an arrow ► next to an item, press **Enter** to go to a sub-menu on that subject. The sub-menu screen that appears has a similar layout, but the **Enter** key may execute a command.

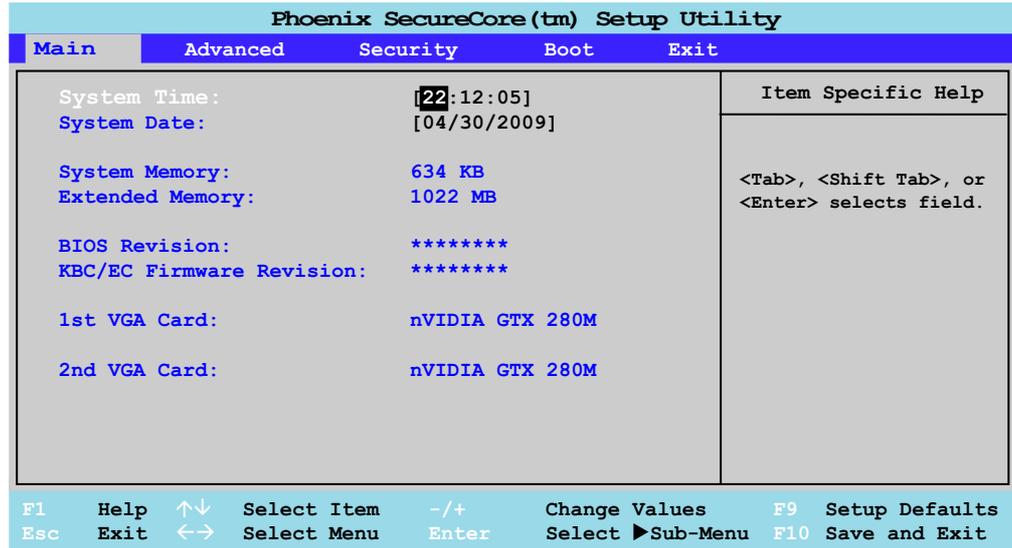


Setup Menus

The **Setup** menus shown in this section are for **reference** only. Your computer's menus will indicate the configuration appropriate for your model and options.

Main Menu

Figure 5 - 2
Main Menu



System Time & Date (Main Menu)

The hour setting uses the 24-hour system (i.e., 00 = midnight; 13 = 1 pm). If you can change the date and time settings in your operating system, you will also change these settings. Some applications may also alter data files to reflect these changes.

System/Extended Memory: (Main Menu)

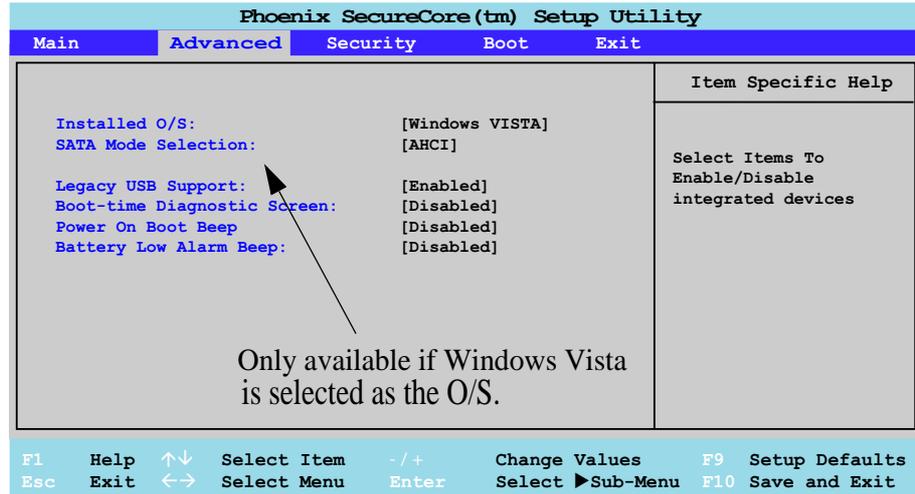
This item contains information on the system memory, and is not user configurable. The system will auto detect the amount of memory installed.

BIOS Revision/VGA Card etc. (Main Menu)

This item contains information on the BIOS version and video card etc., and is not user configurable.

Advanced Menu

Figure 5 - 3
Advanced Menu



Installed O/S (Advanced Menu)

This setting tells the computer what kind of operating system you're using. Make sure you choose the correct setting for your O/S in order to prevent system problems. Note: If you select the *Vista* O/S then the **SATA Mode Selection** menu will become available.

SATA Mode Selection (Advanced Menu)

This menu is only available if you select the **Vista** O/S as your operating system. You may **enable/disable SATA RAID or AHCI** mode for your hard disks, however **you should only enable/disable SATA RAID or AHCI BEFORE installing an operating system**, and after you have backed up all necessary files and data (see sidebar).

Legacy USB Support: (Advanced Menu)

Choose “**Enabled**” if you intend to use **USB** devices in systems which do not normally support USB functionality (e.g. DOS). The default setting is “**Enabled**” and does not need to be changed if you intend to use your USB devices in **Windows**.

Boot-time Diagnostic Screen: (Advanced Menu)

Use this menu item to enable/disable the Boot-time Diagnostic Screen.

Power On Boot Beep (Advanced Menu)

Use this menu item to enable/disable the beep as the computer starts up.

Battery Low Alarm Beep: (Advanced Menu)

Use this menu item to enable/disable the battery low alarm beep.



SATA Mode Selection

If you have installed the **Windows Vista** operating system with either **AHCI or RAID** mode enabled, **DO NOT** disable the set mode (if you wish to disable the set mode you will need to reinstall the *Windows Vista* OS).



Security Menu

The changes you make here affect the access to the **Setup** utility itself, and also access to your machine as it boots up after you turn it on. These settings do not affect your machine or network passwords which will be set in your software OS.

5

Security Menu

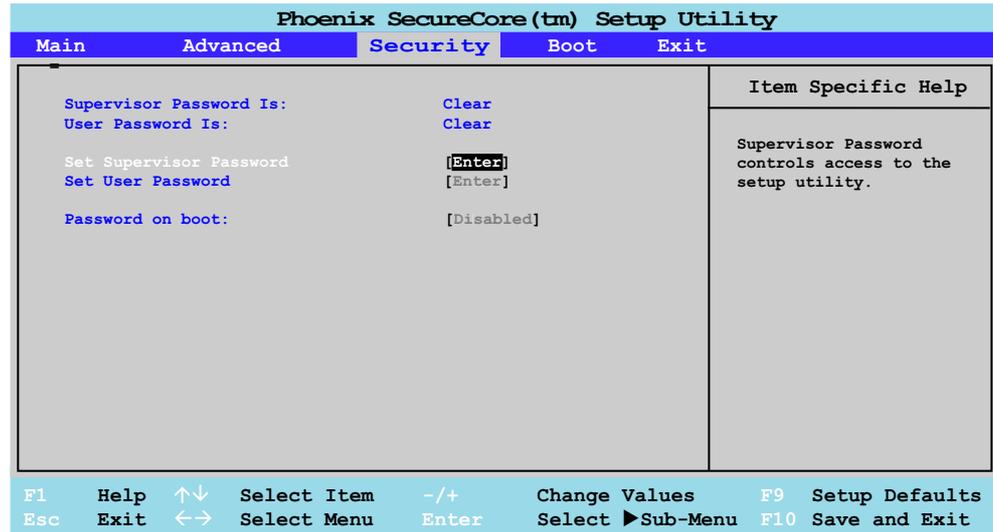


Figure 5 - 4 Security Menu

Set Supervisor Password (Security Menu)

You can set a password for access to the **Phoenix SecureCore Setup Utility**. This will not affect access to the computer OS (only the **Phoenix SecureCore Setup Utility**).

Set User Password (Security Menu)

You can set a password for user mode access to the **Phoenix SecureCore Setup Utility**. This will not affect access to the computer OS, (only the *Setup* utility) unless you choose to set a ***Password on Boot*** (see below). Many menu items in the **Phoenix SecureCore Setup Utility** cannot be modified in user mode. You can only set the user password after you have set the supervisor password.

Password on boot (Security Menu)

Specify whether or not a password should be entered to boot the computer (**you may only set a password on boot if a supervisor password is enabled**). If “*Enabled*” is selected, only users who enter a correct password can boot the system (**see the warning in the sidebar**). The default setting is “*Disabled*”.

Note: To clear existing passwords press **Enter** and type the existing password, then press **Enter** for the new password (without typing any password entry) and **Enter** again to confirm the password clearance.



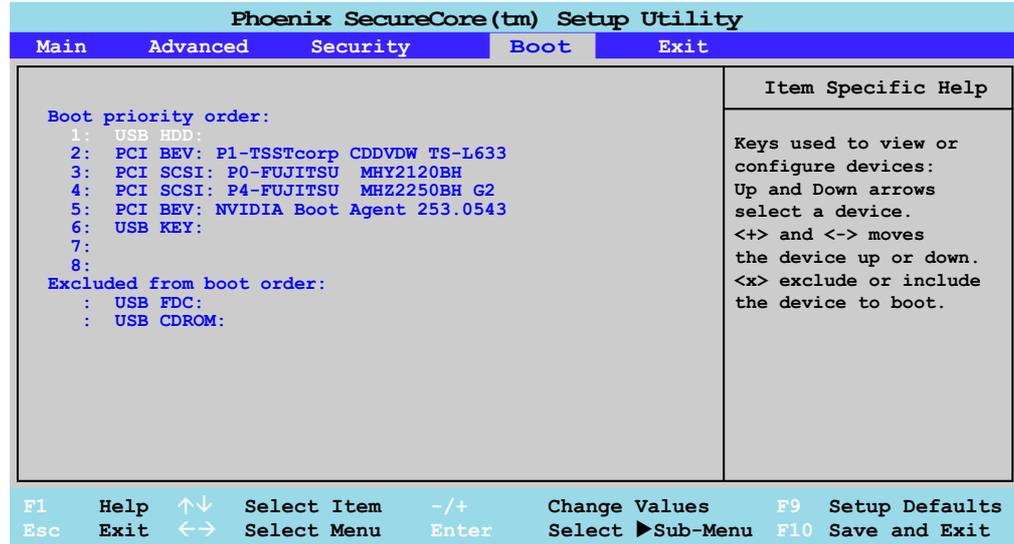
Password Warning

If you set a boot password (Password on boot is “Enabled”), **NEVER** forget your password.

The consequences of this could be serious. If you cannot remember your boot password you must contact your vendor and you may lose all of the information on your hard disk.

Boot Menu

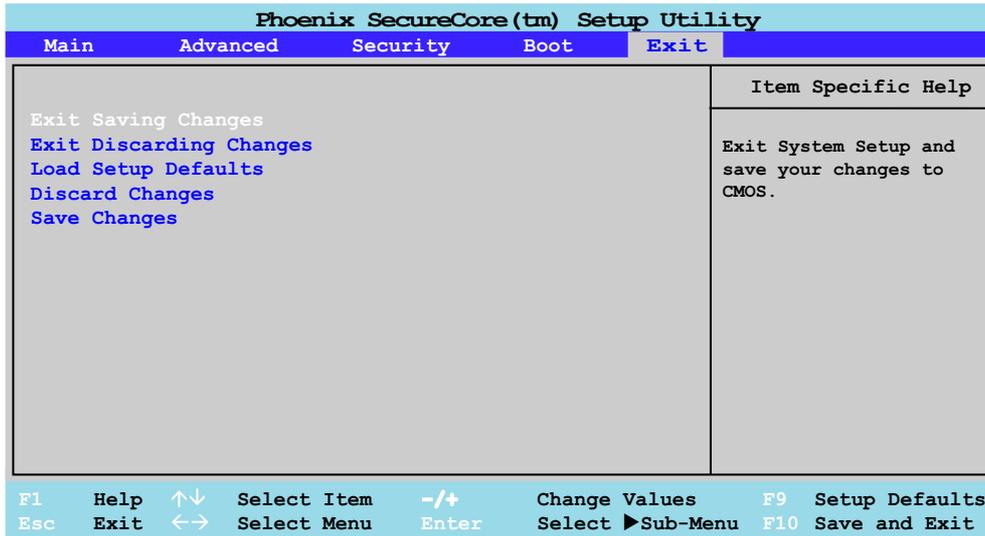
Figure 5 - 5
Boot Menu



When you turn the computer on it will look for an operating system (e.g. *Windows Vista*) from the devices listed in this menu, and **in this priority order**. If it cannot find the operating system on that device, it will try to load it from the next device in the order specified in the **Boot priority order**. Item specific help on the right is available to help you move devices up and down the order.

Exit Menu

Figure 5 - 6
Exit Menu



Choosing to *Discard Changes*, or *Exit Discarding Changes*, will wipe out any changes you have made to the *Setup*. You can also choose to restore the original *Setup* defaults that will return the *Setup* to its original state, and erase any previous changes you have made in a previous session.

Chapter 6: Upgrading The Computer

Overview

This chapter contains information on upgrading the computer. Follow the steps outlined to make the desired upgrades. If you have any trouble or problems you can contact your service representative for further help. Before you begin you will need:

- A small crosshead or Phillips screwdriver
- A small regular slotted (flathead) screwdriver
- An antistatic wrist strap

Before working with the internal components you will need to wear an antistatic wrist strap to ground yourself because static electricity may damage the components.

The chapter includes:

- Removing the Battery
- Upgrading the Hard Disk Drive
- Upgrading the System Memory (RAM)
- Upgrading the Optical (CD/DVD) Device

Please make sure that you review each procedure before you perform it.



Warranty Warning

Please check with your service representative before undertaking any upgrade procedures to find out if this will VOID your warranty.



Power Safety Warning

Before you undertake any upgrade procedures, make sure that you have turned off the power, and disconnected all peripherals and cables (including telephone lines). It is advisable to also remove your battery in order to prevent accidentally turning the machine on.

When Not to Upgrade

These procedures involve opening the system's case, adding and sometimes replacing parts. You should **not** perform any of these upgrades if:

- Your system is still under warranty or a service contract
- You don't have all the necessary equipment
- You're not in the correct environment
- You doubt your abilities

Under any of these conditions, contact your service representative to purchase or replace the component(s).



Removal Warning

When removing any cover(s) and screw(s) for the purposes of device upgrade, remember to replace the cover(s) and screw(s) before turning the computer on.

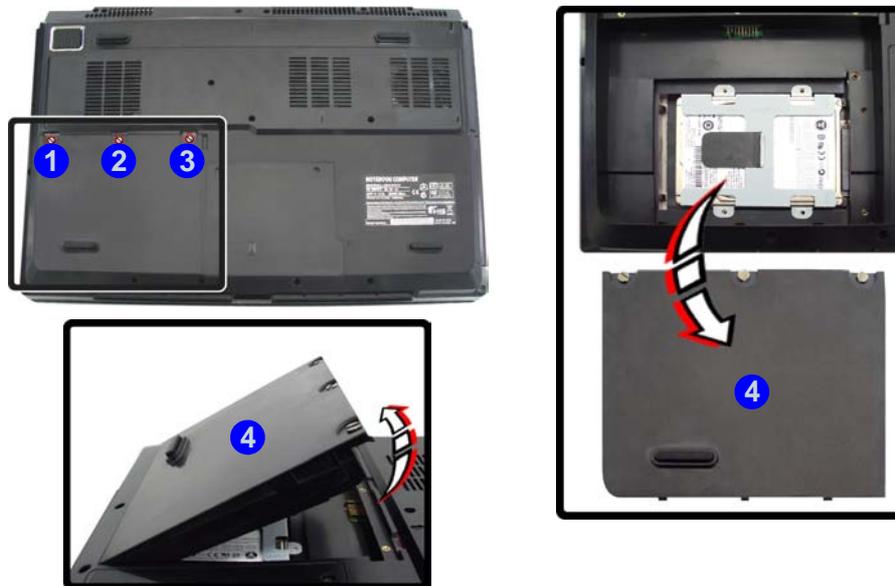
Upgrading the Processor

If you want to upgrade your computer by replacing the existing processor with a faster/new one you will need to contact your customer service representative. We recommend that you do not do this yourself, since if it is done incorrectly you may damage the processor or mainboard.

Removing the Battery

If you are confident in undertaking upgrade procedures yourself, for safety reasons it is best to remove the battery.

1. Turn the computer off and turn it over.
2. Loosen screws ① - ③ and carefully lift the battery ④ up.
3. Remove the battery from the battery bay.



Warranty Warning

Please check with your service representative before undertaking any upgrade procedures to find out if this will VOID your warranty.

Figure 6 - 1
Battery Removal



HDD System Warning

New HDD's are blank. Before you begin make sure:
You have backed up any data you want to keep from your old HDD.

You have all the CD-ROMs and FDDs required to install your operating system and programs.

If you have access to the internet, download the latest application and hardware driver updates for the operating system you plan to install. Copy these to a removable medium.

Upgrading the Hard Disk Drive

The hard disk drive(s) can be taken out to accommodate other 2.5" serial (SATA) hard disk drives with a height of 9.5mm (h) (see *“Storage” on page C - 3*). Follow your operating system's installation instructions, and install all necessary drivers and utilities (as outlined in *“Drivers & Utilities” on page 4 - 1*), when setting up a new hard disk.

1. Turn **off** the computer, and turn it over and remove the battery.
2. Locate the hard disk bay cover and remove screws **1** & **2**.



Figure 6 - 2
**Component Bay
Cover Screws**

3. Remove the hard disk bay cover **3**.
4. Remove screws **4** - **9** from the hard disk assembly.
5. Remove the hard disk assembly by pulling the tab to disconnect it from the connector **10**.

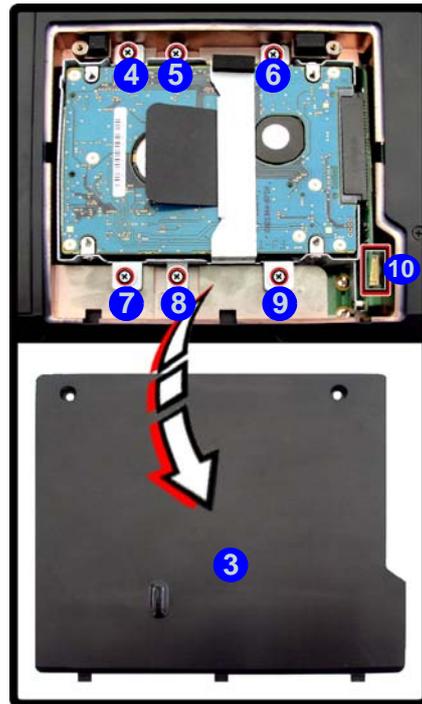


Figure 6 - 3
**Bay Cover Removal
& Hard Disk
Assembly Screws**

Upgrading The Computer

6. Remove screws 11 - 20 (depending on how many hard disks you have installed in the assembly).
7. Separate the hard disk board 21 from the case 22.
8. Separate the hard disk(s) 23 & 24 from the case.
9. Reverse the process to install any new hard disk(s).

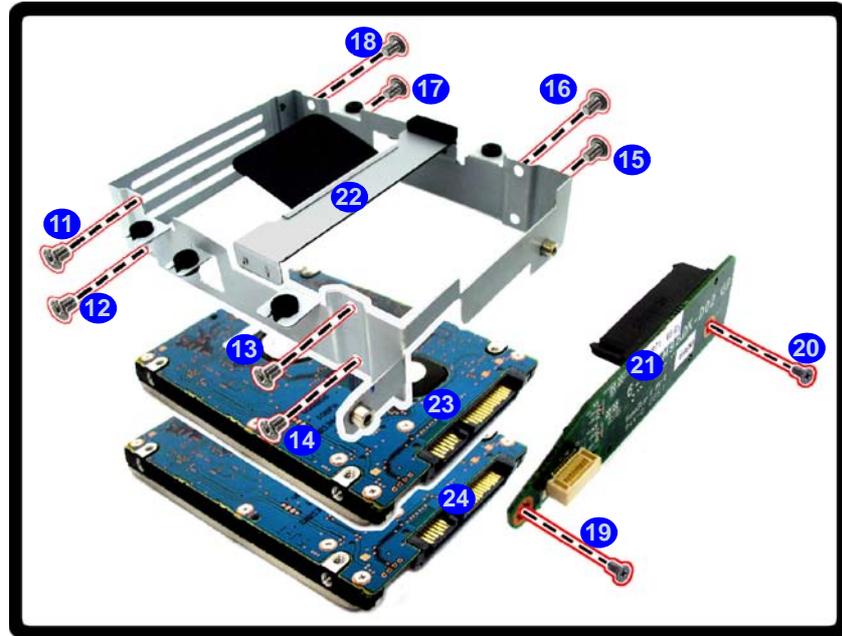


Figure 6 - 4
Hard Disk(s)
Removal

Removing the Hard Disk in the Secondary HDD Bay

1. Turn **off** the computer, and turn it over and remove the battery.
2. The secondary hard disk bay is located under the battery compartment.
3. Remove screws **25** - **28**.
4. Slide the hard disk assembly in the direction of the arrow **29**.
5. Lift the hard disk assembly **30** out of the compartment.
6. Remove the screws **31** - **34** to release the hard disk from the case **35**.
7. Reverse the process to install any new hard disk(s).

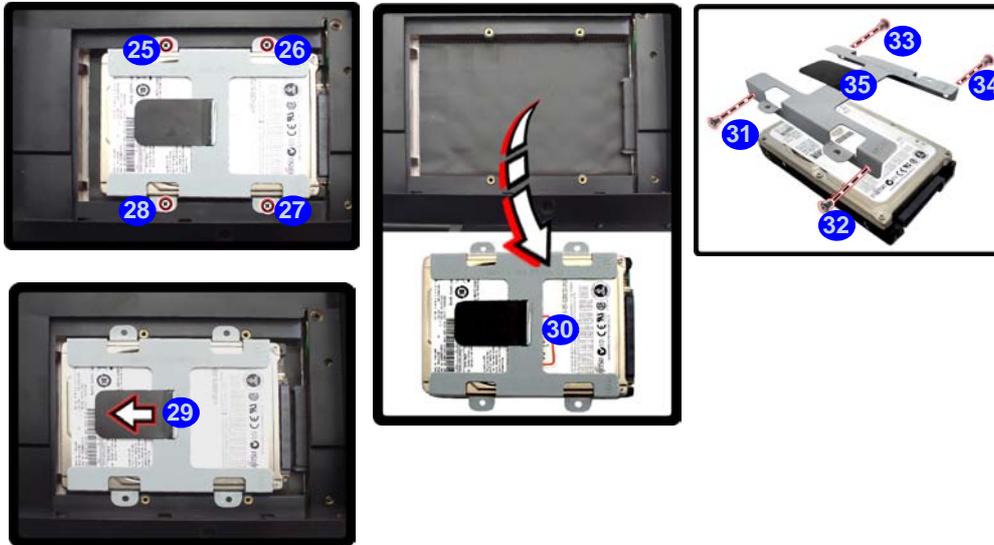


Figure 6 - 5
**Secondary HDD
 Removal**

Upgrading the System Memory (RAM)

The computer has **two** memory sockets for 204 pin Small Outline Dual In-line (SO-DIMM) **DDR III (DDR3)** type memory modules (see *“Memory” on page C - 2*). The total memory size is automatically detected by the POST routine once you turn on your computer.

1. Turn **off** the computer, and turn it over and remove the battery.
2. Locate the component bay cover and remove screws **1** - **5**.

6

Figure 6 - 6
**Component Bay
Cover Screws**



- Remove screws **6** & **7** from the bottom of the computer.



Figure 6 - 7
**Bottom LED Cover
Module Screws**

- Turn the computer over, open the Lid/LCD, and carefully (a cable **8** is connected to the underside of the LED cover module) lift up the LED cover module **9**.

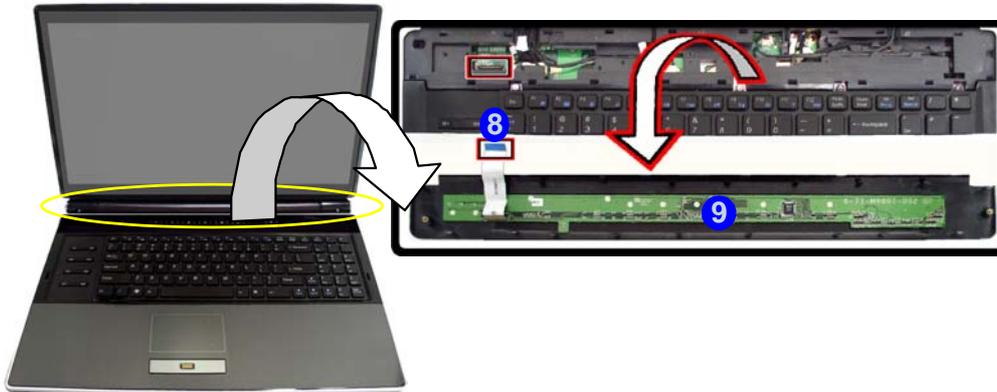


Figure 6 - 8
**LED Cover Module
Removal**

Upgrading The Computer

- Remove screws **10** - **14** from the keyboard.

Figure 6 - 9
Keyboard Screws



- Carefully lift the keyboard up, being careful not to bend the keyboard ribbon cable.
- Disconnect the keyboard ribbon cable **15** from the locking collar socket **16**.

Figure 6 - 10
**Disconnect the
Keyboard Locking
Collar**



- Remove the keyboard (17) and keyboard shielding plate (18).

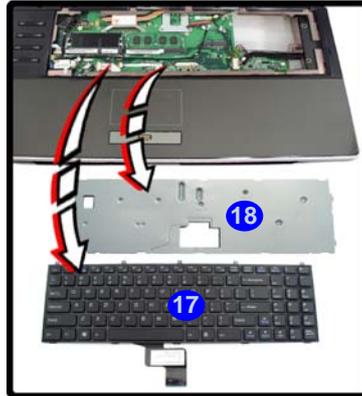


Figure 6 - 11
Bay Cover Removal

- Gently pull the two release latches (19 & 20) on the sides of the memory socket in the direction indicated below.

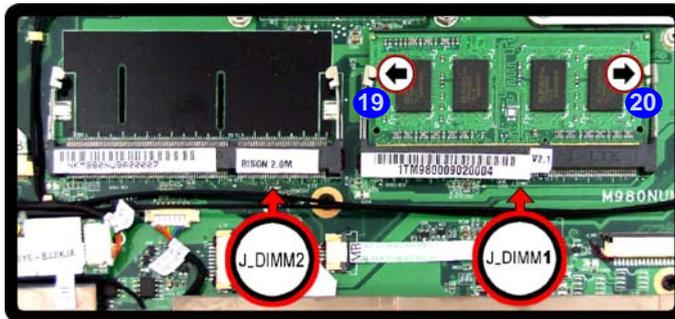


Figure 6 - 12
**RAM Module
Release Latches**



Single Memory Module Installation

If your computer has a single memory module, then insert the module into the **Channel 0 (JDIMM1)** socket as shown in *Figure 6 - 12*.

Upgrading The Computer

- The RAM module **21** will pop-up, and you can remove it.

Figure 6 - 13
**RAM Module
Removal**



Contact Warning

Be careful not to touch the metal pins on the module's connecting edge. Even the cleanest hands have oils which can attract particles, and degrade the module's performance.

LED Module Cable

Make sure you reconnect the LED Module cable **8** (see *Figure 6 - 8*).



- Pull the latches to release the second module if necessary.
- Insert a new module holding it at about a 30° angle and fit the connectors firmly into the memory socket.
- The module's pin alignment will allow it to only fit one way. Make sure the module is seated as far into the socket as it will go. **DO NOT FORCE** the module; it should fit without much pressure.
- Press the module in and down towards the mainboard until the socket levers click into place to secure the module.
- Replace the cover and screws (see *Figure 6 - 8*).
- Restart the computer to allow the BIOS will register the new memory configuration as it starts up.

Upgrading the Optical (CD/DVD) Device

1. Locate the hard disk bay cover and remove screws **1** & **2**.
2. Remove the hard disk bay cover **3**.
3. Remove the screw at point **4**, and use a screwdriver to carefully push out the optical device at point **5**.
4. Reverse the process to install any new optical device.



Figure 6 - 14
**Removing the CD/
 DVD Device**



Warranty Warning

Please check with your service representative before undertaking any upgrade procedures to find out if this will VOID your warranty.

6

Upgrading the Video Card

If you intend to upgrade or add another VGA card follow the procedures outlined here. However please check with your service representative first to make sure your computer can support more than one video card, and that you are not going to void your warranty. Pay careful attention to the alignment of any video card into the slot on the mainboard.

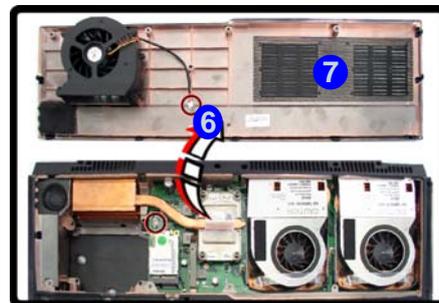
1. Turn **off** the computer, and turn it over and remove the battery.
2. Locate the component bay cover and remove screws **1** - **5**
3. Carefully (a fan and cable are attached to the under side of the cover) lift up the bay cover.
4. Carefully disconnect the fan cable **6**, and remove the cover **7**.

Figure 6 - 15
**Bay Cover Screws &
Bay Cover Removal**



Fan Cable

Make sure you reconnect the fan cable **6** before screwing down the bay cover.



- Remove screws **8** - **10** (two video cards are pictured here) from the video card fan(s) and disconnect the fan cable(s) **11** (if two cards are present).
- Remove the RAM fan(s) **12**.

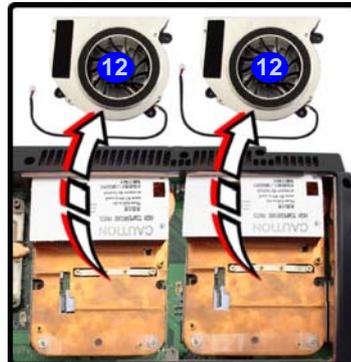
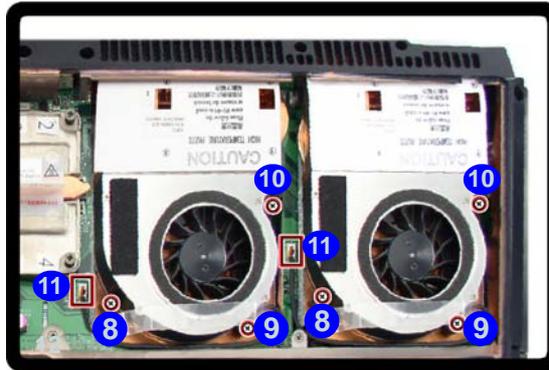


Figure 6 - 16
**Video Card Fan
Screws**



Caution

The heat sink, and video card area in general, contains parts which are subject to high temperatures. Allow the area time to cool before removing these parts.

Figure 6 - 17
**Video Card Fan
Removal**

Upgrading The Computer



Caution

The heat sink, and video card area in general, contains parts which are subject to high temperatures. Allow the area time to cool before removing these parts.

7. Remove screws **13** - **16** from the heatsink in the order indicated on the label (two video cards are pictured here).
8. Grip the handle **17** and carefully remove the heatsink **18**.
9. Remove screws **19** - **21** from the video card.

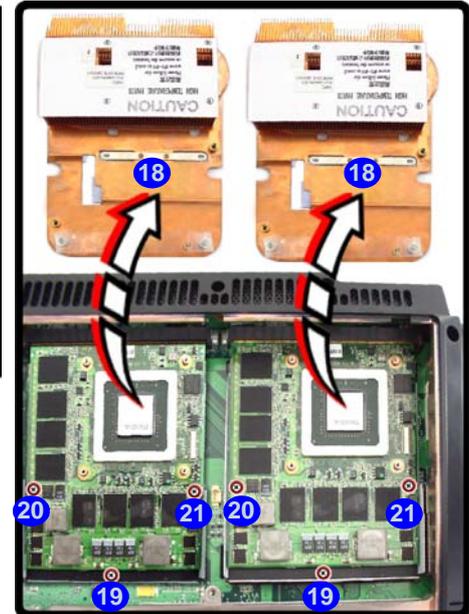
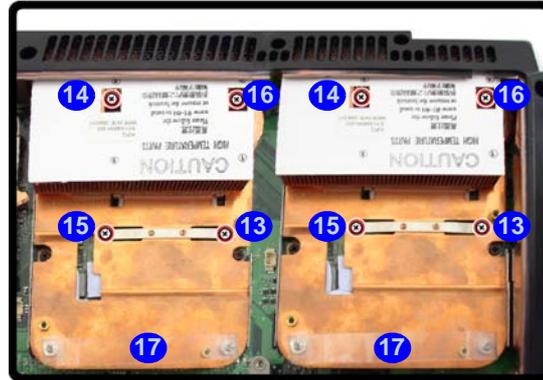
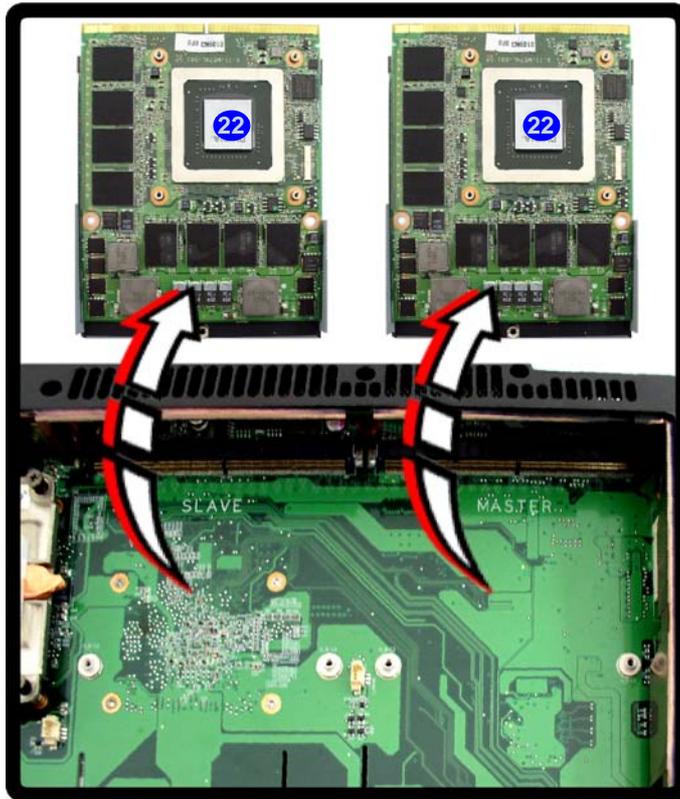


Figure 6 - 18
Heatsink Removal

- Carefully remove the video card **22**.



Caution

The heat sink, and video card area in general, contains parts which are subject to high temperatures. Allow the area time to cool before removing these parts.

6

Figure 6 - 19
Video Card Removal



Contact Warning

Be careful not to touch the metal pins on the VGA card's connecting edge. Even the cleanest hands have oils which can attract particles, and degrade the module's performance.

Installing a New Video Card

1. Prepare to fit the video card into the slot by holding it at about a 30° angle.



2. The card needs to be fully into the slot, and the video card and socket have a guide-key and pin which align to allow the card to fit securely.

Figure 6 - 20
**Video Card
Insertion**

- Fit the connectors firmly into the socket, straight and evenly.
- DO NOT attempt to push one end of the card in ahead of the other.

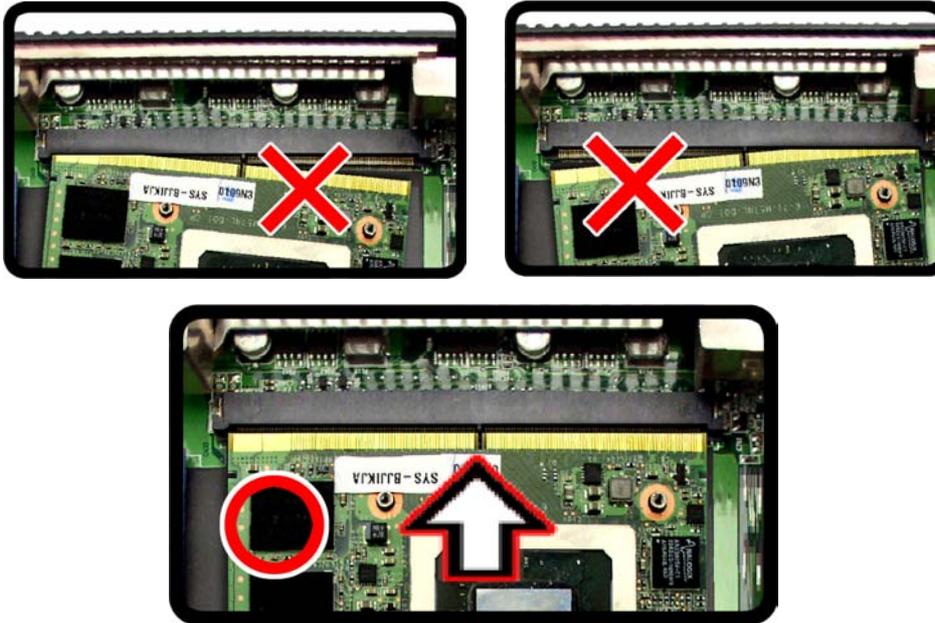


Figure 6 - 21
**Video Card Insertion
Procedure**

- The card's pin alignment will allow it to only fit one way. **Make sure the module is seated as far into the socket as it will go** (none of the gold colored contact should be showing). DO NOT FORCE the card; it should fit without much pressure.

Upgrading The Computer

6. Secure the card with screws 19 - 21 (*Figure 6 - 18 on page 6 - 16*).
7. Place the heatsink back on the card, and secure the screws in the order indicated in *Figure 6 - 18 on page 6 - 16*.
8. Attach the video card fan and secure with the screws as indicated in *Figure 6 - 16 on page 6 - 15*.
9. Reinsert the component bay cover, and secure with the screws as indicated in *Figure 6 - 15 on page 6 - 14* (make sure you reconnect the fan cable before screwing down the bay cover).

Chapter 7: Modules

Overview

This chapter contains the information on the various modules (some of which are **optional**) which may come with your computer, depending on the configuration purchased. If you are unsure please contact your service representative.

The chapter includes information on the following:

- Setting Up SATA RAID or AHCI Modes
- Bluetooth Module
- Wireless LAN Module
- PC Camera Module
- TV Tuner Module
- Fingerprint Reader Module



SATA Mode Selection

If you have installed the *Windows Vista* operating system with either **AHCI** or **RAID** mode enabled, **DO NOT** disable the set mode (if you wish to disable the set mode you will need to reinstall the *Windows Vista* OS).

Setting Up SATA RAID or AHCI Modes

AHCI Mode

Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing (for maximum hard disk efficiency and performance). AHCI mode can be supported by one or two hard disks.

RAID

You may use your hard disks (if you have included more than one hard disk in your purchase option) in combination with Striping (RAID 0) or Mirroring (RAID 1) for either fault tolerance or performance (see [Table 7 - 1, on page 7 - 4](#)). To configure your system in Striping (RAID 0) or Mirroring (RAID 1) modes you will require **at least two** hard disks.

RAID Setup

You may use your hard disks (if you have included more than one hard disk in your purchase option) in combination with **Striping (RAID 0)** or **Mirroring (RAID 1)** or for either fault tolerance or performance (see [Table 7 - 1, on page 7 - 4](#)). To configure your system in Striping (RAID 0) or Mirroring (RAID 1) modes you will require **at least two** hard disks.



RAID Enable/Disable Warning

DO NOT Enable/Disable the RAID in **SATA Mode Selection** in the BIOS unless you intend to reinstall your operating system. Make sure you have backed up all your data before doing so.

Note that if you do not wish to use the RAID configuration go to the **Advanced > Advanced Chipset Control** menu and set the **SATA Mode Selection** item to **AHCI** (see [Figure 5 - 3 on page 5 - 8](#)) before installing the operating system.

Table 7 - 1
RAID Levels



Array Types

A **Mirrored Array (RAID 1)** provides full data protection, as data can simply be copied from a healthy disk to a replacement for any failed disk.

A **Striped Array (RAID 0)** is **NOT** fault-tolerant. The failure of one drive will result in the loss of all data in the array. It is designed to increase disk performance by spreading the I/O load across the channels and drives.

RAID Level	Description
RAID 0	Identical drives reading and writing data in parallel to increase performance . RAID 0 implements a striped disk array and the data is broken into blocks and each block is written to a separate disk drive.
RAID 1	Identical drives in a mirrored configuration used to protect data . Should a drive that is part of a mirrored array fail, the mirrored drive (which contains identical data) will handle all the data. When a new replacement drive is installed, data to the new drive is rebuilt from the mirrored drive to restore fault tolerance.

To configure the RAID you will need to do the following:

1. Setup the serial hard disks in the computer (this may have already been done for you, or see *"Upgrading the Hard Disk Drive" on page 6 - 4*).
2. **Use an operable computer** to copy the RAID folder on the **Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual disc** (containing the drivers) to a USB flash drive.
3. Enable the RAID option in the BIOS.
4. Create the array from the **MediaShield BIOS Utility**.
5. Install the **Windows Vista** operating system.
6. Install the drivers from the **Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual disc**.

RAID Mode Setup

1. Start-up your notebook computer and press <F2> to enter the **BIOS**.
2. Go to the **Advanced** menu, select “**SATA Mode Selection**” and press Enter (see page 5 - 7).

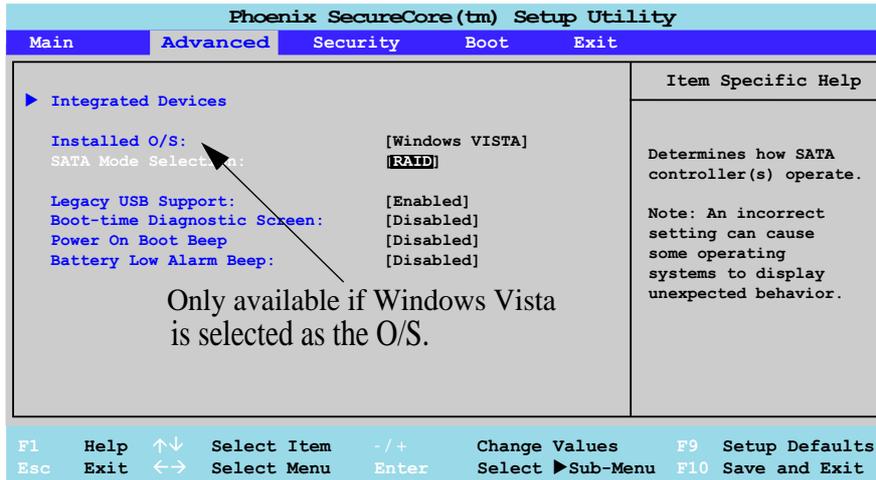


Figure 7 - 1
BIOS > Advanced
(SATA Mode Selection)

3. Select “**RAID**” or “**AHCI**”.
4. Press **Esc** and go to the **Boot** menu.
5. Set the **CD/DVD-ROM Drive** (make sure the **Microsoft Windows OS CD** is inserted) as the first device in the boot order from the **Boot** menu.
6. Select **Exit Saving Changes** from the **Exit** menu (or press **F10** and Enter) and press Enter to exit the BIOS and reboot the computer.

- As the computer boots up you will see the screen below if no disk array is defined (press **F10** to enter the utility).

Figure 7 - 2
MediaShield ROM
BIOS Startup

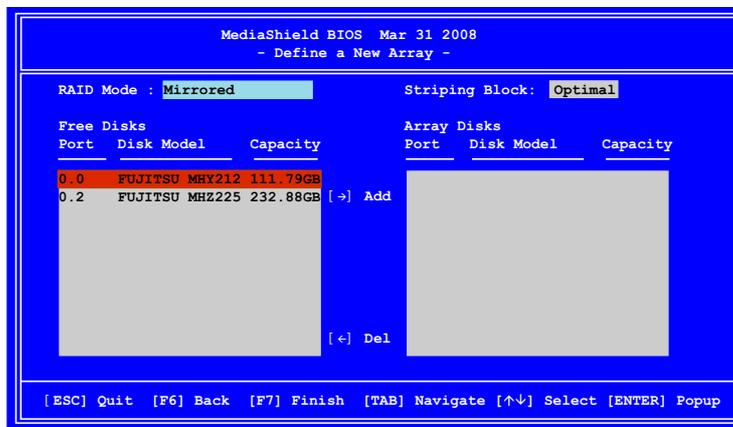
```
MediaShield ROM BIOS 10.0.0.31
Copyright (C) 2008 NVIDIA Corp.

Detecting storage devices...
1  0.1  TSSTcorp CDDVDW TS-L633A

Press F10 to enter RAID setup utility ...
```

- The **MediaShield ROM BIOS Utility** will then appear (if you have not previously set up an array then you will be presented with the “**Define a New Array**” menu).

Figure 7 - 3
MediaShield BIOS
Define A New Array



9. Press **Tab** to navigate through the menu options, the up/down **arrow keys** to move up and down the drop-down menus, and **Enter** to select an option.
10. Any available free hard disks will appear in the menu on the left, and these may be moved into (and removed from) the array by means of the left/right **arrow keys**.
11. Use the “**Define a New Array**” menu to:
 - Select the RAID mode
 - Set up the Striping Block
 - Specify the hard disks to be included in the RAID Array

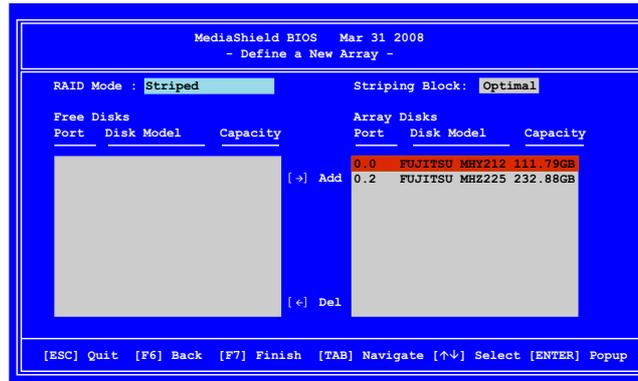
Selecting the RAID Mode

The default setting for the **RAID Mode** is “*Mirrored*”. This system supports both “*Mirrored*” and “*Striped*” modes.

Assigning Disks

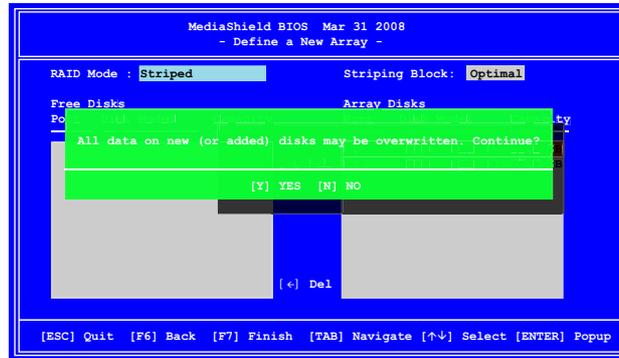
Use the **Tab** key to move to the **Free Disks** section and the first disk will be selected. Use the **right arrow** key to move the selected disk into the **Array Disks** section. Add any further disks to the **Array Disks** section in the same way.

Figure 7 - 4
MediaShield BIOS
Disks Assigned to
Array



12. After assigning the RAID Array, press **F7**.
13. The clear disk data prompt appears.

Figure 7 - 5
MediaShield BIOS
Overwrite Disk
Data



- Press **Y** to clear all drive data, and the **Y** to clear **MBR** (Master Boot Record) if applicable (**note that when you clear the MBR all data will be destroyed**).

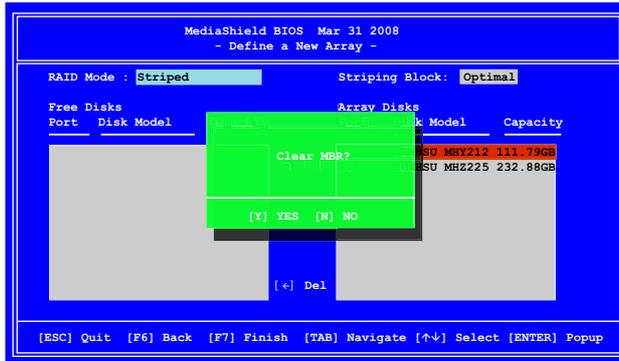


Figure 7 - 6
MediaShield BIOS
Clear MBR

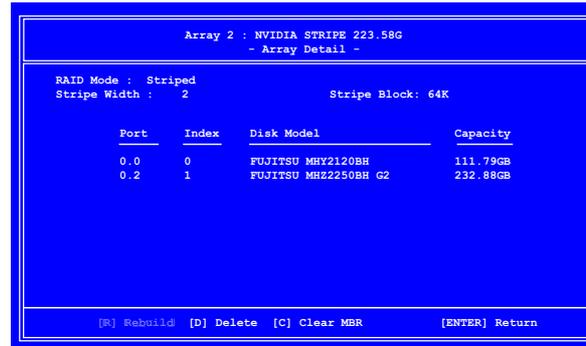
- Press **B** (Set Boot) to make the array bootable (the Boot column should be ticked).



Figure 7 - 7
MediaShield BIOS
Array List

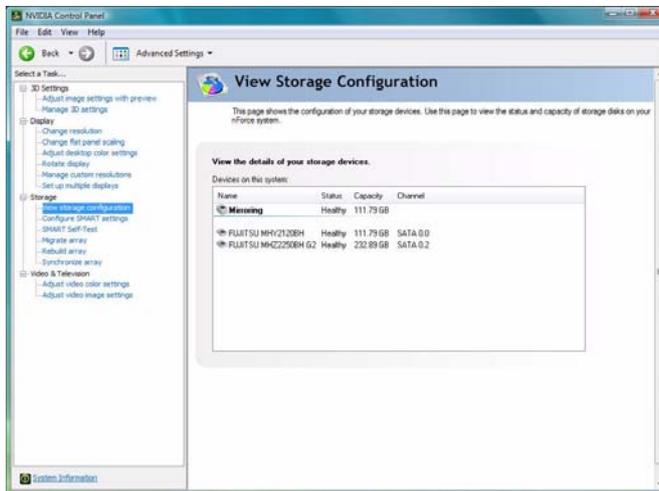
Figure 7 - 8
MediaShield BIOS
Array Detail

- Press **Enter** to access the **Array Detail** window which displays information on the selected Array.



- If you want to mark a disk as empty and wipe out all the contents (**note that when you clear the MBR all data will be destroyed**), then press **C**.
- Press **Y** to wipe out all the data, otherwise press **N**.
- Press **Enter** to return to the **Array List** window, and then press **Ctrl + X** to exit.
- You will now need to install the **Windows OS**.
- Insert the **Microsoft Windows Vista OS CD** into the CD/DVD drive, and connect an external USB flash drive to the notebook computer (make sure that the CD/DVD drive is set as the first device in the "**Boot priority order**") with.
- Press a key when you see the message "**Press any key to start up from the CD/ Press any key to boot from CD**".
- Windows Vista** will prompt you with a **Load Driver** warning.
- Click **Browse** and navigate to the RAID driver location folder on the USB flash drive and click **OK**.

25. Select the NVIDIA nForce RAID Controller:
 - (C:\Raid\x64\nvrd64.inf) - for **64-bit** Windows Vista
 - (C:\Raid\x86\nvrd32.inf) - for **32-bit** Windows Vista
26. Click **Next** to continue the **Windows Vista** installation (see your **Windows** documentation if you need help on installing the **Windows** OS).
27. Install the drivers as per the instructions in **“Drivers & Utilities” on page 4 - 1**.
28. Run the **Nvidia** control panel from **Start > Programs/All Programs > NVIDIA Corporation > NVIDIA Control Panel > Storage** (choose Advanced or Standard).
29. The **Storage Control Panel** displays information on the arrays you have setup.





Help

Select **Help** or press **F1** to bring up the NVIDIA Control Panel **Help** menu. Select **Storage** from the **Contents** menu to get help on any storage topic.

Figure 7 - 9
NVIDIA Control Panel Storage



Rebuilding the Array

The wizard will help you rebuild one of the arrays member disks and it will run in the background. You can continue to use the computer while the rebuild is in process, but it may take up to a day to complete.

Make sure you turn off all power-saving settings e.g. Standby or Hibernate when rebuilding the array as the process will be suspended while power-saving modes are in operation.

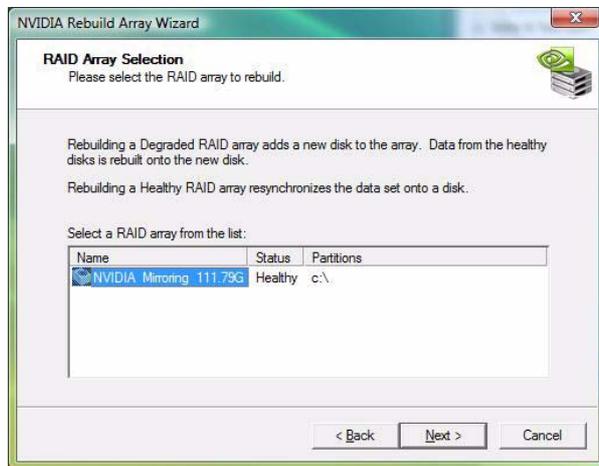
Figure 7 - 10
Select RAID

The NVIDIA Storage Control Panel

The NVIDIA Storage control panel may be used to **rebuild**, **migrate** or **synchronize** the array.

Rebuilding the Array

1. Run the **Nvidia** control panel from **Start > Programs/All Programs > NVIDIA Corporation > NVIDIA Control Panel > Storage** (choose Advanced or Standard).
2. Click **Storage** from the left window.
3. Click on **Rebuild Array** and then click **Next** and a wizard will take you through the necessary steps.
4. Click to select the RAID and click **Next**.



Rebuilding Automatically

Rebuilding restores data to a hard drive from one of the other drives in the array. This will occur automatically if a spare disk is available.

5. Select the member disk to rebuild and click **Next**.

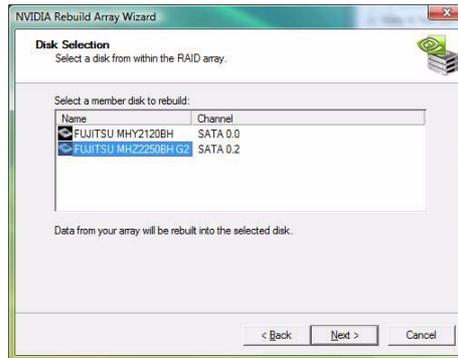


Figure 7 - 11
Disk Selection

6. Click **Finish** and the rebuilding task will begin (this may take time but you can still work on the system as it is being rebuilt).
7. A **Rebuild In Progress** pop-up balloon will appear in the taskbar as the rebuild progresses.
8. A **Rebuild Finished** pop-up balloon will appear in the taskbar when the rebuild finishes.
9. You can also check the rebuild status from the **View Storage Configuration** page in the **NVIDIA Storage Control Panel** (see [“NVIDIA Control Panel Storage” on page 7 - 11](#)).

Synchronizing the Array

1. Run the **Nvidia** control panel from **Start > Programs/All Programs > NVIDIA Corporation > NVIDIA Control Panel > Storage** (choose Advanced or Standard).
2. Click **Storage** from the left window.
3. Click on **Synchronize Array** and then click **Next** and a wizard will take you through the necessary steps.
4. Click to select the RAID and click **Next**.
5. The **Completing the NVIDIA Synchronize Array Wizard** will appear and you can click **Finish** to begin the process.
6. A **Synchronization Started** pop-up balloon will appear in the taskbar as the synchronization progresses.
7. A **Synchronization Finished** pop-up balloon will appear in the taskbar when the rebuild finishes.
8. You can also check the synchronization status from the **View Storage Configuration** page in the **NVIDIA Storage Control Panel** (see *“NVIDIA Control Panel Storage” on page 7 - 11*).

Migrating the Array

1. Run the **Nvidia** control panel from **Start > Programs/All Programs > NVIDIA Corporation > NVIDIA Control Panel > Storage** (choose Advanced or Standard).
2. Click **Storage** from the left window.
3. Click on **Migrate Array** and then click **Next** and a wizard will take you through the necessary steps.
4. Click to select the RAID and click **Next**.
5. Select the new RAID mode and click **Next**.
6. The **Completing the NVIDIA Migrate Array Wizard** will appear and you can click **Finish** to begin the process.
7. A **Migration Started** pop-up balloon will appear in the taskbar as the synchronization progresses.
8. A **Migration Finished** pop-up balloon will appear in the taskbar when the rebuild finishes.
9. You can also check the migration status from the **View Storage Configuration** page in the **NVIDIA Storage Control Panel** (see [“NVIDIA Control Panel Storage” on page 7 - 11](#)).



Migrating the Array

Migrating an array includes:

Adding disks to an array, e.g. changing a **2 disk** striping array to a **3 disk** striping array.

Changing to a different array type, e.g. changing from a **Mirrored** to **Striped** array.

Back up your data before migrating an array as data loss is possible if a disk failure occurs.



Wireless Device Operation Aboard Aircraft

The use of any portable electronic transmission devices aboard aircraft is usually prohibited. Make sure the module(s) are OFF if you are using the computer aboard aircraft.

Use the **Fn + F12** key combination/Touch Sensor Key to toggle power to the Bluetooth module, and check the LED to see if the module is powered on or not (see [Table 1 - 3, on page 1 - 10](#) / [Table 1 - 2, on page 1 - 8](#)).

Bluetooth Module

The **optional** Bluetooth module allows you to connect your computer to Bluetooth enabled devices such as other computers, desktop computers, mobile phones, printers, digital cameras, PDAs, headsets etc. using a short-range radio frequency.

Use the **Fn + F12 key combination** or **Touch Sensor Instant Key** to toggle power to the Bluetooth module. When the Bluetooth module is powered on, the  LED will be highlighted and the indicator  will briefly be displayed. The operating system's **Bluetooth Devices** control panel is used to configure the Bluetooth settings in *Windows Vista*, and therefore does not require a driver.



Bluetooth Data Transfer

Note that the transfer of data between the computer and a Bluetooth enabled device is supported **in one direction only (simultaneous data transfer is not supported)**. Therefore if you are copying a file from your computer to a Bluetooth enabled device, you will not be able to copy a file from the Bluetooth enabled device to your computer until the file transfer process from the computer has been completed.

Bluetooth Module & Resuming From Sleep Mode

The Bluetooth module's default state will be off after resuming from the **Sleep** power-saving state. Use the key combination (**Fn + F12**) to power on the Bluetooth module after the computer resumes from Sleep.

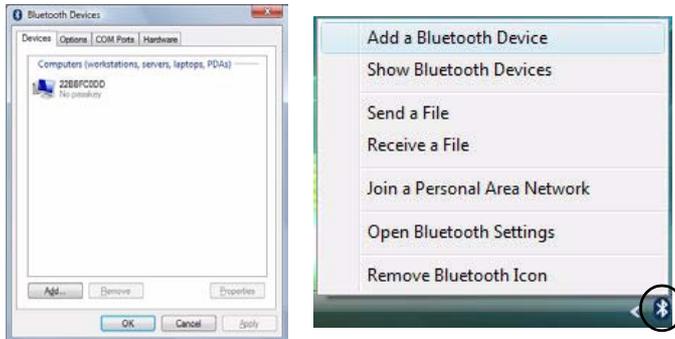
Bluetooth Configuration in Windows Vista

Setup your Bluetooth Device so the Computer Can Find it

1. Turn your Bluetooth device (e.g. PDA, mobile phone etc.) on.
2. Make the device discoverable (to do this check your device documentation).

To Turn the Bluetooth Module On

1. Press the **Fn + F12** key combination to power on the Bluetooth module.
2. A Bluetooth icon  will appear in the taskbar (see sidebar).
3. You can then do any of the following to access the **Bluetooth Devices** control panel.
 - **Double-click** the icon  to access the **Bluetooth Devices** control panel.
 - Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**), and then click **Bluetooth Devices (Hardware and Sound)**.
 - **Click/Right-click** the icon  and choose an option from the menu.



Bluetooth Taskbar Icon

If you cannot see the Bluetooth icon in the taskbar, access the **Bluetooth Devices** control panel. Click **Options** (tab), and make sure that **Show Bluetooth icon in the notification area** check box (**Connections**) has a tick inside it.

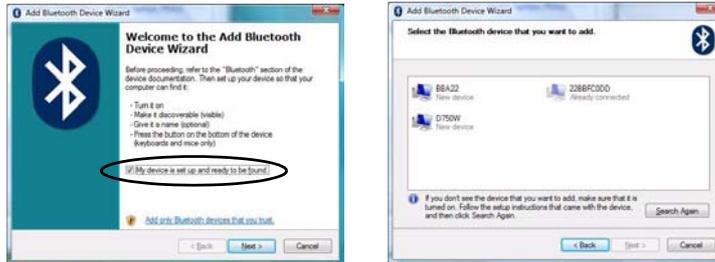
Note that you will need to check the LED indicator to see if the module is powered on or not.

Figure 7 - 12
Bluetooth Devices & Click Icon Menu

To Add a Bluetooth Device

1. Access the **Bluetooth Devices** control panel.
2. Click **Options** (tab), and make sure that **Allow Bluetooth devices to connect to this computer** check box (**Connections**) has a tick inside it.
3. Click **Devices** (tab), and then click **Add**.
4. The **Add Bluetooth Device Wizard** will appear.
5. Click to select “**My device is set up and ready to be found**”, and then click **Next**.

Figure 7 - 13
Add Bluetooth
Device Wizard



6. The **Wizard** will then search for any available Bluetooth devices within range.
7. Click to select the device you want to communicate with, and click **Next**.
8. Select an appropriate passkey option and click **Next**.



9. Click **Finish**.

Passkey Options

You can allow the system to choose a passkey for you. You will then be prompted to enter the generated passkey on your Bluetooth device.

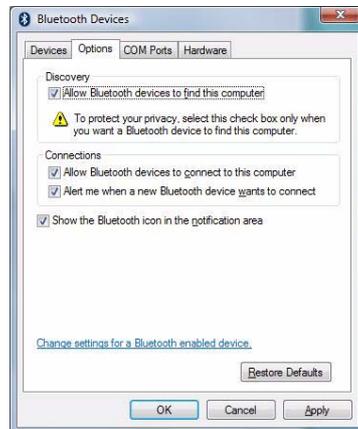
Figure 7 - 14
Passkey Option

To Change Settings for the Bluetooth Device

1. Access the **Bluetooth Devices** control panel.
2. Click on the device you want to change and click **Properties** to:
 - Change the **name** of the device (click **General**, type a new name and click **OK**).
 - Enable/Disable a **service** (click **Services**, clear/tick the check box next to the service and click **OK**).

To Make your Computer Discoverable to Bluetooth Devices

1. Access the **Bluetooth Devices** control panel.
2. Click **Options**, and make sure that **Allow Bluetooth devices to find this computer** check box (**Discovery**) has a tick inside it.
3. Make sure that **Alert me when a new Bluetooth device wants to connect** check box (**Connections**) has a tick inside it, if you want to be notified when a Bluetooth device wants to connect.



Bluetooth Help

To get help on Bluetooth configuration and settings, select **Help and Support** from the **Start** menu. Type Bluetooth in the **Search Help** box, and select an item from the returned search results to get more information.

Figure 7 - 15
Bluetooth Devices
Options



Wireless Device Operation Aboard Aircraft

The use of any portable electronic transmission devices aboard aircraft is usually prohibited. Make sure the module(s) are OFF if you are using the computer aboard aircraft.

Use the **Fn + F11** key combination/Touch Sensor Key to toggle power to the WLAN module, and check the LED to see if the module is powered on or not (see [Table 1 - 3, on page 1 - 10](#)/[Table 1 - 2, on page 1 - 8](#)).

Wireless LAN Module

If you have included an **Intel® Wi-Fi Link 5100/5300 Series (802.11 a/g/n) WLAN** module, or **3rd Party 802.11b/g WLAN module** in your purchase option, make sure that the Wireless LAN module is on before installing the driver.

Use the **Fn + F11 key combination** or **Touch Sensor Instant Key** to toggle power to the Wireless LAN module. When the WLAN module is powered on, the  LED will be highlighted and the indicator  will briefly be displayed. Make sure you install the drivers in the order indicated in [Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3](#). The operating system is the default setting for Wireless LAN control in *Windows Vista*.

The standard driver installation procedure for the **Intel® Wi-Fi Link 5100/5300 Series** module is outlined overleaf. If you want to include **Intel® My WiFi Technology** as part of the installation procedure, **DO NOT install the driver as per the instructions overleaf**, instead see [“Intel® My WiFi Installation & Configuration” on page 7 - 25](#).

If you have installed the standard driver (as per the instructions overleaf) and wish to enable **Intel® My WiFi Technology** at a later point you will need to reinstall the driver (choose **Unlock** from the Drivers Installer menu). Follow the driver installation procedure and choose **Modify** from the menu when the option appears, and then follow the remaining installation instructions in [“Intel® My WiFi Installation & Configuration” on page 7 - 25](#).

Intel® Wi-Fi Link 5100/5300 Series (802.11 a/g/n) Driver Installation

If you see the message “**Found New Hardware**” click **Cancel** to close the window.

1. Make sure the module is powered on, then insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User’s Manual* disc into the CD/DVD drive.
2. Click **Option Drivers** (button).
3. Click **1.Install Wireless Lan Driver > Yes**.
4. Click **Next > Next**.
5. Click the button to accept the license and click **Next**.
6. Click **Next > Next > Finish**.

Note: The operating system is the default setting for Wireless LAN control in *Windows Vista* (see overleaf).

802.11b/g Driver Installation

1. Make sure the module is powered on, then insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User’s Manual* disc into the CD/DVD drive.
2. Click **Option Drivers** (button).
3. Click **1.Install Wireless Lan Driver > Yes**.
4. Choose the language you prefer and click **Next**.
5. Click **Next > Install**.
6. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.

Note: The operating system is the default setting for Wireless LAN control in *Windows Vista* (see overleaf).



Intel(R) PROSet/ Wireless

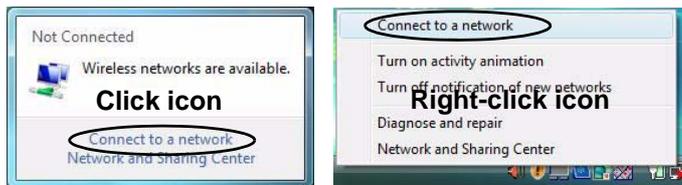
Access the **Intel PROSet Wireless** tools (Statistics and Diagnostic tools) from the Start menu (Start > Programs/All Programs > **Intel PROSet**). These tools provide diagnostic and statistical information only (use the WLAN control in *Windows Vista* to connect to a WLAN access point).

Connecting to a Wireless Network

Make sure the Wireless LAN module is turned on.

1. Click the taskbar wireless icon , and then click **Connect to a network** (or right-click the icon , and then click **Connect to a network**).

Figure 7 - 16
Taskbar Menu



2. In the **Show** list, click to choose **Wireless** from the drop-down menu.
3. A list of currently available networks will appear.



Figure 7 - 17
Connect to a
Network

Network and Sharing Center

You can also use the **Network and Sharing Center** control panel in Windows (**Network and Internet**) to connect to any available wireless networks.

4. Click a network, and then click **Connect**.
5. If you do not see a network you want to connect to, click **Set up a connection or network** (a list of options will appear allowing manual searching, and creating a new network).

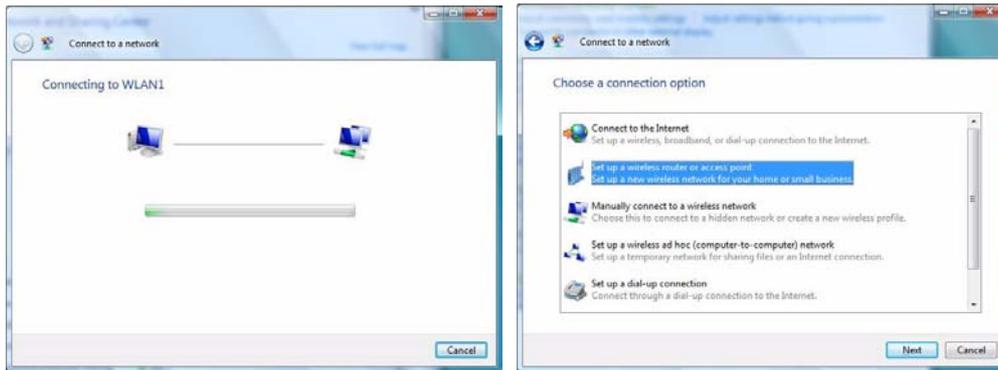


Figure 7 - 18
Connecting

6. Move the cursor over the taskbar icon  to see the connection status (see below).



Figure 7 - 19
Connection Status

Modules



Security Enabled Networks

You should try to make sure that any network you are connecting to is a secure network.

Connecting to unsecure networks may allow unauthorized access to your computer, documents, websites and files etc.

7. To disconnect from the wireless network you can click the taskbar wireless icon , and then select **Connect or disconnect** to access the network menu, and click Disconnect (or **right-click** the icon , and then click **Disconnect from**).

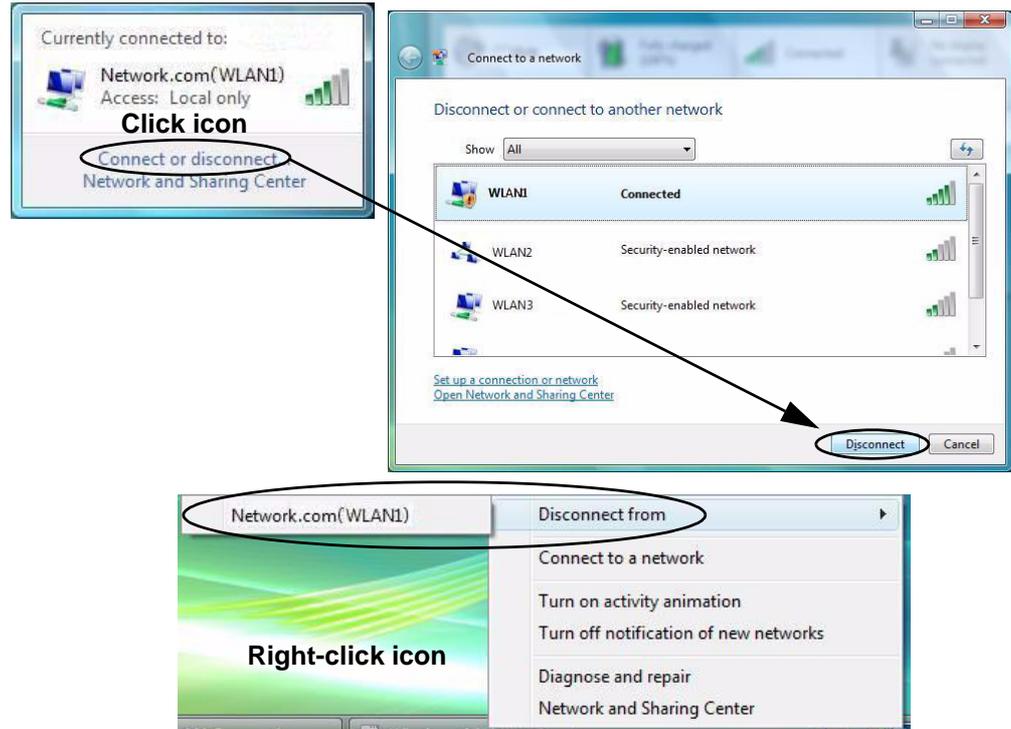


Figure 7 - 20
Disconnecting

Intel® My WiFi Installation & Configuration

Intel® My WiFi Technology uses your WLAN module to allow you to connect up to eight other WiFi enabled devices (e.g. digital cameras, other computers, cell phones, handheld devices etc.) to your computer (similar to Bluetooth), while still connecting to the Internet through your WiFi wireless connection. Intel® My WiFi Technology offers greater range and speed than other personal area networks, and does not require an access point.



Intel® My WiFi Help

To get help on **Intel® My WiFi** configuration and settings, access the **Intel® My WiFi Utility** from the **Start** menu (Start > Programs/All Programs > Intel PROSet Wireless > Intel My WiFi Technology), or by clicking the taskbar icon . Click the **Help** icon  and select a help topic from the **Contents** menu.



Intel(R) PROSet/ Wireless

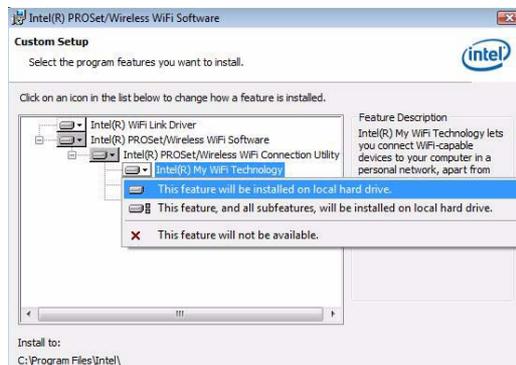
Access the **Intel PROSet Wireless** tools (Statistics and Diagnostic tools) from the Start menu (Start > Programs/All Programs > **Intel PROSet**). These tools provide diagnostic and statistical information only (use the WLAN control in **Windows Vista** to connect to a WLAN access point).

Figure 7 - 21
**Intel(R) PRO Set
Intel(R) My WiFi
Technology
Installation**

Intel® Wi-Fi Link 5100/5300 Series My WiFi Driver Installation

If you see the message “**Found New Hardware**” click **Cancel** to close the window.

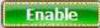
1. Make sure the module is powered on, then insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User’s Manual* disc into the CD/DVD drive.
2. Click **Option Drivers** (button).
3. Click **1.Install Wireless Lan Driver > Yes**.
4. Click **Next > Next**.
5. Click the button to accept the license and click **Next > Next**.
6. Click **Custom** (button) and click **Next**.
7. Click **Intel(R) My WiFi Technology** (button) and select “**This feature will be installed on local hard drive.**”



8. Click **Next > Finish**.

Intel® My WiFi Configuration

You can configure the My WiFi settings as follows.

1. Access the **Intel® My WiFi Utility** from the **Start** menu (**Start > Programs/All Programs > Intel PROSet Wireless > Intel My WiFi Technology**), or by clicking the taskbar icon .
2. Click **Enable**  (on the first run of the program there will be no connected devices listed).

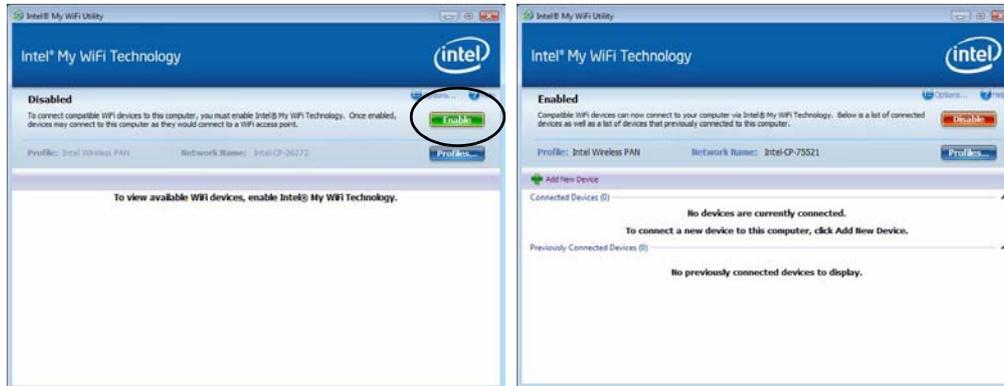


Figure 7 - 22
Intel® My WiFi
Utility

3. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
4. Click **Network and Sharing Center** (Network and Internet).
5. Click **Manage Network Connections**.

Figure 7 - 23
Network and Sharing Center

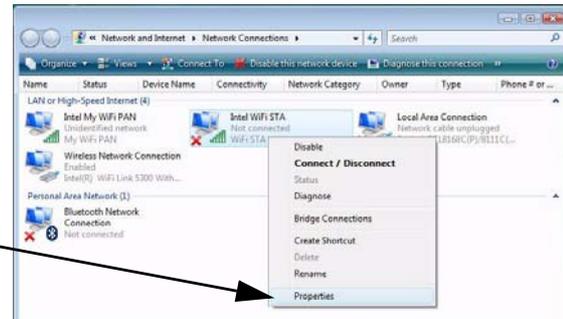
Click **Manage Network Connections**



6. Right-click **Intel My WiFi STA (Station)** in **Network Connections** and select **Properties**.

Figure 7 - 24
Intel My WiFi STA Properties (Network Connections)

Right-click **Intel My WiFi STA (Station)** and select **Properties**.



7. Click **Sharing (tab)** and select **“Allow other network users to connect through this computer’s Internet connection”**.
8. Select **Intel My WiFi PAN** under **Home Networking Connection**.
9. Click **OK**.

Click **“Allow other network users to connect through this computer’s Internet connection”**.

Select **Intel My WiFi PAN**.

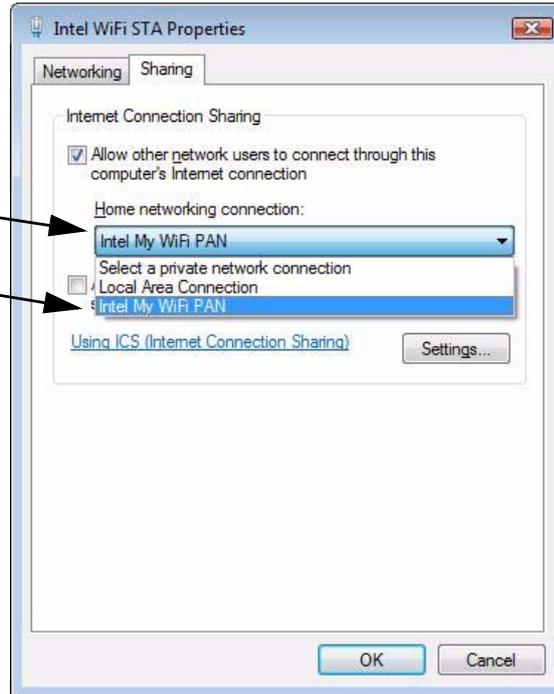


Figure 7 - 25
Intel WiFi STA Properties - Sharing

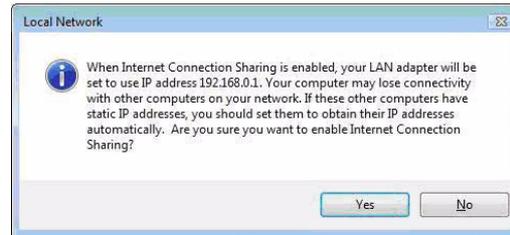
Figure 7 - 26
**IP Address
Warning**



IP Addresses

The Intel® My WiFi default gateway IP address is **192.168.0.1**. DO NOT use this address for any Wireless Access Point (or any other static IP address on your network).

10. A message will appear to inform you that the LAN adapter will be set to use the IP address **192.168.0.1**.
11. Click **Yes** to enable Internet Connection Sharing.



12. Access the **Intel® My WiFi Utility** from the **Start** menu (**Start > Programs/All Programs > Intel PROSet Wireless > Intel My WiFi Technology**), or by clicking the taskbar icon .
13. Click **Profiles** .



Figure 7 - 27
**Intel® My WiFi
Utility**

14. Click **Profiles**, click **Intel Wireless PAN** and click **Edit**.



Figure 7 - 28
IP Address
Warning

15. You can change the **Profile Name** and **Network Name** to your personal preferences in **General** (tab).



Profile and Network Names

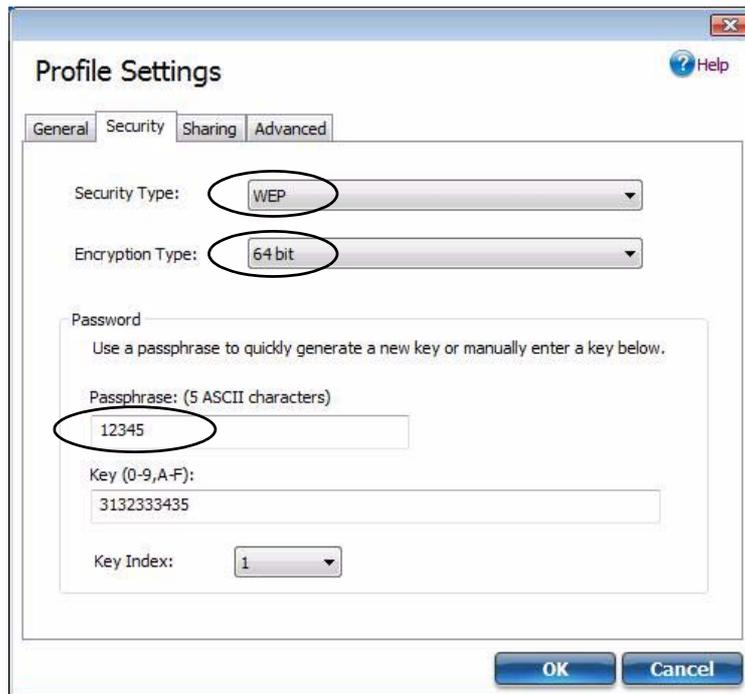
The **Profile Name** is the name as displayed on your computer in the **Network Connections** control panel (see [Figure 7 - 24 on page 7 - 28](#)).

The **Network Name (SSID)** is the name the devices see when they try to connect to your computer.



Figure 7 - 29
Intel® My WiFi
Profile Settings -
General

- Click **Security** (tab).
- Change the **Security Type** to **WEP** and the **Encryption Type** to **64bit**.
- Enter a password (5 characters long) in the **Passphrase** box.
- Click **OK**.



7
Figure 7 - 30
Intel® My WiFi
Profile Settings -
Security

20. Click **Sharing** (tab).
21. Make sure **Filter Network Traffic** and **DHCP and DNS Server** are **Disabled**.
22. Click **OK**.

Set Filter Network Traffic & DHCP and DNS Servers to **Disabled**.

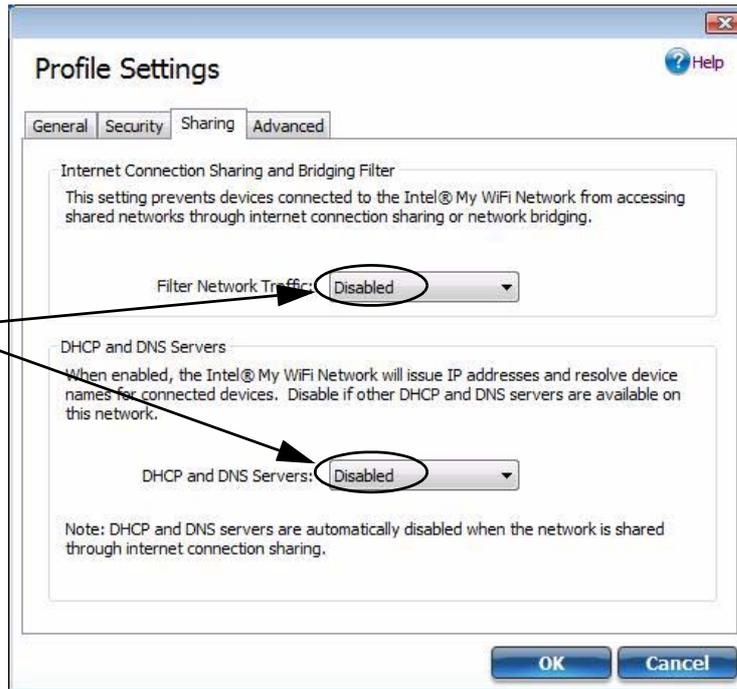
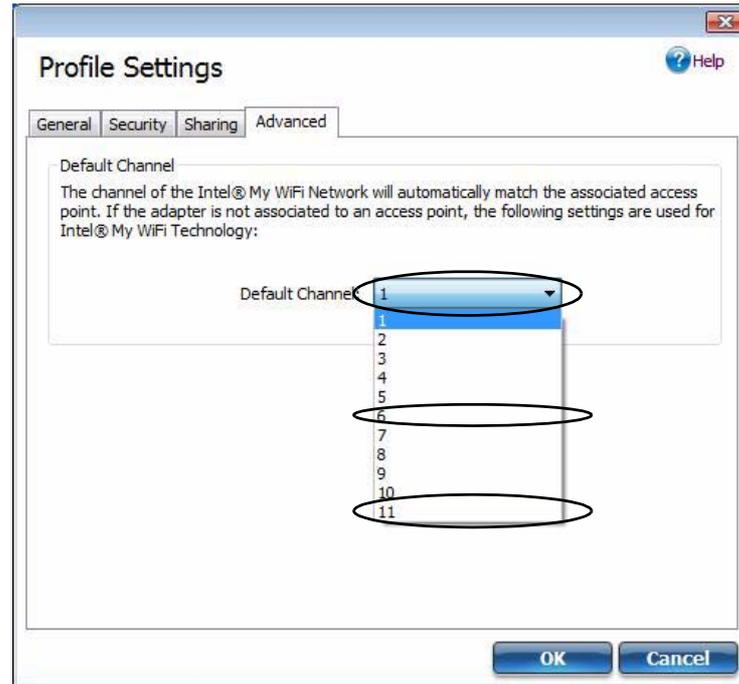


Figure 7 - 31
Intel® My WiFi
Profile Settings -
Sharing

23. Click **Advanced** (tab).
24. Make sure the **Default Channel** is set to **Channel 1, 6 or 11**.
25. Click **OK**.



7 *Figure 7 - 32*
Intel® My WiFi
Profile Settings -
Advanced

26. Double-click **Intel My WiFi PAN** (Personal Area Network) in **Network Connections**.
27. Click **Details** to display the **Network Connection Details**.

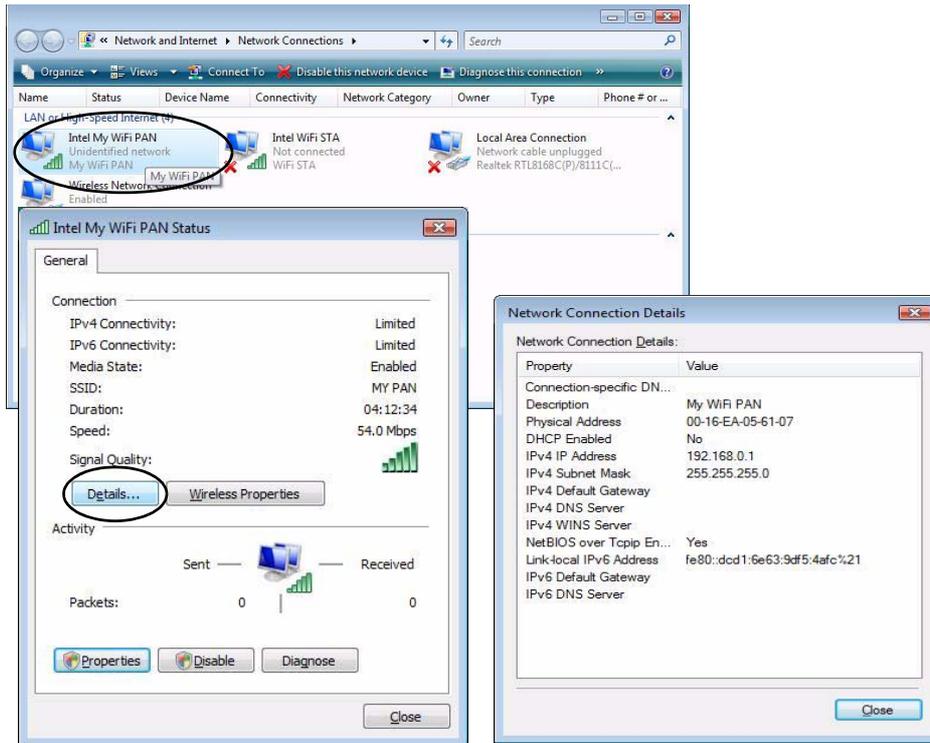


Figure 7 - 33
Intel My WiFi PAN
Network
Connection Details
(Network
Connections)

28. Access the **Intel® My WiFi Utility** from the **Start** menu (**Start > Programs/All Programs > Intel PROSet Wireless > Intel My WiFi Technology**), or by clicking the taskbar icon .
29. To add a new device follow the instructions in the devices' user guide for connecting to a WiFi network.
30. Click **Add New Device** in **Intel® My WiFi Utility** to confirm the security settings detail.

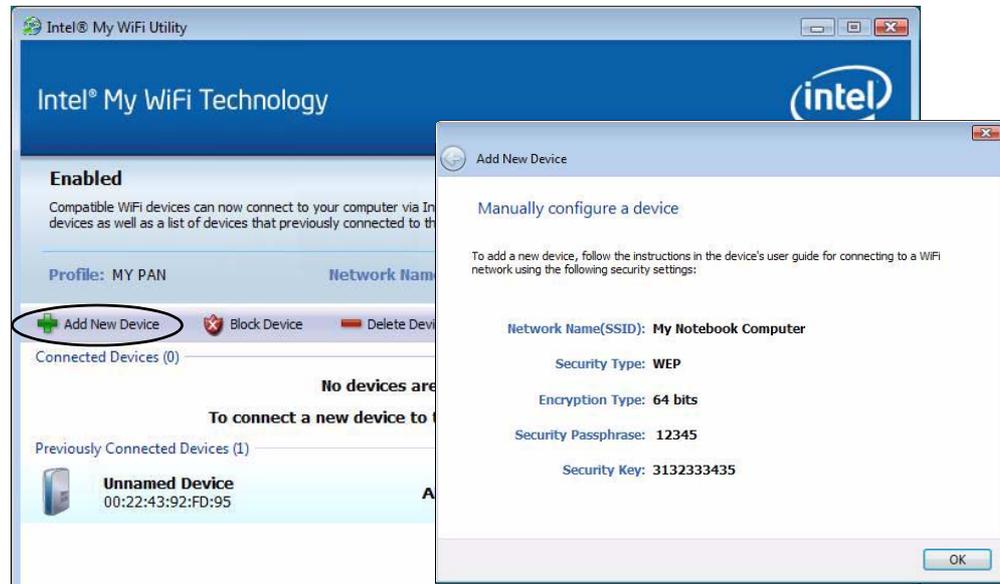


Figure 7 - 34
**Intel® My WiFi
Utility
(Add New Device)**

Windows Mobility Center

The **Windows Mobility Center** control panel provides an easy point of access for information on battery status, power plans used and wireless device status etc.

To access the Windows Mobility Center:

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Double-click **Windows Mobility Center (Mobile PC)**.
3. Click the button to **Turn wireless off/on**, or click the icon  to access the network menu.



Figure 7 - 35
Windows Mobility Center



Latest PC Camera Driver Information

Check the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual disc* and any accompanying insert pages, for the latest updated information on the PC Camera driver, which may override the information provided here.

PC Camera Display

The PC Camera application software needs to be run while the *default notebook LCD* is the selected display device.

After a camera picture is obtained on the default notebook LCD, you may then use the **Fn + F7** to toggle through the display modes (give the screen time to refresh).

PC Camera Module

Before installing the driver, make sure the PC Camera is on. Use the **Fn + F11 key combination** or **Touch Sensor Instant Key** to toggle power to the PC Camera module. When the PC Camera module is powered on, the  LED will be highlighted and the indicator  will briefly be displayed. Make sure you install the drivers in the order indicated in *Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3*.

PC Camera Driver Installation

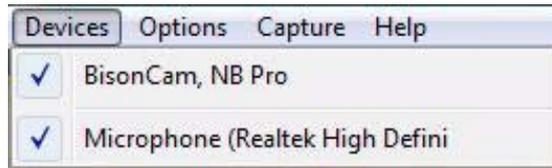
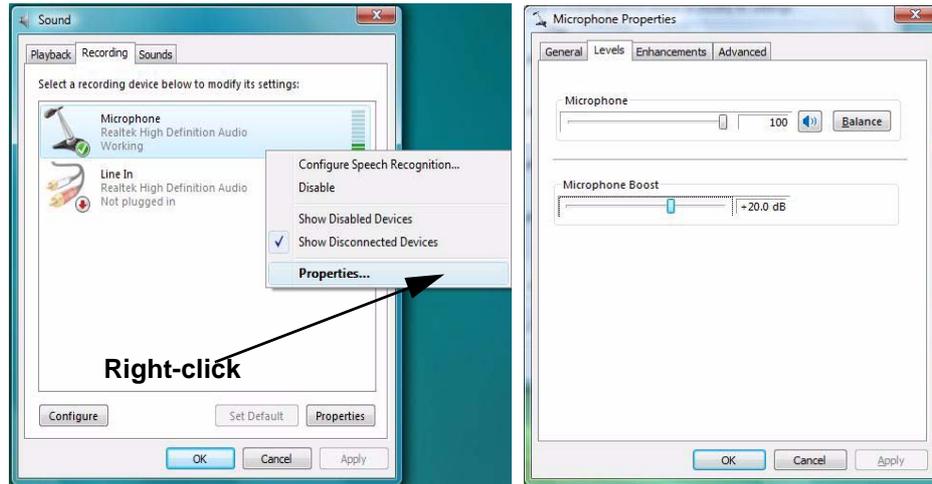
1. Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc into the CD/DVD drive.
2. Click **Option Drivers** (button).
3. Click **2.Install WebCam Driver > Yes**.
4. Choose the language you prefer and click **Next > Next**.
5. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.
6. Run the **BisonCap** application program from the **BisonCam** shortcut on the desktop, or from the **BisonCam** item in the **Start > Programs/All Programs** menu (if the hardware is turned off use the **Fn + F10** key combination or **Touch Sensor Instant Key** to turn it on again).

PC Camera Audio Setup

If you wish to capture video & **audio** with your camera, it is necessary to setup the audio recording options in *Windows*.

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Click **Sound**  (**Hardware and Sound**).
3. Click **Recording** (tab).
4. Right-click **Microphone** (Realtek High Definition Audio) and make sure the item is not disabled.
5. Double-click **Microphone** (or select **Properties** from the right-click menu).
6. Click **Levels** (tab), and adjust the **Microphone** and **Microphone Boost** sliders to the level required.
7. Click **OK** and close the control panels.
8. Run the **BisonCap** application program from the **Start > Programs/All Programs > BisonCam** menu.
9. Go to the **Devices** menu heading and select **Microphone (Realtek....)** (it should have a tick alongside it).
10. Go to the **Capture** menu heading and select **Capture Audio** (it should have a tick alongside it).

Figure 7 - 36
**Audio Setup for PC
Camera**



BisonCap

BisonCap is a video viewer for general purpose video viewing and testing, and for capturing video files to .avi format.

1. Run the **BisonCap** program from the **Start > Programs/All Programs > Bison-Cam** menu (it is recommended that you **set the capture file** before the capture process - **see Set Capture File below**).
2. Go to the **Capture** menu heading (if you wish to capture audio check **"PC Camera Audio Setup" on page 7 - 39**) and select **Start Capture**.
3. Click **OK** (the file location will be displayed in the pop-up box) to start capturing the video, and press **Esc** to stop the capture (you can view the file using the **Windows Media Player**).

Set Capture File

Prior to capturing video files you may select the **Set Capture File...** option in the **File** menu, and set the file name and location before capture (this will help avoid accidentally overwriting files). Set the name and location then click **Open**, then set the **"Capture file size:"** and click **OK**. You can then start the capture process as above.

Note the important information in **"Reducing Video File Size" on page 7 - 42** in order to save file space, and help prevent system problems.



Pre-Allocating File Space

You may pre-allocate the file size (**File > Allocate File Space**) for the capture file in the **BisonCap** program.

Pre-allocating space on the hard disk can improve the capture quality (particularly of large capture files), by reducing the amount of work the hard disk has to do in finding space for the video data as it is being captured.

See also **"Reducing Video File Size" on page 7 - 42**.

Reducing Video File Size

Note that capturing high resolution video files requires a substantial amount of disk space for each file. After recording video, check the video file size (right-click the file and select **Properties**) and the remaining free space on your hard disk (go to **My Computer**, right-click the hard disk, and select **Properties**). If necessary you can remove the recorded video file to a removable medium e.g. CD, DVD or USB Flash drive.

Note that the *Windows Vista* system requires a minimum of **15GB** of free space on the **C: drive** system partition. In order to prevent system problems it is recommended that you save the captured video file to a location other than the **C: drive** (see *“Set Capture File” on page 7 - 41*), limit the file size of the captured video (see *“Pre-Allocating File Space” on page 7 - 41*) or reduce video resolution (see below).

To Reduce Video Resolution Output Size:

1. Run the **BisonCap** program.
2. Go to **Options** and scroll down to select **Video Capture Pin....**
3. Click the **Output Size** drop box and select a lower resolution size in order to reduce the captured file size.

Eliminating Screen Flicker

If you find that the video screen in the **BisonCap** program is flickering, you can try to adjust the setting in the **Video Capture Filter** options.

1. Run the **BisonCap** program.
2. Go to **Options** and scroll down to select **Video Capture Filter....**
3. Click either **50Hz** or **60Hz** under **Frequency** in **Property Page** (tab).

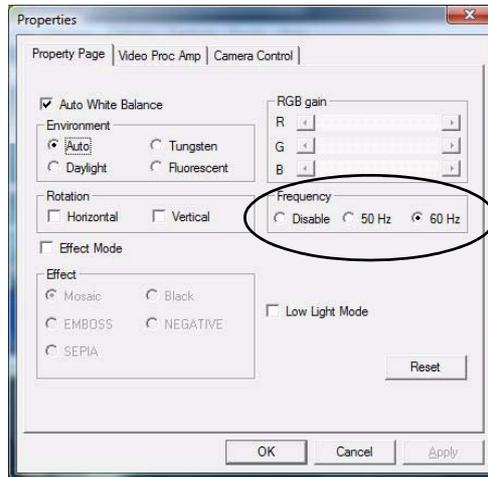


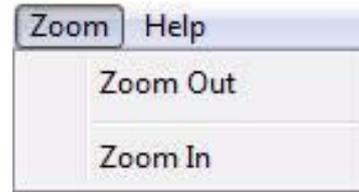
Figure 7 - 37
Video Capture Filter
(Property Page)

Zoom

The **BisonCap** program allows you to zoom the camera in and out.

1. Run the **BisonCap** program.
2. Go to **Zoom** and select **Zoom Out/Zoom In**.

Figure 7 - 38
Zoom/Setting



Snapshot Folder

The Snapshot folder's default location is on the desktop. Do not move this folder or an error may appear when you try to take a still picture.

If you accidentally delete or move the folder, you can create a new Snapshot folder on the desktop in order to capture the files.

Taking Still Pictures

The **BisonCap** program allows you to take still pictures.

1. Run the **BisonCap** program.
2. Go to **Options** and select **Take Picture**.
3. The picture (in JPEG format) will be placed in the **Snapshot** folder  on the desktop.



TV Tuner Module

If your purchase configuration includes the **optional Hybrid** (Analog & Digital) USB Mini-Card TV Tuner module, you will be supplied with a remote control unit and appropriate antenna and fittings for the module. Software support for the TV Tuner module is provided by *Windows Media Center* in *Windows Vista (Home Premium Edition & Ultimate Edition)*. In addition a driver is provided on the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc for the remote control supplied with the TV Tuner.

The optional TV Tuner allows you to watch TV, play music CDs, video conference and capture still images and video on your PC.

The Cable (CATV) antenna will only be enabled when a TV Tuner module is installed. Make sure you connect the TV antenna.



TV Antenna

The TV antenna supplied with any TV Tuner module is intended for indoor use only. Please do not use your TV Tuner module outdoors.

TV Tuner Remote

Point the remote at the consumer IR transceiver to change channels etc.

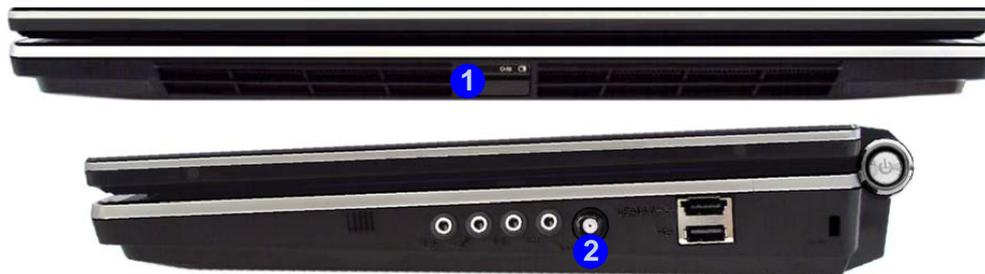


Figure 7 - 39
TV Tuner Ports/
Jacks

1. Consumer Infra-red Transceiver
2. CATV Antenna Jack



TV Tuner Module Support

Note that the TV Tuner module options in *Windows Vista* is supported by the **Windows Media Center** software which comes built-in to the *Windows Vista Home Premium* and *Ultimate Editions* only.

If your purchase includes a TV Tuner option, and you are re-configuring your system for a different system, you should install either *Windows Home Premium* or *Ultimate Editions* only.

Consumer Infrared Driver

1. Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc into the CD/DVD drive.
2. Click **Option Drivers** (button).
3. Click **3.Install CIR Driver > Yes**.
4. Choose the language you prefer and click **Next > Next**.
5. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.

Windows Media Center

1. This TV Tuner module is fully supported by *Windows Media Center* in *Windows Vista (Home Premium Edition & Ultimate Edition)*.
2. Run *Windows Media Center* directly from the **Start** menu (**Start > Programs > Windows Media Center**).
3. *Windows Help and Support* provides information on the **Windows Media Center** functions. Click **Start**  and select **Help and Support**, and then type "*Media Center*" in the **Search Help** box and click the magnifying glass icon  to bring up the results.

Digital TV Broadcast Signal

The antenna is the most crucial factor in receiving a clear digital terrestrial TV broadcast signal. The **passive** antenna provided should provide a clear signal when placed beside a window. If the signal is not clear then you can purchase an **active** antenna (it should also be placed beside a window) to improve the signal. You should also check with any related government website which provides information on digital terrestrial TV coverage for your area. Note that (unlike standard analog TV) if the digital signal is weak then no picture will appear on the TV at all.

TV Recording and Power Plans

If you intend to use the **optional** TV Tuner to record live TV, then go to the **Power Options** control panel and create a power plan (see *“Power Plans” on page 3 - 4*) to prevent the power saving options from adjusting the computer’s performance level.

Remote Control Unit

The remote control unit allows you to remotely start and send the system into a power saving state, to run *Windows Media Center* and to navigate the *Media Center* menus etc. The remote control unit also gives full control over all TV and video functions.



CATV Cable Safety

Make sure that your CATV system installer has connected the Co-axial cable shield to the grounding system of the building, as close to the point of cable entry as practical.

This reminder is provided to call the CATV system installer’s attention to Article 820-93 of the NEC (Section 54, Part I of the Canadian Electrical Code).



Password Warning

If you set passwords for any of the security modules, **NEVER** forget your password.

The consequences of this could be serious. If you cannot remember your boot password you must contact your vendor and you may lose all of the information on your hard disk.

Fingerprint Reader Module

The **optional fingerprint reader Protector Suite Software** provides a high level of security for your computer. A further level of security and control is provided in the BIOS (see “*Security Menu*” on page 5 - 10).

The **fingerprint reader** and **Protector Suite Software** allow you to:

- Access or Lock your computer
- Protect sensitive files
- Display and file your favorite web pages
- Fill in frequently used dialogs
- Run your favorite applications

If you have included the fingerprint reader in your purchase option you will need to install the driver as per the instructions below.

Make sure you have administrator’s rights to your computer, and have a **Windows** password enabled for full security protection.

Before beginning the enrollment process it is recommended that you go through the fingerprint tutorial. To run the tutorial click **Start > Programs/All Programs > Protector Suite QL > Fingerprint Tutorial** after installing the driver.

Fingerprint Reader Driver Installation

1. Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc into the CD/DVD drive.
2. Click **Option Drivers**.
3. Click **4.Install FingerPrint Driver > Yes**.
4. Click **Software Installation**.
5. Click **Next > Next > Next**.
6. Click **Finish > Yes** to restart the computer.



Help & Manual

Right-click the taskbar icon  to bring up the menu to select **Help**.

Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc and click **Option Drivers** (button). Click **Unlock** (button) and then click **4.Install FingerPrint Driver > Yes**.

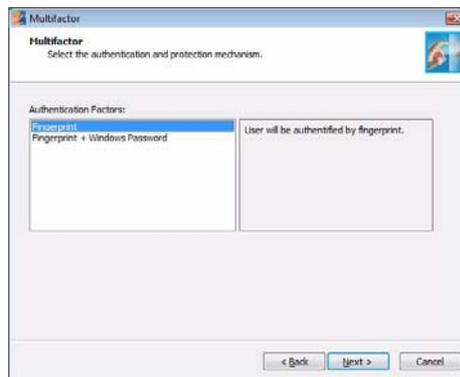
Click **Documentation** to open the folder containing the manual in.pdf format.

To install the Adobe Acrobat Reader software to read the file, insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User's Manual* disc and click **User's Manual** (button), and click **Install Acrobat Reader** (button).

User Enrollment

1. Click **Start > Programs/All Programs > Protector Suite QL > User Enrollment**, or double click the taskbar icon  (click **Initialize**).
2. On the first run of the program you will be asked to click the button to accept the license, and then click **OK**.
3. Click **Next** (the enrollment method will automatically be configured).
4. If you have not set a **Windows** password you will be prompted to do so (**note**: If you have not set a password **Protector Suite QL** cannot secure access to your computer).
5. Click **Finish**.
6. Click **Next**.
7. You will then be prompted to enter your **Windows** password and click **Next**.
8. Select either to use the fingerprint reader alone for authentication, or choose both the fingerprint reader and the **Windows** password, and then click **Next**.

Figure 7 - 40
Multifactor



9. Click **Next > Next** (if you have the **“Run interactive tutorial”** tickbox selected you will run through the Fingerprint Tutorial).
10. Click **Next** for each window of the tutorial (you can click the button to **“skip tutorial”** at any time).
11. Click the button above any of the fingers to begin the enrollment process for that finger.
12. Swipe the finger **five** times to enroll that finger.
13. Repeat the process for all the fingers you wish to enroll (see sidebar), and then click **Next**.
14. Click **Finish**.
15. Click **“Help”** in the **Fingerprint Control Center** to get more information on any topic.
16. You can also run the **Tutorial**, or **Introduction** (to run the product tour video) to get more information.



Fingerprint Enrollment

Note that it is strongly recommended that you **enroll more than one finger** in case of injury etc.

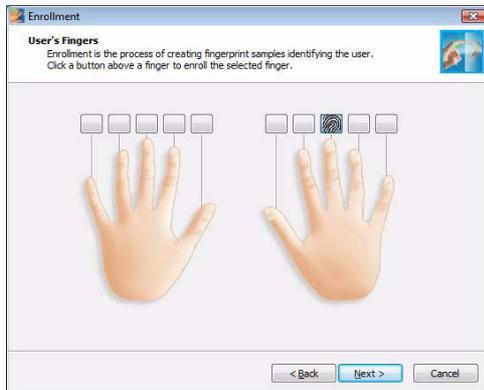
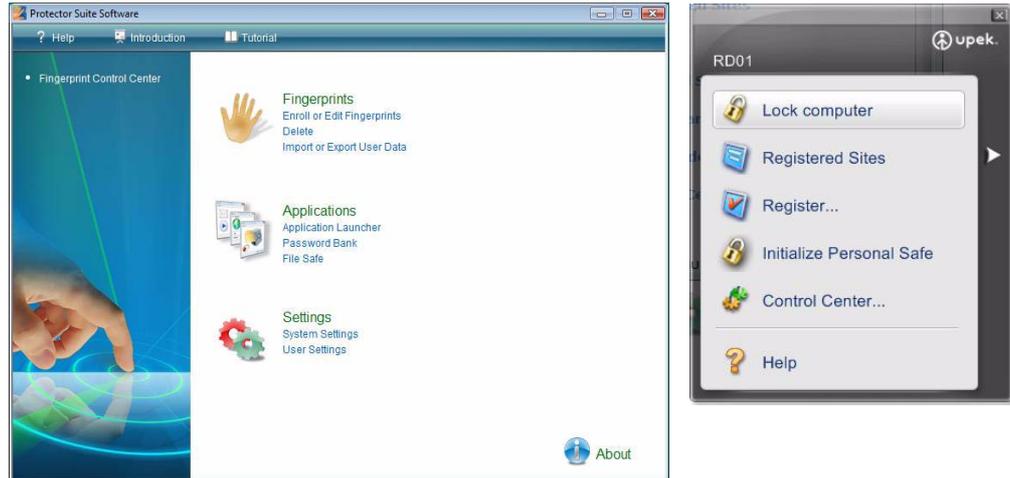


Figure 7 - 41
Fingerprint Enrollment

- Right-click the taskbar icon  to **Start Control Center** to allow you to **Edit Fingerprints**, **register applications**, manage **Password Bank**, **File Safe** and access the **Help** menu etc. You can also run the **Control Center** etc. from the **Protector Suite QL** item in the **Programs/All Programs** menu.

Figure 7 - 42
**Control Center &
Biomenu**



- See **“Help & Manual”** on page 7 - 49 for further details.
- If you swipe your finger over the reader at any time you can access the **Biomenu** to **lock the computer**, **register websites**, access the **Personal Safe** open the **Control Center** and access the **Help** menu.

Fingerprint Control Center Features

Application Launcher

The **Application Launcher** allows you to register applications to be launched when assigned to a particular finger. Simply copy the application icon on to one of the registered fingers and then click OK to close the application window. Once registered the application will launch when you swipe the appropriate finger across the sensor.

Password Bank

The **Password Bank** stores registrations of user names, passwords and other settings for web sites etc.

File Safe

File Safe is an encrypted area assigned on your hard drive that allows you to store files and folders to be protected by fingerprint protection.

For more information on these and other features simply access “**Help**” in the **Fingerprint Control Center** and select the item from the menu on the left.

Chapter 8: Troubleshooting

Overview

Should you have any problems with your computer, before consulting your service representative, you may want to try to solve the problem yourself. This chapter lists some common problems and their possible solutions. This can't anticipate every problem, but you should check here before you panic. If you don't find the answer in these pages, make sure you have followed the instructions carefully and observed the safety precautions in the preface. If all else fails, talk to your service representative. You should also make a record of what happened and what remedies you tried.

Of course, if something goes wrong, it will happen at the most inconvenient time possible, so you should preview this section just in case. If, after you've tried everything, and the system still won't cooperate, try turning it off for a few minutes and then rebooting. You will lose any unsaved data, but it may start working again. Then call your service representative.

Basic Hints and Tips

Many of the following may seem obvious but they are often the solution to a problem when your computer appears not to be working.

- **Power** - Is the computer actually plugged into a working electrical outlet? If plugged into a **power strip**, make sure it is actually working. Check the **LED Power Indicators** (see *“LED Indicators” on page 1 - 7*) to see the computer’s power status.
- **Connections** - Check all the **cables** to make sure that there are no **loose connections** anywhere.
- **Power Savings** - Make sure that the system is not in **Hibernate** or **Sleep** mode by pressing the keys configured in your *Power Options* (see *“Configuring the Power Buttons” on page 3 - 8*), the **Fn + F4** key combination, or power button to wake-up the system.
- **Brightness** - Check the brightness of the screen by pressing the **Fn + F8 and F9** keys to adjust the brightness (see *Table 1 - 3, on page 1 - 10*).
- **Display Choice** - Press **Fn + F7** to make sure the system is not set to “external only” display.
- **Boot Drive** - Make sure there are no **optical media and/or USB storage devices** in any connected drive when you start up your machine (this is a common cause of the message *“Invalid system disk - Replace the disk, and then press any key” / “Remove disks or other media. Press any key to restart”*).

Backup and General Maintenance

- Always **backup** your important data, and keep copies of your OS and programs safe, but close to hand. Don't forget to note the **serial numbers** if you are storing them out of their original cases, e.g. in a CD wallet.
- Run **maintenance programs** on your hard disk and OS as often as you can. You may schedule these programs to run at times when you are not using your computer. You can use those that are provided free with your OS, or buy the more powerful dedicated programs to do so.
- Write down your passwords and keep them safe (away from your computer). This is especially important if you choose to use a **Boot** password for the SCU (see *“Security Menu” on page 5 - 10*).
- Keep copies of vital **settings files** such as network, dialup settings, mail settings etc. (even if just brief notes).



Warranty

The CPU is not a user serviceable part. Opening this compartment, or accessing the CPU in any way, may violate your warranty.

Viruses

- Install an **Anti-Virus** program and keep the **definitions file** (the file which tells your program which viruses to look for) up to date. New computer viruses are discovered daily, and some of them may seriously harm your computer and cause you to lose data. **Anti-Virus** programs are commercially available and the **definitions file updates** are usually downloadable directly from the internet.
- Be careful when opening e-mail from sources you don't know. **Viruses** are often triggered from within **e-mail attachments** so take care when opening any attached file. You can configure most **Anti-Virus** programs to check all **e-mail attachments**. **Note:** You should also beware of files from people you know as the virus may have infected an **address book** and been automatically forwarded without the person's knowledge.
- Keep a "**Bootable CD-ROM/DVD-ROM/USB storage device**" (this CD/DVD/USB device provides basic information which allows you to startup your computer) handy. You may refer to your OS's documentation for instructions on how to make one, and many **Anti-Virus** programs will also provide such a disk (or at least instructions on how to make one).

Upgrading and Adding New Hardware/Software

- Do not be tempted to make changes to your **Windows Registry** unless you are very sure of what you are doing, otherwise you will risk severely damaging your system.
- Don't open your computer or undertake any repair or upgrade work if you are not comfortable with what you are doing.
- Read the **documentation**. We can assume, since you are reading this that you are looking at the computer's manual, but what about any new peripheral devices you have just purchased? Many problems are caused by the installation of new hardware and/or software. Always refer to the documentation of any new hardware and/or software, and pay particular attention to files entitled "**READ ME**" or "**READ ME FIRST**".
- When installing a new device always make sure the device is powered on, and in many cases you will need to restart the computer. Always check that all the cables are correctly connected.
- Make sure you have installed the **drivers** for any new hardware you have installed (latest **driver files** are usually available to download from vendor's websites).
- Thoroughly check any **recent changes** you made to your system as these changes may affect one or more system components, or software programs. If possible, go back and undo the change you just made and see if the problem still occurs.

Troubleshooting

- Don't over complicate things. The less you have to deal with then the easier the source of the problem may be found; **Example** - if your computer has many devices plugged into its ports, and a number of programs running, then it will be difficult to determine the cause of a problem. Try disconnecting all of the devices and restarting the computer with all the peripheral devices unplugged. A process of elimination (adding and removing devices and restarting where necessary) will often find the source of a problem, although this may be time consuming.

Problems & Possible Solutions

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
<p>You turned the power on but it doesn't work.</p>	<p><i>Battery missing / incorrectly installed.</i> Check the battery bay, make sure the battery is present and seated properly (the design of the battery only allows it to go in one way). Make sure there's nothing interfering with the battery contacts.</p>
<p>The Battery LED power indicator , is blinking orange.</p>	<p><i>Low Battery.</i> Plug in the AC power source. If the computer doesn't start up immediately, turn it off then on again.</p>
<p>You are losing battery power too quickly.</p>	<p><i>The system is using too much power.</i> If your OS has a <i>Power Options</i> scheme (see “Power Plans” on page 3 - 4) check its settings. You may also be using an ExpressCard device/USB device/external device that is drawing a lot of power.</p> <p><i>You are attempting to run an SLI configuration on battery power.</i> Due to the high power and system demands created by enabling SLI Configuration, you should not enable SLI configuration if your computer is powered by battery only.</p>
<p>Actual battery operating time is shorter than expected.</p>	<p><i>The battery has not been fully discharged before being recharged.</i> Make sure the battery is fully discharged and recharge it completely before reusing (see “Battery Information” on page 3 - 10).</p> <p>Check the settings of any active power plan (see “Power Plans” on page 3 - 4).</p> <p><i>A peripheral device/USB device is consuming a lot of power.</i> Turn off/remove the unused device to save power.</p>

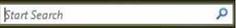
Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
<p>The computer feels too hot.</p>	<p>Make sure the computer is properly ventilated and the vents/fan intakes are not blocked. If this doesn't cool it down, put the system into Hibernate mode or turn it off for an hour. Make sure the computer isn't sitting on a thermal surface (see "Overheating" on page 1 - 15). Make sure you're using the correct adapter.</p> <p>Make sure that your notebook is completely powered off before putting it into a travel bag (or any such container). Putting a notebook which is powered on in a travel bag may cause the vents/fan intakes to be blocked.</p>
<p>Nothing appears on screen.</p>	<p><i>The system is in a power saving mode.</i> Toggle the Fn + F4 (see "Configuring the Power Buttons" on page 3 - 8).</p> <p><i>The screen controls need to be adjusted.</i> Toggle the screen control Fn + F8/F9 key combinations. If you're connected to an external monitor, make sure it's plugged in and turned on. You should also check the monitor's own brightness and contrast controls.</p> <p><i>The computer is set for a different display.</i> Toggle the screen display key Fn + F7 combination. If an external monitor is connected, turn it on.</p> <p><i>The screen saver is activated.</i> Press any key or touch the TouchPad.</p>
<p>No image appears on the external monitor I have plugged in and powered on.</p>	<p><i>You haven't installed the video driver and configured it appropriately from the Control Panel.</i> See "NVIDIA Video Driver Controls" on page B - 1 for instructions on installing and configuring the video driver.</p>

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
You forget the boot password .	<i>If you forget the password, you may have to discharge the battery of the CMOS. Contact your service representative for help.</i>
 <p>Password Warning</p> <p>If you choose to set a boot password, NEVER forget your password. The consequences of this could be serious. If you cannot remember your boot password you must contact your vendor and you may lose all of the information on your hard disk.</p>	
The sound cannot be heard or the volume is very low.	<i>The volume might be set too low. Check the volume control in the Volume Control Panel in the Windows taskbar, use the key combination Fn + F5 and F6 or move your finger slowly along the volume control slider to adjust the system volume (see “Audio Features” on page 2 - 10 / “Touch Sensor Instant Keys” on page 1 - 8) to adjust.</i>
The compact disc cannot be read.	<i>The compact disc is dirty. Clean it with a CD-ROM cleaner kit.</i>
The compact disc tray will not open when there is a disc in the tray.	<i>The compact disc is not correctly placed in the tray. Gently try to remove the disc using the eject hole (see “Loading Discs” on page 2 - 3).</i>
The DVD regional codes can no longer be changed.	<i>The code has been changed the maximum 5 times. See “DVD Regional Codes” on page 2 - 5.</i>

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
The TouchPad doesn't work.	<i>The Touchpad has been disabled.</i> Press the Touchpad toggle (Fn + F1) key combination (make sure you have installed the Touchpad driver).
The system freezes or the screen goes dark.	<i>The system's power saving features have timed-out.</i> Use the AC/DC adapter, press a key on the keyboard, or press the sleep (Fn + F4) key combination, or press the power button if no LEDs are lit.
The system never goes into a power saving mode .	Power Options features are not enabled. Go to the Windows Power Options menu and enable the features you prefer (see " Power-Saving States " on page 3 - 6). Make sure you have enabled Hibernate mode from the control panel.
The Wireless LAN/Bluetooth/PC Camera modules cannot be detected.	<i>The modules are off.</i> Check the appropriate Touch Sensor indicator to see if the modules are on or off (see " Touch Sensor Instant Keys " on page 1 - 8). If the LED indicator is not illuminated, then press the appropriate touch sensor instant key/function key combination in order to enable the modules.
The Wireless LAN/Bluetooth/PC Camera modules cannot be configured.	<i>The driver(s) for the module(s) have not been installed.</i> Make sure you have installed the driver for the appropriate module (see the instructions in Chapter 7 "Modules" for the appropriate module).

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
<p>The Hibernate function has disappeared.</p>	<p>You have a computer with 4GB of RAM and have installed Windows Vista Service Pack 1. This is a known issue if your computer has 4GB of RAM and is running Windows Vista Service Pack 1. To re-enable Hibernate mode go to the Command Prompt and type the command “powercfg -h on” (make sure you are logged on as an Administrator):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click Start  (menu button). 2. Type “cmd” in the Start Search box . 3. Double click the Command Prompt  cmd when it appears in the menu. 4. Type “powercfg -h on” in the Command Prompt window. 5. Close the Command Prompt window. 6. The Hibernate function will now be enabled.
<p>When a DVD is played in Windows Media Player/Media Center, the audio track in other languages (commentaries etc.) is not clear if connected to the S/PDIF-Out Jack.</p>	<p><i>This is an issue with Windows Media Player/Media Center and audio output through the S/PDIF-Out Jack. We recommend that you use the Power DVD application to play DVDs.</i></p>

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
<p>Nothing appears on the screen when the PC Camera software is run.</p>	<p><i>You have selected an external display as the default display device. The PC Camera application software needs to be run while the default notebook LCD is the selected display device. After a camera picture is obtained on the default notebook LCD, you may then use the Fn + F7 to toggle through the display modes (give the screen time to refresh). If you have selected an external display as your display device do not run the PC Camera software application until you have switched back to the notebook LCD.</i></p>
<p>A file cannot be copied to/from a connected Bluetooth device.</p>	<p><i>The transfer of data between the computer and a Bluetooth enabled device is supported in one direction only (simultaneous data transfer is not supported). If you are copying a file from your computer to a Bluetooth enabled device, you will not be able to copy a file from the Bluetooth enabled device to your computer until the file transfer process from the computer has been completed</i></p>
<p>The Bluetooth module is off after resuming from Sleep.</p>	<p><i>The Bluetooth module's default state will be off after resuming from the Sleep power-saving state. Use the key combination (Fn + F12) to power on the Bluetooth module after the computer resumes from Sleep.</i></p>
<p>No sound can be heard through an HDMI connected display device.</p>	<p><i>You have not configured the HDMI audio output. See "HDMI Audio Configuration" on page B - 8.</i></p>

Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
<p>The Hibernate function has disappeared.</p>	<p>You have a computer with 4GB of RAM and have installed Windows Vista Service Pack 1. This is a known issue if your computer has 4GB of RAM and is running Windows Vista Service Pack 1. To re-enable Hibernate mode go to the Command Prompt and type the command “powercfg -h on” (make sure you are logged on as an Administrator):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click Start  (menu button). 2. Type “cmd” in the Start Search box . 3. Double click the Command Prompt  cmd when it appears in the menu. 4. Type “powercfg -h on” in the Command Prompt window. 5. Close the Command Prompt window. 6. The Hibernate function will now be enabled.

Troubleshooting

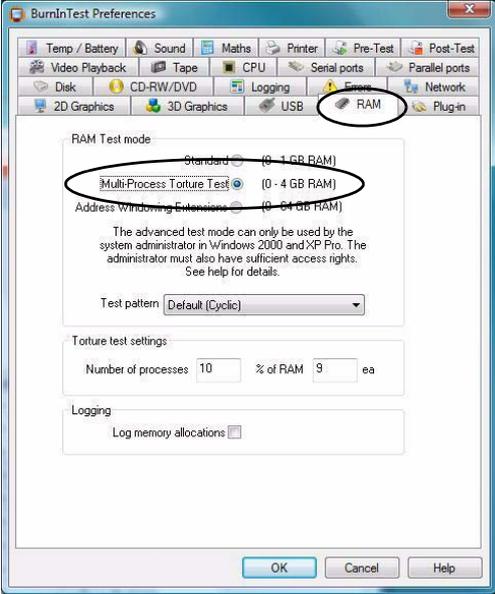
Problem	Possible Cause - Solution
<p>Special note for BurnInTest V5.3 program issue.</p>	<p>If you are running the “Burn in test v5.3” program with system RAM over 2GB set the RAM test mode to Multi-Process Torture Test 0-4GB RAM as per the figure below (BurnInTest Preferences > RAM).</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the 'BurnInTest Preferences' dialog box with the 'RAM' tab selected. Under the 'RAM Test mode' section, three options are listed: 'Standard (0 - 1 GB RAM)', 'Multi-Process Torture Test (0 - 4 GB RAM)', and 'Address Windowing Extensions (0 - 64 GB RAM)'. The 'Multi-Process Torture Test' option is selected and circled in red. Below this, there is a warning message: 'The advanced test mode can only be used by the system administrator in Windows 2000 and XP Pro. The administrator must also have sufficient access rights. See help for details.' The 'Test pattern' is set to 'Default [Cyclic]'. Under 'Torture test settings', 'Number of processes' is 10 and '% of RAM' is 9. Under 'Logging', 'Log memory allocations' is unchecked. At the bottom are 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help' buttons.</p>

Figure 8 - 1 - BurnInTest Preferences

Screen Resolution Error

If you are experiencing either screen resolution reduction, or screen flickering **after resuming from Sleep in Windows Vista only** then follow the instructions below to fix this problem. This error arises in compliance with **Windows Vista** policy, which triggers **TMM** (Transient Multi-Monitor Manager) when the notebook lid (**S3**) is closed. **TMM** disconnects the LCD display from the OS and then adds the LCD display back when the lid is opened. This may trigger **TMM** to restore an old display setting which may result in screen flickering or a screen resolution change. To fix this problem you will need to disable **TMM** in the OS:

1. Go to the **Control Panel** in the **Windows OS** and double-click the **Administrative Tools** icon (**System and Maintenance**).
2. Double-click **Task Scheduler (Schedule Tasks)**.

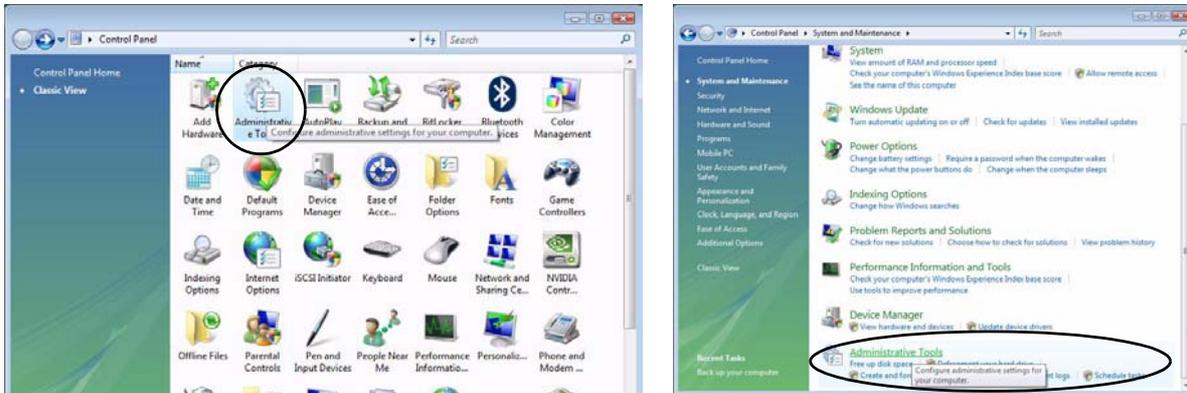


Figure 8 - 2 - Control Panel System and Maintenance

Troubleshooting

3. Double-click **Task Scheduler Library > Microsoft > Windows**.
4. Click **MobilePC** to open the control panel.
5. Right-click **TMM** and select **Disable**.

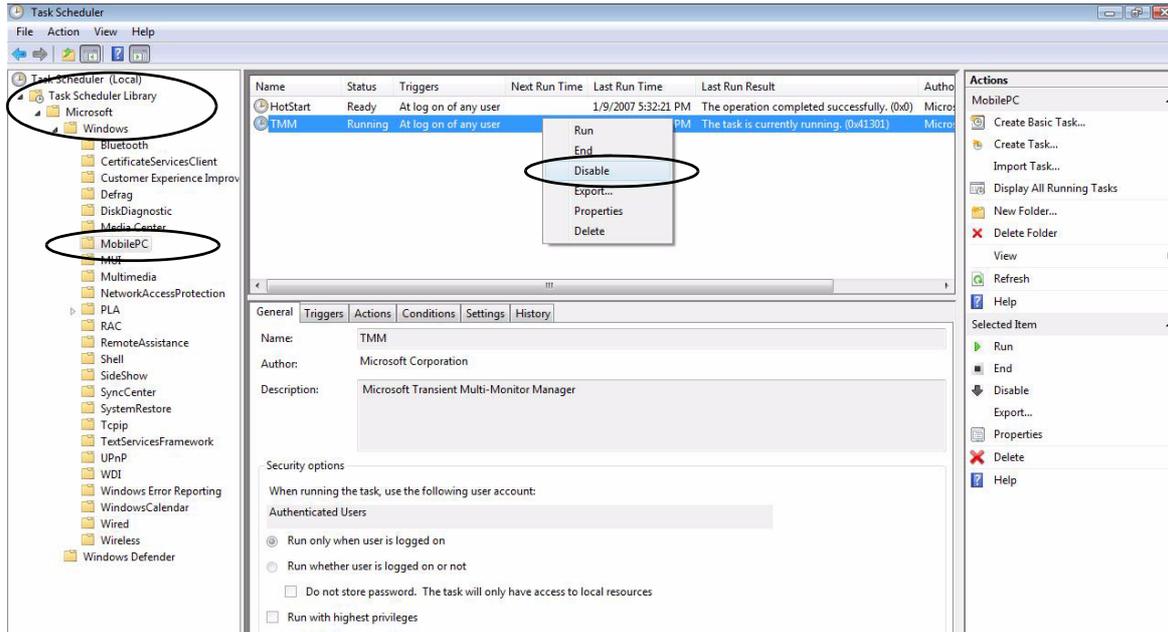


Figure 8 - 3 - TMM Disable

6. Close all the control panels.

Appendix A: Interface (Ports & Jacks)

Overview

The following chapter will give a quick description of the ports & jacks which allow your computer to communicate with external devices, connect to the internet etc.

Item	Description
e-SATA/USB Port e-SATA / 	<p>This is a combined e-SATA (external Serial Advanced Technology Attachment)/ USB 2.0 compatible port.</p> <p>Plug external Serial ATA hard drives into this e-SATA (external Serial Advanced Technology Attachment) port. See “USB 2.0/1.1 Ports” on page A - 5 for USB port information.</p>
HDMI-Out Port HDMI	<p>The HDMI-Out (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) is an audio/video connector interface for transmitting uncompressed digital streams. This allows you to connect an external monitor, TV or Flat Panel Display etc. as a display device (see “Attaching Other Displays” on page B - 6) by means of a HDMI cable. Note that HDMI carries both audio and video signals (see “HDMI Audio Configuration” on page B - 8).</p> <div style="border: 2px solid green; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;">HDMI Audio Support</p> <p>Note that some NVIDIA video card models DO NOT support High Definition Audio through HDMI. When connecting these video cards to an external display (using an HDMI cable), it is recommended that you use a third party video application (e.g. Power DVD) that provides appropriate audio decoding to play DVDs etc. Alternatively you can output audio through an alternative source to the HDMI connection.</p> </div>
Headphone-Out Jack 	<p>Headphones or speakers may be connected through this jack. Note: Set your system’s volume to a reduced level before connecting to this jack.</p>

Interface (Ports & Jacks)

Item	Description
Line-In Jack 	The Line-In jack allows you to play audio sources through the computer's speakers. Note that audio input through Line-in will default to the mute setting. To set up your audio sources to play through the Line-in jack go to the Sound  control panel and make sure the Mute box is not ticked.
Microphone-In Jack 	Plug an external microphone in to this jack to record on your computer.
Mini-IEEE 1394 Port 	This allows high-speed connection to various peripheral devices, e.g. external disk drives and digital cameras (see note below). <div style="border: 2px solid red; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;">  IEEE 1394 The Mini-IEEE 1394 ports only support SELF POWERED IEEE 1394 devices. Make sure you install the IEEE 1394 filter driver (see page 4 - 7). </div>
RJ-45 LAN Jack 	This port supports LAN (Network) functions. Note: Broadband (e.g. ADSL) modems usually connect to the LAN port.
S/PDIF-Out Jack 	This S/PDIF (Sony/Philips Digital Interface Format) Out Port allows you to connect your DVD-capable PC to a Dolby AC-3 compatible receiver for "5.1" or 'dts' surround sound.

A

A - 4 Interface (Ports & Jacks)

Item	Description
<p data-bbox="169 227 360 249">Security Lock Slot</p> 	<p data-bbox="432 227 1463 281">To prevent possible theft, a Kensington-type lock can be attached to this slot. Locks can be purchased at any computer store.</p>
<p data-bbox="169 328 360 350">USB 2.0/1.1 Ports</p> 	<p data-bbox="432 328 1463 496">These USB (Universal Serial Bus) 2.0 compatible ports (USB 2.0 is fully USB 1.1 compliant) are for low-speed peripherals such as keyboards, mice or scanners, and for high-speed peripherals such as external HDDs, digital video cameras or high-speed scanners etc. Devices can be plugged into the computer, and unplugged from the computer, without the need to turn the system off (if the power rating of your USB device is 500mA or above, make sure you use the power supply which comes with the device).</p>

Interface (Ports & Jacks)

A

Appendix B: NVIDIA Video Driver Controls

The basic settings for configuring the LCD are outlined in “*Video Features*” on [page 1 - 17](#).

NVIDIA Video Driver Installation

Make sure you install the drivers in the order indicated in [Table 4 - 1, on page 4 - 3](#).

1. Insert the *Device Drivers & Utilities + User’s Manual* disc and click **Install Drivers** (button).
1. Click **2.Install Video Driver > Yes**.
2. Click **Next > Next**.
3. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.



Video Card Options

Note that card types, specifications and drivers are subject to continual updates and changes. Check with your service center for the latest details on video cards supported.



Resolution Error

If you are experiencing screen resolution problems/screen flickering **after resuming from Sleep in Windows Vista** see [page 8 - 15](#).



NVIDIA Control Panel

To access the **GeForce.....** control panel from the desktop; right-click the **desktop**, then click **NVIDIA Control Panel**.



NVIDIA Control Panel

More advanced video configuration options are provided in the **NVIDIA Control Panel** tab.

1. Open the **Display Settings** (see page **1 - 18**) control panel.
2. Click **Advanced Settings** (button).
3. Click **GeForce.....** (tab).
4. Click **Start the NVIDIA Control Panel** to make any video adjustments.

OR

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Double-click **NVIDIA Control Panel** (click "**Classic View**" from the left of the menu if you are in **Control Panel Home**).

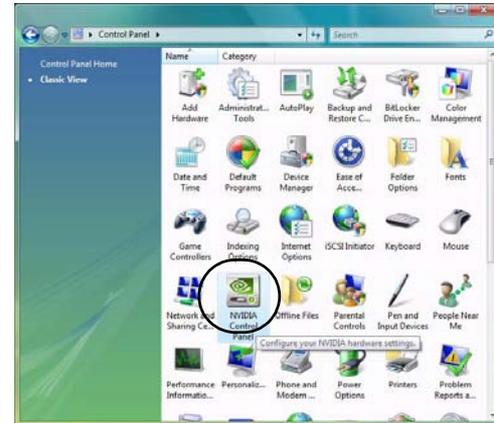


Figure B - 1

NVIDIA GeForce..... Control Panel

The **NVIDIA Control Panel** provides additional video configuration controls and tools which allow quick access to features such as display configuration, 3D Settings and Help menus etc.



Navigating the Control Panel

Navigate through the control panels in much the same way as you would a web page. Click on the sub-headed tasks in the left menu (and on the highlighted tasks in the left menu (and on the highlighted links) for information. Use the buttons on the top left to go back, forward etc.

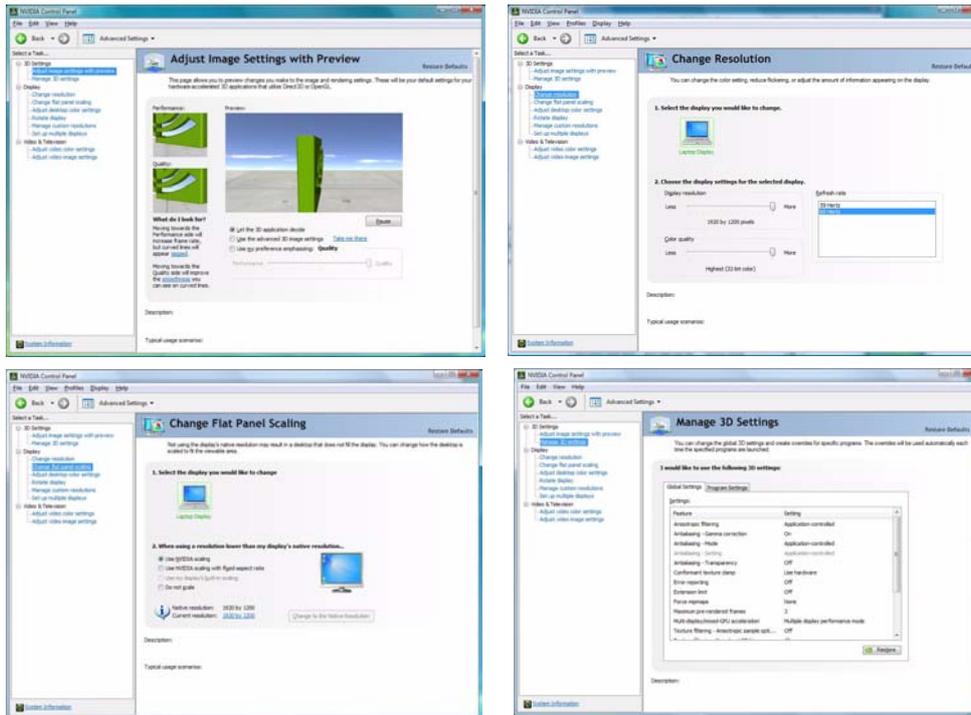
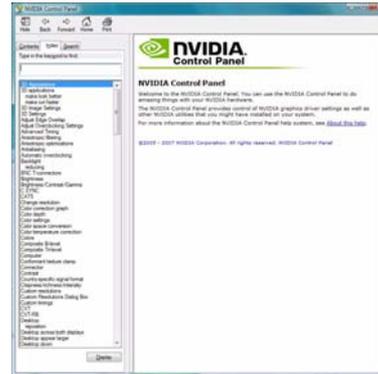


Figure B - 2
NVIDIA Control
Panels

NVIDIA Video Driver Controls

The **Help** menus provide index and search features, and direct links to the NVIDIA website etc.

Figure B - 3
Help Menus



Display Devices

Note that you can use a DVI cable connected to the DVI-Out port, or an HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) cable connected to the HDMI-Out port to connect an external display (if you are using an older type of monitor you can use a converter to convert the signal from DVI to VGA). See your display device manual to see which formats are supported.

1. The built-in LCD.
2. An external display connected to the DVI-Out Port.
3. An external display/TV (if the TV supports an HDMI connection) connected to the HDMI-Out Port.



Monitor and TV Tuner

If you are connecting both a monitor/flat panel display to the DVI-Out Port, and a cable/aerial to the optional TV Tuner module, **make sure you attach the cable/aerial to the TV Tuner first**, then the monitor.



Display Devices

Besides the built-in LCD, you can also use an external monitor/flat panel display as your display device. The display options are:

- The built-in LCD.
- An external display connected to the DVI-Out port.
- An external display connected to the HDMI-Out port.

Note that HDMI supports video and audio signals.

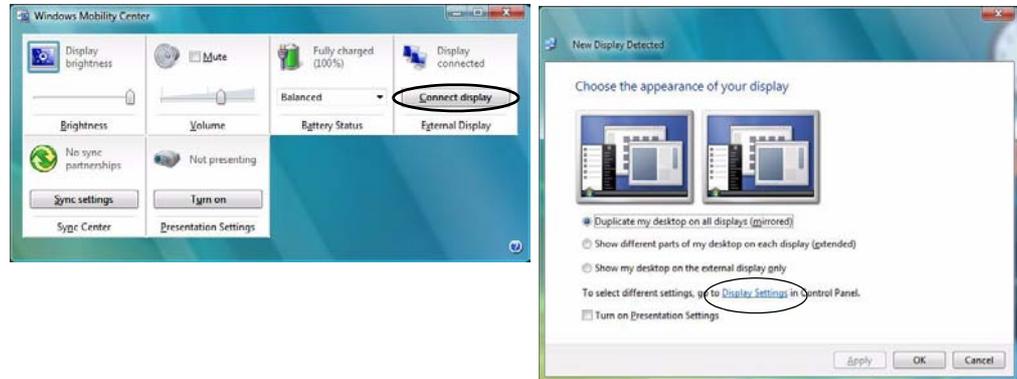
DO NOT use the **Fn + F7** key combination to toggle through display options when SLI is enabled.

Attaching Other Displays

Configuring an External Display in Windows Vista

1. Attach your external display to the DVI-Out Port or HDMI-Out port, and turn it on.
2. If a **New Display Detected** window does not appear in **Windows Vista**, go to the **Windows Mobility Center** control panel (**Mobile PC > Adjust commonly used mobility settings**) and click **Connect display**.
3. Click on any of the buttons to configure the displays to your preferences, or click **Display Settings** (in the New Display Detected window) to access the control panel.

Figure B - 4
New Display
Detected



Configuring an External Display using the NVIDIA Control Panel

Alternatively you can use the **NVIDIA control panel** to configure any attached displays.

1. Attach your external display to the DVI-Out Port or HDMI-Out port, and turn it on.
2. Go to **NVIDIA Control Panel** (see *“NVIDIA Control Panel”* on page B - 2).
3. Double-click **Display**, and then click **Set up multiple displays**.

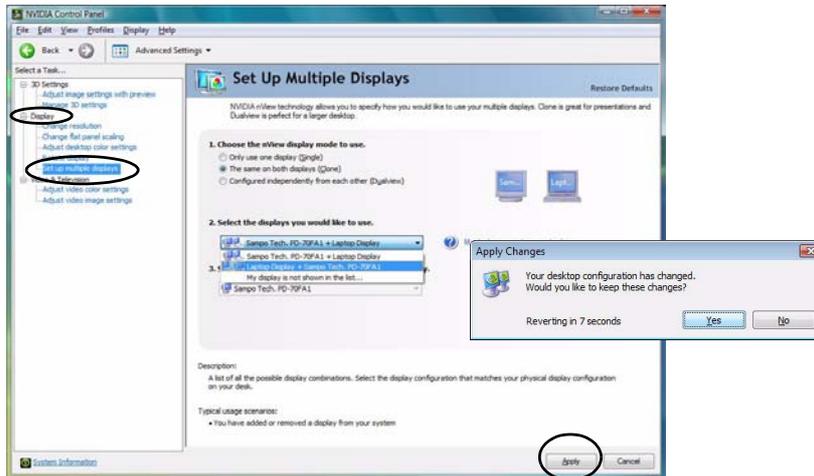


Figure B - 5
Set Up Multiple Displays

4. Click to select the nView **display mode** you wish to use (see page B - 8).
5. Select the display(s) you want to use (if your display is not shown click *“My Display is not shown in the list...”*), and choose which display is to be the primary display.
6. Click **Apply** > **Yes** to save the changes.



Playback Options

If your video card has hardware support for HDMI the **NVIDIA HDMI Output** option will be available, and should be selected as the playback option.

If the NVIDIA HDMI Output does not appear, then **Realtek Digital Output** should be selected as the playback option.

HDMI Audio Configuration

As HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) carries both **audio** and video signals you will need to configure the audio output as per the instructions below. The settings will depend upon the video card you have installed in your purchase option.

Windows Audio Setup for HDMI

1. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
2. Click **Sound** (Hardware and Sound).
3. Click **Playback** (tab), and click to select **Realtek Digital Output** or **NVIDIA HDMI Output** (see sidebar).
4. Click **Set Default** (button).
5. Click **OK** to close the **Sound** control panel.
6. You will now be able to hear audio sources when played in **Windows Media Player**.

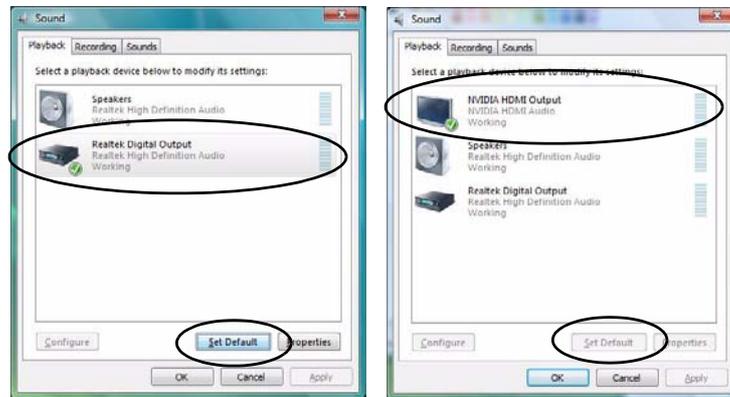


Figure B - 6
Sound Playback Options

HDMI Notes

- Connect a device with HDMI support to the HDMI-Out port **BEFORE** attempting to play audio/video sources through the device.
- If you disconnect the HDMI cable the default audio playback device will not revert to speakers until the computer is restarted (if you do not wish to restart the computer then go to the **Sound** control panel and select **Speakers** as the default audio playback device).

HDMI Video Configuration

1. Connect an HDMI cable from the HDMI-Out port to your external display.
2. Configure your external display as per the instructions in *“Configuring an External Display using the NVIDIA Control Panel” on page B - 7.*
3. Set up your external display (TV or LCD) for HDMI input (see your display device manual).
4. You can now play video/audio sources through your external display.



Other Applications

If you are using a third party application to play DVDs etc. you will need to consult the application's documentation to see the appropriate audio configuration (the application must support digital to analog translation).



HDMI Audio Support

Note that some NVIDIA video card models DO NOT support High Definition Audio through HDMI. When connecting these video cards to an external display (using an HDMI cable), it is recommended that you use a third party video application (e.g. Power DVD) that provides appropriate audio decoding to play DVDs etc. Alternatively you can output audio through an alternative source to the HDMI connection.



SLI Configuration & Multiple Displays

Note that if SLI configuration is enabled only a **Single** display may be used as the display device.

DO NOT use the **Fn + F7** key combination to toggle through display options when SLI is enabled. SLI supports only a **Single** display, and attempting to configure dual displays may cause an error. Use the NVIDIA control panel to select the display to be used.

Display Modes

Single Display Mode

Only one of your displays is used.

Clone Mode

Clone Mode simply shows an exact copy of the Primary display desktop on the other display(s). This mode will drive multiple displays with the same content.

Dualview Mode

Dualview Mode (or **Extended Mode** in *Windows Vista* - see overleaf) treats both connected displays as separate devices, and they act as a virtual desktop resulting in a large workspace. When Dualview is enabled, you can drag any icons or windows across to the other display desktop. It is therefore possible to have one program visible in one of the displays, and a different program visible in the other display.

Using New Display Detected to Enable Extended Mode

1. Attach your external display to the DVI-Out Port or HDMI-Out port, and turn it on.
2. If a **New Display Detected** window does not appear in *Windows Vista*, go to the **Windows Mobility Center** control panel (**Mobile PC > Adjust commonly used mobility settings**) and click **Connect display**.
3. Click to select **Show different parts of my desktop on each display (extended)**.
4. Click **Right** or **Left** under **Extend your desktop**.
5. Click **Apply > OK**.

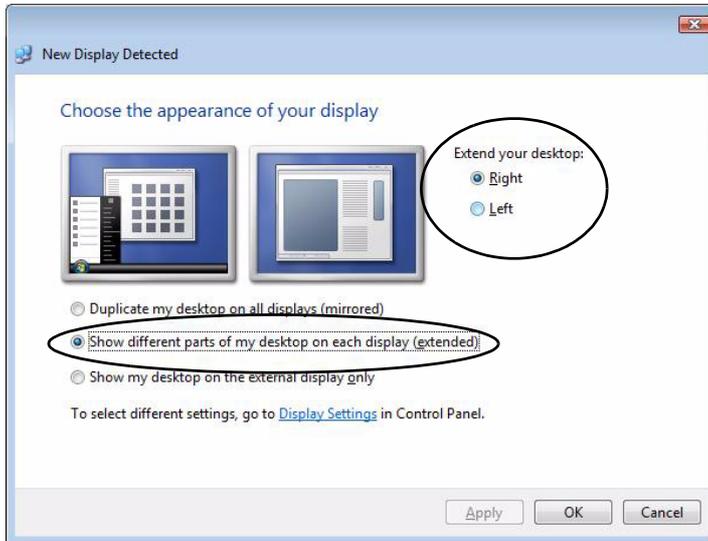


Figure B - 7
**New Display
 Detected
 (Extended)**

NVIDIA Video Driver Controls



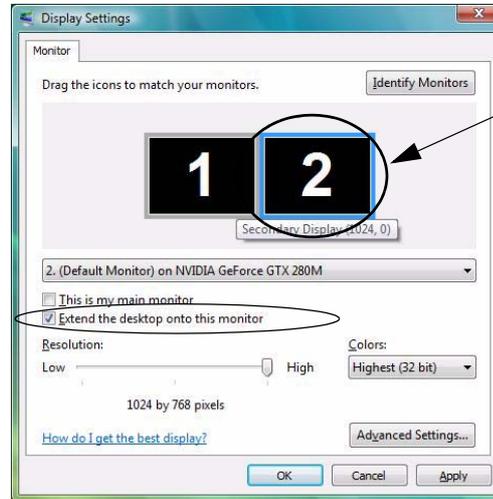
Display Settings Extended Desktop

Use the control panel to drag the monitors to match the physical arrangement you wish to use.

You can drag any icons or windows across to either display desktop, which makes it possible to have one program visible in one of the displays, and a different program visible in the other display.

Using Display Settings to Enable Extended Mode

1. Attach your external display to the DVI-Out Port or HDMI-Out port, and turn it on.
2. Click **Start**, and click **Control Panel** (or point to **Settings** and click **Control Panel**).
3. Click **Adjust screen resolution** under the **Appearance and Personalization** menu (or double-click **Personalization > Display Settings**).
4. Click the monitor icon (e.g. **2**), and make sure you have checked “**Extend the desktop onto this monitor.**” and click **Apply**.



Click the appropriate monitor icon (e.g. **2**) to be able to select the option to extend the desktop on to it.

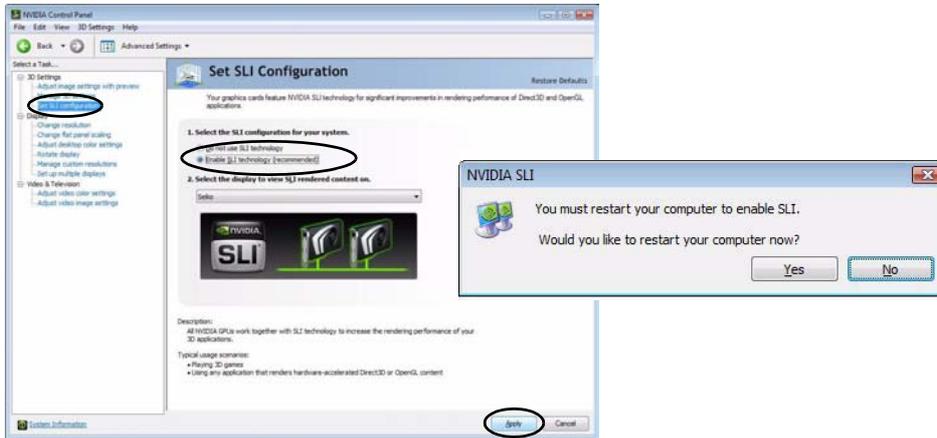
In this example the Primary monitor **1** is on the left, the secondary display **2** is on the right.

Figure B - 8
Display Settings
(Extend the Desktop)

SLI Multi GPU Configuration

This computer features an **NVIDIA Scalable Link Interface (SLI)** that improves graphic quality and performance by combining **dual NVIDIA GPUs** (two video cards are required) in a single system. To enable/disable SLI Configuration:

1. Go to **NVIDIA Control Panel** (see **“NVIDIA Control Panel” on page B - 2**).
2. Click **“+”** next to **3D Settings** if its sub-items are not shown and then click **Set SLI Configuration**.



3. Click **“Enable SLI technology (recommended)”**.
4. Click to **“Select the display to view the SLI rendered content on.”** (only a **single display** may be used).
5. Click **Apply** and **Yes** to restart the computer (see over).



SLI Configuration & Multiple Displays

Note that if SLI configuration is enabled only a **Single display** may be used as the display device.

DO NOT use the **Fn + F7** key combination to toggle through display options when SLI is enabled. SLI supports only a **Single display**, and attempting to configure dual displays may cause an error. Use the **NVIDIA** control panel to select the display to be used.

B

Figure B - 9
Set SLI Configuration

SLI Multi GPU Configuration & Battery Power

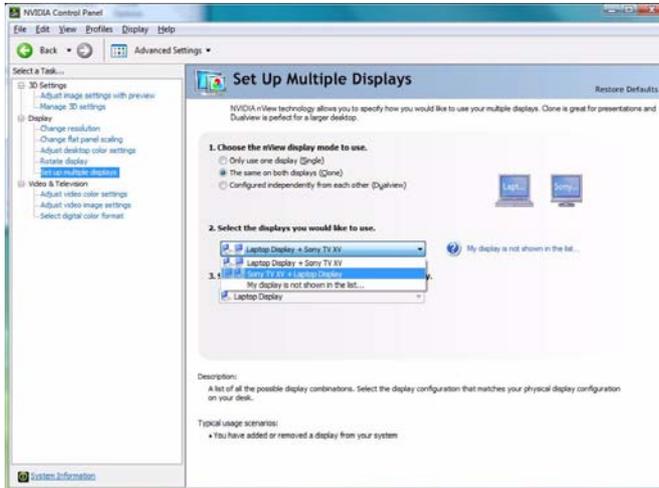
Note that due to the high power and system demands created by enabling SLI Configuration, **you should not enable SLI configuration if your computer is powered by battery only**. If you attempt to run an SLI configuration when the computer is powered by the battery only, then system problems may occur.

- If the computer is currently powered by battery only **do not enable SLI configuration**.
- If you have currently enabled SLI configuration, and the computer is powered by the AC/DC adapter, **do not switch to battery power only** (or go to the NVIDIA Control Panel and disable SLI configuration before switching to battery power only).

Enabling TV Display

To display desktop images on a TV, connect the TV to your computer by using an HDMI cable/DVI cable from the TV to the HDMI-Out port/DVI-Out port (if supported by your TV).

You will need to enable the TV display from the **NVIDIA Control Panel** as per the instructions on **B - 7**. The TV will appear as a display option (**2. Select the displays you would like to use.**) when attached to the appropriate port. **Apply** the settings, and then click **Yes** to save the changes.





Detect Displays

To get a full range of display options click "**My display is not shown in the list...**".

HDMI Audio Setup

See "**HDMI Audio Configuration**" on page **B - 8** for instructions on configuring audio for HDMI display devices.

Set up your external display (TV or LCD) for HDMI input (see your display device manual).

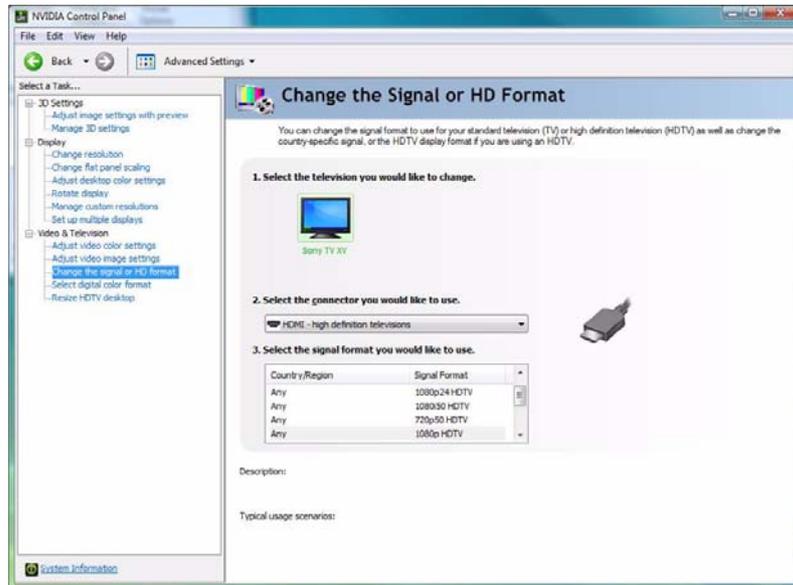
B

Figure B - 10
Set Up Multiple Displays
 (with TV connected)

Changing the TV Signal Format (Dualview Mode Only)

1. When the TV is enabled as a display device, and **Dualview** is the selected display mode, click the sub-menus under **Video & Television**.
2. Click "**Change the signal or HD format**"
3. Select the TV signal format (the menu allows you to select TV format by country if you are unsure of your TV format).
4. **Apply** the settings, and then click **Yes** to save the changes.

Figure B - 11
Change the Signal or
HD Format



Appendix C: Specifications



Latest Specification Information

The specifications listed in this Appendix are correct at the time of going to press. Certain items (particularly processor types/speeds and CD/DVD device types) may be changed, updated or delayed due to the manufacturer's release schedule. Check with your service center for details.

Specifications

Processor	Processor (Cont'd)	Memory
<p>Intel® Core™ 2 Quad Processor - (478-pin) Micro-FC-PGA Package, 45nm (45 Nanometer) Process Technology: QX93000 - 2.53 GHz, 12MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (45W) X9100 - 2.53GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (44W) Q9000 - 2.0GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (45W) Q9100 - 2.26GHz, 12MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (45W)</p>	<p>Intel® Core™ 2 Duo Processor - (478-pin) Micro-FC-PGA Package, 45nm (45 Nanometer) Process Technology: P9500 - 2.66 GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (25W) P9600 - 2.53 GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (25W) P8600 - 2.66 GHz, 3MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (25W) P8700 - 2.53 GHz, 3MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (25W)</p>	<p>Two 64-bit wide DDRIII (DDR3) data channels Two 204 Pin SO-DIMM Sockets Supporting DDRIII (DDR3) 1066MHz/1333MHz Memory Modules Memory Expandable up to 4GB</p>
<p>Intel® Core™ 2 Duo Processor - (478-pin) Micro-FC-PGA Package, 45nm (45 Nanometer) Process Technology: T9400 - 2.53 GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (35W) T9600 - 2.80 GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (35W) T9800 - 2.93 GHz, 6MB On-die L2 Cache & 1066MHz FSB (35W)</p>	<p>Core Logic</p> <p>MCP79 SLI Chipset</p> <p>Display</p> <p>18.4" Full HD (1920 * 1080) TFT LCD</p>	<p>Video Adapter</p> <p>nVIDIA® GeForce GTX 280M SLI PCIe Video Card 1GB GDDR3 Video RAM On Board Supports PCIe * 8 (SLI - 2 * PCIe * 8) Supports Microsoft DirectX® 10.0 Supports HDCP</p> <p>BIOS</p> <p>One 8Mb Flash ROM Phoenix™ BIOS</p>

Storage	Interface	Audio
<p>Up to three (Option) Changeable 2.5" 9.5 mm (h) SATA (Serial) Hard Disk Drives supporting RAID level 0/1</p> <p>One 12.7 mm Super Multi/Blu-Ray Combo/Writer SATA Optical Device Drive (Option)</p>	<p>Four USB 2.0 Ports</p> <p>One eSATA Port</p> <p>One DVI-Out Port (with CRT out)</p> <p>One HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) Port with Audio Output (with HDCP Support)</p> <p>One Headphone/Speaker-Out Jack</p> <p>One Microphone-In Jack</p> <p>One Line-In Jack</p> <p>One S/PDIF Out Jack</p> <p>One RJ-45 LAN Jack</p> <p>One Mini-IEEE1394a Port</p> <p>One DC-In Jack</p> <p>One Consumer Infrared Port for TV Tuner Remote Controller</p> <p>CATV Jack (for TV Tuner)</p>	<p>High Definition Audio3D Stereo Enhanced Sound System</p> <p>S/PDIF Digital Output</p> <p>Built-In Microphone</p> <p>5 * Built-In Speakers (2W/ 1.5W, 4Ω)</p> <p>One Sub Woofer (2W, 4Ω,)</p> <p>Dolby Surround Supported</p>
Keyboard & Pointing Device	<h3>Slots</h3> <p>One ExpressCard/34/54 Slot</p> <p>Two Mini Card Slots:</p> <p>Slot 1 for PCIe WLAN Module</p> <p>Slot 2 for USB TV Tuner Module</p>	Security
<p>Full Size Winkey Keyboard with Numeric Keypad</p> <p>Built-In TouchPad (Scroll Functionality Included)</p> <p>Eight Touch Sensor Instant Keys (Color, CCD, Bluetooth, WLAN, Internet, Silent Mode, Sound Effect, Mute)</p> <p>Eight Gaming Keys G1 ~ G8</p>		<p>Security (Kensington® Type) Lock Slot</p> <p>BIOS Password</p> <p>Fingerprint Reader Module (Factory Option)</p> <p>Trusted Platform Module V1.2 (Factory Option)</p>
Card Reader	<p>Embedded 7-in-1 Card Reader (MS/ MS Pro/ SD/ Mini SD/ MMC/ RS MMC/ MS Duo) Note: MS Duo/ Mini SD/ RS MMC Cards require a PC adapter</p>	

Specifications

Communication	Power Management	Optional
<p>Built-In Giga Base-TX Ethernet LAN Bluetooth 2.1 + EDR (Enhanced Data Rate) Module (Factory Option)</p> <p>Intel® WiFi Link 5300 Series (3*3 - 802.11a/g/n) Wireless LAN PCIe interface Mini-Card Module (Option)</p> <p>Intel® WiFi Link 5100 Series (1*2 - 802.11a/g/n) Wireless LAN PCIe interface Mini-Card Module (Option)</p> <p>3rd Party 802.11b/g Wireless LAN PCIe interface Mini-Card Module (Option)</p> <p>2.0M or 3.0M Pixel PC Camera Module with USB interface (Factory Option)</p>	<p>Supports Wake on LAN</p> <p>Supports Wake on USB</p>	<p>Super Multi Drive Module</p> <p>Blu-Ray Combo Drive Module</p> <p>Intel® WiFi Link 5300/5100 Series (3*3/1*2 - 802.11a/g/n) Wireless LAN PCIe Interface Mini-Card Module</p> <p>3rd Party 802.11b/g Wireless LAN PCIe Interface Mini-Card Module</p> <p>Bluetooth 2.1 + EDR (Enhanced Data Rate) Module (Factory Option)</p> <p>2.0M or 3.0M Pixel USB 2.0 PC Camera Module (Factory Option)</p> <p>Fingerprint Reader Module (Factory Option)</p> <p>Mini-Card TV Tuner Module with USB Interface (Factory Option)</p>
Operating System	Power	
<p>Windows Vista Home Premium/ Business/ Enterprise/ Ultimate</p> <p>Note that the TV Tuner module (factory) option in Windows Vista is supported by the Windows Media Center software which comes built-in to the Windows Vista Home Premium and Ultimate Editions only.</p>	<p>Full Range AC/DC Adapter – AC in 100 - 240V, 50 - 60Hz DC Output 19V, 11.6A or 19V, 12.2A (220 Watts)</p> <p>Easy Changeable Polima Smart Lithium-Ion 4650mAH Main Battery</p>	
	Physical Dimensions & Weight	
	<p>439mm (w) * 299mm (d) * 44mm (h)</p> <p>Around 4.9kg with Battery and ODD</p>	
	Environmental Spec	
	<p>Temperature</p> <p>Operating: 5°C - 35°C</p> <p>Non-Operating: -20°C - 60°C</p> <p>Relative Humidity</p> <p>Operating: 20% - 80%</p> <p>Non-Operating: 10% - 90%</p>	